

IMPORTANT NOTICE

NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION TO ANY PERSON OR ADDRESS IN THE UNITED STATES OR, IN RESPECT OF ANY OFFERING OF NOTES UNDER CATEGORY 2 OF REGULATION S OF THE SECURITIES ACT, TO ANY U.S. PERSON.

IMPORTANT: You must read the following before continuing. The following applies to the information memorandum following this page, and you are therefore advised to read this carefully before reading, accessing or making any other use of the information memorandum. In accessing the information memorandum, you agree to be bound by the following terms and conditions, including any modifications to them any time you receive any information from us as a result of such access.

NOTHING IN THIS ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION CONSTITUTES AN OFFER OF NOTES FOR SALE IN THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION WHERE IT IS UNLAWFUL TO DO SO. THE NOTES HAVE NOT BEEN, AND WILL NOT BE, REGISTERED UNDER THE U.S. SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE OF THE UNITED STATES OR OTHER JURISDICTION AND THE NOTES MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OR, IN RESPECT OF ANY OFFERING OF NOTES UNDER CATEGORY 2 OF REGULATION S OF THE SECURITIES ACT, TO, OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF, U.S. PERSONS (AS DEFINED IN REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT), EXCEPT TO PERSONS IN OFFSHORE TRANSACTIONS IN RELIANCE ON REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MEMORANDUM MAY NOT BE FORWARDED OR DISTRIBUTED TO ANY OTHER PERSON AND MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER, AND IN PARTICULAR, MAY NOT BE FORWARDED TO ANY U.S. ADDRESS OR, IN RESPECT OF ANY OFFERING OF NOTES UNDER CATEGORY 2 OF REGULATION S OF THE SECURITIES ACT, TO ANY U.S. PERSON. ANY FORWARDING, DISTRIBUTION OR REPRODUCTION OF THIS DOCUMENT IN WHOLE OR IN PART IS UNAUTHORISED. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS DIRECTIVE MAY RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE APPLICABLE LAWS OF OTHER JURISDICTIONS. **IF YOU HAVE GAINED ACCESS TO THIS TRANSMISSION CONTRARY TO ANY OF THE FOREGOING RESTRICTIONS, YOU ARE NOT AUTHORISED AND WILL NOT BE ABLE TO PURCHASE ANY OF THE NOTES DESCRIBED IN THE ATTACHED DOCUMENT.**

Confirmation of your Representation: In respect of any offering of notes under Category 2 of Regulation S of the Securities Act, in order to be eligible to view this information memorandum or make an investment decision with respect to the notes, investors must not be U.S. persons (within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act). This information memorandum is being sent at your request and by accepting the e-mail and accessing this information memorandum, you shall be deemed to have represented to us that (1) the electronic mail address that you gave us and to which this e-mail has been delivered or being accessed is not located in the United States, and, in respect of any offering of notes under Category 2 of Regulation S of the Securities Act, you are not a U.S. person nor are you acting on behalf of a U.S. person and, to the extent you purchase the notes described in the attached document, you will be doing so pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act and (2) you consent to delivery of such information memorandum and any amendments and supplements thereto by electronic transmission. By accepting this information memorandum, if you are an investor in Singapore, you: (A) represent and warrant that you are either an institutional investor (as defined under Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the “SFA”)) pursuant to Section 274 of the SFA, a relevant person (as defined under Section 275(2) of the SFA) pursuant to Section 275(1) of the SFA, or a person pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA and (where applicable) Regulation 3 of the Securities and Futures (Classes of Investors) Regulations 2018 of Singapore; and (B) agree to be bound by the limitations and restrictions described herein. Any reference to any term as defined in the SFA or any provision in the SFA is a reference to that term or provision as modified or amended from time to time including by such of its subsidiary legislation as may be applicable at the relevant time.

You are reminded that this information memorandum has been delivered to you on the basis that you are a person into whose possession the attached information memorandum may be lawfully delivered in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction in which you are located and you may not, nor are you authorised to, deliver the attached information memorandum to any other person.

The materials relating to the offering do not constitute, and may not be used in connection with, an offer or solicitation in any place where offers or solicitations are not permitted by law. If a jurisdiction requires that the offering be made by a licensed broker or dealer and any of the underwriters or any affiliate of the underwriters is a licensed broker or dealer in that jurisdiction, the offering shall be deemed to be made by such underwriter or such affiliate on behalf of CMT MTN Pte. Ltd. in such jurisdiction.

The following information memorandum has been sent to you in an electronic form. You are reminded that documents transmitted via this medium may be altered or changed during the process of electronic transmission and consequently none of CMT MTN Pte. Ltd., HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (in its capacity as trustee of CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust), Standard Chartered Bank or any other dealers appointed by CMT MTN Pte. Ltd. or any person who controls any of them or any director, officer, employee or agent of any of them or affiliate of any of them accepts any liability or responsibility whatsoever in respect of any difference between the information memorandum distributed to you in electronic format and the hard copy version available to you on request from CMT MTN Pte. Ltd., Standard Chartered Bank or any other dealers appointed by CMT MTN Pte. Ltd.

Your use of this e-mail is at your own risk and it is your responsibility to take precautions to ensure that it is free from viruses and other items of a destructive nature.

Actions that you may not take: If you receive this document by e-mail, you should not reply by e-mail, and you may not purchase any securities by doing so. Any reply e-mail communications, including those you generate by using the “Reply” function on your e-mail software, will be ignored or rejected.



CMT MTN PTE. LTD.

Company Registration Number: 200701276D
(incorporated in Singapore with limited liability)

S\$7,000,000,000

**Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme unconditionally and irrevocably
guaranteed by HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited
(in its capacity as trustee of CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust)
(formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust)**

On 16 April 2007, CMT MTN Pte. Ltd. (the "Issuer") established a Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme (the "MTN Programme", as amended, supplemented or restated) with an original programme limit of S\$1,000,000,000 and prepared an Information Memorandum dated 16 April 2007. Subsequently, on 29 December 2009, 20 March 2017 and on 16 November 2020, the size of the MTN Programme was increased to S\$2,500,000,000, S\$3,500,000,000 and S\$7,000,000,000 in accordance with the terms of the MTN Programme, respectively. This Information Memorandum updates the previous MTN Programme and supersedes any previous Information Memorandums describing the MTN Programme. Any Notes (as defined below) issued under the MTN Programme on or after the date of this Information Memorandum are issued subject to the provisions described herein. This does not affect any Notes issued before the date of this Information Memorandum.

This Information Memorandum has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore (the "MAS"). Accordingly, this Information Memorandum and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of notes (the "Notes") to be issued from time to time by the Issuer pursuant to the MTN Programme may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the Notes be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor (as defined in Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289) of Singapore, as modified or amended from time to time (the "SFA")) pursuant to Section 274 of the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA) pursuant to Section 275(1) of the SFA, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA, or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA. Where the Notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

securities or securities-based derivatives contracts (each term as defined in Section 2(1) of the SFA) of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the Notes pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 of the SFA except:

- (1) to an institutional investor or to a relevant person, or to any person arising from an offer referred to in Section 275(1A) or Section 276(4)(i)(B) of the SFA;
- (2) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer;
- (3) where the transfer is by operation of law;
- (4) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA; or
- (5) as specified in Regulation 37A of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Securities and Securities-based Derivatives Contracts) Regulations 2018 of Singapore.

All sums payable in respect of the Notes are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (in its capacity as trustee of CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust ("CICT") (formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust)) (the "Guarantor" or the "CICT Trustee").

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") for permission to deal in and the quotation for any Notes which are agreed at the time of issue thereof to be so listed on the SGX-ST. Such permission will be granted when such Notes have been admitted to the Official List of the SGX-ST. The SGX-ST assumes no responsibility for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed or reports contained herein. Admission to the Official List of the SGX-ST and quotation of any Notes on the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, their respective subsidiaries (if any), their respective associated companies (if any), the MTN Programme or such Notes.

Potential investors should pay attention to the risk factors and considerations set out in the section "Risk Factors".

THE NOTES HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT (AS DEFINED HEREIN) OR WITH ANY SECURITIES REGULATORY AUTHORITY OF ANY STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR DELIVERED WITHIN THE UNITED STATES (OR, IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, TO, OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF, U.S. PERSONS) EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. ACCORDINGLY, THE NOTES ARE BEING OFFERED AND SOLD ONLY IN OFFSHORE TRANSACTIONS AS DEFINED IN AND IN RELIANCE ON REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT ("REGULATION S").

Arranger



NOTICE

Standard Chartered Bank (the “**Arranger**”) has been authorised by the Issuer to arrange the MTN Programme described herein. Under the MTN Programme, the Issuer may, subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, from time to time issue Notes denominated in Singapore Dollars, US Dollars or any other currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealers(s) (as defined herein). The payment of all amounts payable in respect of the Notes issued by the Issuer will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor.

This Information Memorandum contains information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager (as defined herein), the CICT Property Manager (as defined herein), the CCT Property Manager (as defined herein), their respective subsidiaries (if any), the Notes and the Guarantee. The Issuer, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirms that this Information Memorandum contains all information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, the CICT Property Manager, the CCT Property Manager and their respective subsidiaries (if any) which is material in the context of the MTN Programme, the issue and offering of the Notes and the giving of the Guarantee, that the information contained herein is true and accurate in all material respects, that the opinions, expectations and intentions expressed in this Information Memorandum have been carefully considered, and that there are no other facts the omission of which in the context of the MTN Programme, the issue and offering of the Notes and the giving of the Guarantee would or might make any such information or expressions of opinion, expectation or intention misleading in any material respect. The Guarantor, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirms that this Information Memorandum constitutes true and accurate disclosure of all material facts about CICT, the CICT Manager, itself and the assets of CICT and there are no other facts the omission of which in the context of the MTN Programme, the issue and offering of the Notes and the giving of the Guarantee would or might make any such information misleading in any material respect.

Notes may be issued in Series (as defined herein) having one or more issue dates and the same maturity date, and on identical terms (including as to listing) except (in the case of Notes other than variable rate notes (as described under “*General Description of the MTN Programme*”)) for the issue dates, issue prices and/or the dates of the first payment of interest, or (in the case of variable rate notes) for the issue prices and rates of interest. Each Series may be issued in one or more Tranches (as defined herein) on the same or different issue dates. The Notes will be issued in bearer form and may be listed on a stock exchange. The Notes will initially be represented by either a Temporary Global Note (as defined herein) or a Permanent Global Note (as defined herein) which will be deposited on the issue date with either CDP (as defined herein) or a common depositary on behalf of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (both as defined herein) or as otherwise delivered as agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer. Subject to compliance with all the relevant laws, regulations and directives, the Notes may have maturities of such tenor as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer and may be subject to redemption in whole or in part. The Notes will bear interest at fixed, floating or variable rates or may not bear interest. The Notes will be repayable at par, at a specified amount above or below par or at an amount determined by reference to a formula, in each case with terms as specified in the Pricing Supplement (as defined herein) issued in relation to each Series or Tranche of Notes. Details applicable to each Series or Tranche of Notes will be specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement which is to be read in conjunction with this Information Memorandum.

The maximum aggregate principal amount of the Notes to be issued, when added to the aggregate principal amount of all Notes outstanding (as defined in the Trust Deed referred to herein), shall be S\$7,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) or such higher amount as may be agreed between the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Arranger.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Information Memorandum in connection with the MTN Programme and the issue, offering or sale of the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, the Arranger or any of the Dealers. The delivery or dissemination of this Information Memorandum at any time after the date of this Information Memorandum does not imply that the information contained in this Information Memorandum or any part of this Information Memorandum is correct at any time after such date. Save as expressly stated in this Information Memorandum, nothing contained herein is, or may be relied upon as, a promise or representation as to the future performance or policies of the Issuer, CICT, any of their respective subsidiaries, associated companies or other entities to which they are related (such subsidiaries, associated companies and other entities collectively, the “**Related Entities**”) (if any), the Arranger or any of the Dealers.

This Information Memorandum or any document or information (or any part thereof) delivered or supplied under or in relation to the MTN Programme and the issue of the Notes may not be used for the purpose of, and does not constitute an offer of, or solicitation or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, the Arranger or any of the Dealers to subscribe for or purchase the Notes in any jurisdiction or under any circumstances in which such offer, solicitation or invitation is unlawful, or not authorised, or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or invitation. The distribution and publication of this Information Memorandum or any such other document or information and the offer of the Notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons who distribute or publish this Information Memorandum or any such other document or information or into whose possession this Information Memorandum or any such other document or information comes are required to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions and all applicable laws, orders, rules and regulations.

This Information Memorandum and any other documents or materials in relation to the issue, offering or sale of the Notes have been prepared solely for the purpose of the initial sale by the relevant Dealers of the Notes from time to time to be issued pursuant to the MTN Programme. This Information Memorandum and such other documents or materials are made available to the recipients thereof solely on the basis that they are persons falling within the ambit of Section 274 and/or Section 275 of the SFA and may not be relied upon by any person other than persons to whom the Notes are sold or with whom they are placed by the relevant Dealers as aforesaid or for any other purpose. The distribution of this Information Memorandum and the offering of the Notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this Information Memorandum comes are required by the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, the Arranger and the Dealers to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions. For a description of certain further restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes, and distribution of this Information Memorandum, refer to the section titled “*Subscription, Purchase and Distribution*” appearing elsewhere in this Information Memorandum. Recipients of this Information Memorandum shall not reissue, circulate or distribute this Information Memorandum or any part thereof in any manner whatsoever.

Neither the delivery of this Information Memorandum (or any part thereof) nor the issue, offering, purchase or sale of the Notes shall, under any circumstances, constitute a representation or create any suggestion or implication that there has been no change in the prospects, results of operations or general affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, or any of their respective Related Entities (if any) or any statement of fact or the information contained in this Information Memorandum since the date hereof or the date on which this Information Memorandum has been most recently amended or supplemented.

The Arranger and the Dealers have not separately verified the information contained in this Information Memorandum. None of the Arranger, the Dealers or any of their respective officers, employees or agents is making any representation, warranty or undertaking expressed or implied as to the merits of the Notes or the subscription for, purchase or acquisition thereof, the creditworthiness or financial condition or otherwise of any of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, or their Related Entities (if any). Further, neither the Arranger nor any of the Dealers makes any representation or warranty as to the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, their Related Entities (if any) or as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of the information set out herein (including the legal and regulatory requirements pertaining to Sections 274, 275 and 276 or any other provisions of the SFA) and the documents which are incorporated by reference in, and form part of, this Information Memorandum.

Neither this Information Memorandum nor any other document or information (or any part thereof) delivered or supplied under or in connection with the MTN Programme or the issue of the Notes is intended to provide the basis for any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered as a recommendation by the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, the Arranger, any of the Dealers, or their respective Related Entities (if any) that any recipient of this Information Memorandum or such other document or information (or such part thereof) should purchase or subscribe for any of the Notes. A prospective purchaser and/or subscriber shall make its own assessment of the foregoing, and other relevant matters including the business, condition (financial or otherwise), prospects, results of operations, general affairs and the creditworthiness of the Issuer, CICT and their respective Related Entities (if any), and obtain its own independent legal or other advice thereon, and its investment shall be deemed to be based on its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs and its appraisal of the creditworthiness of the Issuer and CICT. To the fullest extent permitted by law, neither the Arranger nor any of the Dealers accept any responsibility for the contents of this Information Memorandum or for any other statement, made or purported to be made by the Arranger or any of the Dealers or on its behalf in connection with the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, or their respective Related Entities (if any) or the issue and offering of the Notes. The Arranger and each Dealer accordingly disclaims all and any liability whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise (save as referred to above) which it might otherwise have in respect of this Information Memorandum or any such statement. None of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, the Arranger nor any of the Dealers nor any of their respective officers, employees or agents shall be held responsible or liable for any loss or damage suffered or incurred by the recipients of this Information Memorandum or such other document or information (or such part thereof) as a result of or arising from anything expressly or implicitly contained in or referred to in this Information Memorandum or such other document or information (or such part thereof) and the same shall not constitute a ground for rescission of any purchase or acquisition of the Notes by a recipient of this Information Memorandum or such other document or information (or such part thereof).

Any purchase or acquisition of the Notes is in all respects conditional on the satisfaction of certain conditions set out in the Programme Agreement (as defined herein) and the issue of the Notes by the Issuer pursuant to the Programme Agreement. Any offer, invitation to offer or agreement made in connection with the purchase or acquisition of the Notes or pursuant to this Information Memorandum shall (without any liability or responsibility on the part of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, the Arranger or any of the Dealers) lapse and cease to have any effect if (by termination of the Programme Agreement or for any other reason whatsoever) the Notes are not issued by the Issuer pursuant to the Programme Agreement.

The Notes and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or with any securities regulatory authority of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States and the Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and restrictions. Subject to certain exceptions, the Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (as defined in the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and regulations thereunder).

Neither this Information Memorandum nor any other documents or information (or any part thereof) delivered or supplied under or in relation to the MTN Programme shall be deemed to constitute an offer of or an invitation by or on behalf of any of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, the Arranger or any of the Dealers to subscribe for or purchase any of the Notes.

IMPORTANT – EEA AND UK RETAIL INVESTORS – If the Pricing Supplement in respect of any Notes includes a legend entitled “Prohibition of Sales to EEA and UK Retail Investors”, the Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (“**EEA**”) or in the United Kingdom (the “**UK**”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”); or (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 (the “**Insurance Distribution Directive**”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the “**Prospectus Regulation**”). Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the “**PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA or in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA or in the UK may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.

MiFID II product governance/target market – The Pricing Supplement in respect of any Notes may include a legend entitled “MiFID II Product Governance” which will outline the target market assessment in respect of the Notes and which channels for distribution of the Notes are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the such target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to **MiFID II** is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

A determination will be made in relation to each issue about whether, for the purpose of the MiFID Product Governance rules under EU Delegated Directive 2017/593 (the “**MiFID Product Governance Rules**”), any Dealer subscribing for any Notes is a manufacturer in respect of such Notes, but otherwise neither the Arranger nor the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates will be a manufacturer for the purpose of the MIFID Product Governance Rules.

Section 309B(1)(c) Notification – Unless otherwise stated in the Pricing Supplement in respect of any Notes, all Notes issued or to be issued under the Programme shall be prescribed capital markets products (as defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018 of Singapore) and Excluded Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products).

The following documents published or issued from time to time after the date hereof shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference in, and to form part of, this Information Memorandum: (1) the audited consolidated financial statements in respect of the CMT Group (as defined herein) for the year ended 31 December 2019, (2) any published audited (consolidated in the case of CICT) accounts of the Issuer, CICT and their respective subsidiaries (if any), (3) any published interim financial statements (if any) (whether audited or unaudited) in respect of CICT and its subsidiaries and (4) any supplement or amendment to this Information Memorandum issued by the Issuer. This Information Memorandum is to be read in conjunction with all such documents which are incorporated by reference herein and, with respect to any Series or Tranche of Notes, any Pricing Supplement in respect of such Series or Tranche. Any statement contained in this Information Memorandum or in a document deemed to be incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for the purpose of this Information Memorandum to the

extent that a statement contained in this Information Memorandum or in such subsequent document that is also deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such earlier statement (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise). Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this Information Memorandum. Copies of the documents listed in (1), (2) and (3) above which are deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Information Memorandum may be obtained at the SGX-ST's website at www.sgx.com.

Copies of all documents deemed incorporated by reference herein are available for inspection at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent (as defined herein).

Any published unaudited interim financial statements in respect of CICT and its subsidiaries which are, from time to time, deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Information Memorandum will not have been audited or subject to review by the auditors in respect of CICT and its subsidiaries, as the case may be. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that, had an audit or review been conducted in respect of such financial statements, the information presented therein would not have been materially different, and investors should not place undue reliance upon them (see “*Risk Factors*”).

Moody's (as defined herein), S&P (as defined herein) and/or the other rating agencies (as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement) have had no role in relation to the preparation of any information or offering document. A rating is not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell a security, in as much as it does not comment as to the market price or suitability of a particular investor.

Any discrepancies in the tables included herein between the listed amounts and totals thereof are due to rounding.

Any person(s) who is invited to purchase or subscribe for the Notes or to whom this Information Memorandum is sent shall not make any offer or sale, directly or indirectly, of any Notes or distribute or cause to be distributed any document or other material in connection therewith in any country or jurisdiction except in such manner and in such circumstances as will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations.

It is recommended that persons proposing to subscribe for or purchase any of the Notes consult their own legal and other advisers before purchasing or acquiring the Notes.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

All statements contained in this Information Memorandum that are not statements of historical fact constitute “forward-looking statements”. Some of these statements can be identified by forward-looking terms such as “expect”, “believe”, “plan”, “intend”, “estimate”, “anticipate”, “may”, “will”, “would” and “could” or similar words. However, these words are not the exclusive means of identifying forward-looking statements. All statements regarding the expected financial position, business strategy, plans and prospects of the Issuer and/or CICT (including the financial forecasts, profit projections, statements as to the expansion plans of the Issuer and/or CICT, expected growth in the Issuer or CICT and other related matters), if any, are forward-looking statements and, accordingly, are only predictions. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Issuer and/or CICT to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors are discussed in greater detail under the section “*Risk Factors*”.

Given the risks and uncertainties that may cause the actual future results, performance or achievements of the Issuer or CICT to be materially different from the results, performance or achievements expected, expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements in this Information Memorandum, undue reliance must not be placed on those forecasts, projections and statements. None of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager, the Arranger or any of the Dealers represents nor warrants that the actual future results, performance or achievements of the Issuer or CICT will be as discussed in those statements. Neither the delivery of this Information Memorandum (or any part thereof) nor the issue, offering, purchase or sale of any Notes shall, under any circumstances, constitute a continuing representation or create any suggestion or implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT, the CICT Manager or any statement of fact or information contained in this Information Memorandum since the date of this Information Memorandum or the date on which this Information Memorandum has been most recently amended or supplemented.

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GLOSSARY OF TERMS

“AEIs” means asset enhancement initiatives;

“Agency Agreement” means the agency agreement originally dated 16 April 2007, between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) the Issuing and Paying Agent, as issuing and paying agent, (4) the Agent Bank, as agent bank, and (5) the Trustee, as trustee, as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time;

“Agent Bank” means DBS Bank Ltd.;

“Arranger” means Standard Chartered Bank;

“BMT” means Brilliance Mall Trust;

“Bukit Panjang” means strata lots U28760L, U28761C, U28762M, U28763W, U28764V, U28765P, U28766T, U28767A, U28768K, U28769N, U28770A, U28771K, U28772N, U28773X, U28774L, U28775C, U28776M, U28777W, U28778V, U28779P, U28780W, U28781V, U28782P, U28783T, U28784A, U28785K, U28786N, U28787X, U28788L, U28789C, U28790X, U28791L, U28792C, U28793M, U28794W, U28795V, U28796P, U28797T, U28798A, U28799K, U28800X, U28801L, U28802C, U28803M, U28804W, U28805V, U28807T, U28808A, U28809K, U28810T, U28811A, U28812K, U28813N, U28814X, U28815L, U28816C, U28817M, U28818W, U28819V, U28820M, U28821W, U28822V, U28823P, U28824T, U28825A, U28826K, U28827N, U28828X, U28829L, U28830N, U28831X, U28832L, U28833C, U28834M, U28835W, U28836V, U28837P, U28838T, U28839A, U28840P, U28841T, U28842A, U28843K, U28844N, U28845X, U28846L, U28847C, U28848M, U28849W and U28850C of Mukim 14, comprising a leasehold estate for the unexpired portion of a leasehold term of 99 years commencing from 1 December 1994 and the expression **“Bukit Panjang”** shall, where the context permits, include references to any part of Bukit Panjang Plaza and shall exclude any part of Bukit Panjang Plaza which has been sold;

“Business Day” means:

- (a) (in the context of Notes denominated in Singapore Dollars) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which commercial banks are open for business in Singapore;
- (b) (in the context of Notes denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars and Euro) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which commercial banks are open for business in Singapore and the principal financial centre for that currency; and
- (c) (in the context of Notes denominated in Euro), a day on which the TARGET System is open for settlement of payments in Euro;

“CBD” means the Singapore central business district;

“CCT” means CapitaLand Commercial Trust;

“CCT Group” means CCT and its subsidiaries;

“CCT Property Manager” means CapitaLand Commercial Management Pte. Ltd.;

“CCT Trust Deed” means the deed of trust constituting CCT dated 6 February 2004, as may be amended, restated, varied or supplemented from time to time;

“CCT Trustee” means HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited acting in its capacity as trustee of CCT, or any other person that replaces HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited as trustee of CCT under the CCT Trust Deed;

“CCT Portfolio” means Asia Square Tower 2, CapitaGreen, Capital Tower, One George Street (50.0% interest), Six Battery Road, 21 Collyer Quay, CapitaSpring (45.0% interest), RCS (60.0% interest), Gallileo, Germany (94.9% interest), and Main Airport Center, Germany (94.9% interest), being properties of CICT held through CCT;

“CDP” or **“Depository”** means The Central Depository (Pte) Limited;

“CICT” means CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust (formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust);

“CICT Board” means the Board of Directors of the CICT Manager;

“CICT Manager” means CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust Management Limited (formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust Management Limited), in its capacity as manager of CICT;

“CICT Property Manager” means CapitaLand Retail Management Pte Ltd, in its capacity as property manager of CICT;

“CICT Trust Deed” means the deed of trust dated 29 October 2001 constituting CICT (formerly known as CMT), as may be amended, restated, varied or supplemented from time to time;

“CICT Trustee” means HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited acting in its capacity as trustee of CICT, or any other person that replaces HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited as trustee of CICT under the CICT Trust Deed;

“CIS Code” means the Code on Collective Investment Schemes issued by the MAS on 23 May 2002 pursuant to Section 321 of the SFA, as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time;

“CL” means CapitaLand Limited;

“Clearstream, Luxembourg” means Clearstream Banking S.A. and includes a reference to its successors and permitted assigns;

“CMT” means CapitaLand Mall Trust;

“CMT Group” means prior to the Merger, CMT and its subsidiaries;

“CMT MTN” or the **“Issuer”** means CMT MTN Pte. Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of CICT;

“CMT Portfolio” means Tampines Mall, Junction 8, IMM Building (**“IMM”**), Bugis Junction, JCube, Bugis+, Lot One Shoppers' Mall, Bukit Panjang Plaza (90 out of 91 strata lots), Clarke Quay, Westgate (100% interest held through IMT), Bedok Mall (100% interest held through BMT), Plaza Singapura, The Atrium @ Orchard, RCS (40.0% interest) and Funan, being properties of CICT held as CMT (as it was then known prior to the Merger);

“CMT Units” means prior to the Merger, all the issued and paid-up units of CMT;

“Companies Act” means the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore;

“Conditions” means, in relation to the Notes of any Series, the terms and conditions of the Notes of any Series, which shall be as modified, with respect to any Notes represented by a Global Note, by the provisions of such Global Note, and which shall incorporate any additional provisions forming part of such terms and conditions set out in the Pricing Supplement relating to the Notes of such Series and shall be endorsed on the Definitive Notes, and any reference to a particularly numbered Condition shall be construed with reference to an equivalent or similar condition of any other Series of Notes;

“Couponholders” means holders of the Coupons;

“Coupons” means the interest coupons (if any) appertaining to the Definitive Notes or, as the context may require, a specific number thereof and includes any replacement Coupon or Coupons issued pursuant to Condition 12;

“Covid-19” means the 2019 coronavirus disease, an infectious disease caused by the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2;

“CRCT” means CapitaLand Retail China Trust;

“Dealer” means the dealer for the time being under the Programme Agreement;

“Deed of Covenant” means the deed of covenant dated 16 April 2007, as supplemented by the supplemental deed of covenant dated 16 November 2020 executed by the Issuer by way of deed poll in relation to the Notes (which are represented by Global Notes and which are deposited with the Depository), and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time;

“Definitive Note” means a definitive Note in bearer form and having, where appropriate, Coupons attached on issue;

“Deposited Property” means the total assets of the Group, including all its authorised investments for the time being held or deemed to be held upon the trusts under the CICT Trust Deed;

“Depositor” has the meaning ascribed to it in the CICT Trust Deed;

“Depository Services Agreement” means the master depository services agreement dated 16 April 2007, as supplemented by the supplemental master depository services agreement dated 16 November 2020, each made between (1) the Issuer and (2) CDP, and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time;

“DPU” means Distribution per Unit;

“Euro” or **“€”** means the currency of the member states of the European Union that adopt the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended from time to time;

“Euroclear” means Euroclear Bank SA/NV, and includes a reference to its successors and permitted assigns;

“Event of Default” means any of the conditions, events or acts provided in Condition 9 to be an event of default;

“Extraordinary Resolution” means:

- (a) a resolution passed at a meeting of the Noteholders duly convened and held in accordance with the Trust Deed by a majority consisting of not less than three-fourths of the persons voting thereat upon a show of hands or if a poll is duly demanded by a majority consisting of not less than three-fourths of the votes cast on such poll; or
- (b) a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of 90.00% of all the Noteholders, which resolution in writing may be contained in one document or in several documents in like form each signed by or on behalf of one or more of the Noteholders;

“Fitch” means Fitch Inc.;

“Funan” means Funan integrated development located at 109 North Bridge Road;

“FY” means the financial year ended or ending (as the case may be) on 31 December;

“Global Note” means a Global Note representing Notes of one or more Tranches of the same Series, being a Temporary Global Note and/or, as the context may require, a Permanent Global Note, in each case without Coupons;

“Group” means CICT and its subsidiaries;

“Guarantee” means the guarantee and indemnity of the Guarantor set out in Clause 7 (*Guarantee and Indemnity*) of the Trust Deed;

“HK\$” means the lawful currency of Hong Kong;

“IMT” means Infinity Mall Trust;

“Integrated Developments” means CapitaSpring, Funan, RCS (100.00% interest held through RCS Trust), Plaza Singapura and The Atrium @ Orchard;

“Interest Commencement Date” means the issue date or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date on the face of a Note;

“Interest Determination Date” means, in respect of any Interest Period, that number of business days prior thereto as is set out in the applicable Pricing Supplement or on the face of the relevant Note;

“Interest Payment Date” means the date on which interest will be payable in arrear in respect of a Note;

“Interest Period” means the period beginning on and including the Interest Commencement Date and ending on but excluding the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period beginning on and including an Interest Payment Date and ending on but excluding the next succeeding Interest Payment Date;

“IRAS” means Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore;

“Issuing and Paying Agent” means DBS Bank Ltd. or such other or further institutions at such offices as may from time to time be appointed by the Issuer and the Guarantor as issuing and paying agent for any such Notes and Coupons and whose appointment shall be approved by the Trustee and notified to the Noteholders;

"ITA" means the Income Tax Act, Chapter 134 of Singapore, as amended or modified from time to time;

"Latest Practicable Date" means 5 November 2020;

"Listing Manual" means the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST, as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time;

"Lot One" means the whole of Lot 1707L Mukim 11, comprising the leasehold estate for the unexpired portion of a leasehold term of 99 years commencing from 1 December 1993, held under Certificate of Title Volume 413 Folio 7;

"LTM June 2020" means the last 12 months ended 30 June 2020;

"MAS" means Monetary Authority of Singapore;

"Merger" means the merger of CMT and CCT;

"Moody's" means Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

"MTI" means Ministry of Trade and Industry of Singapore;

"Noteholder" has the meaning ascribed to it in the Conditions;

"Notes" means the notes of the Issuer issued and to be issued pursuant to the Programme Agreement and constituted by the Trust Deed (and shall, where the context so admits, include the Global Notes and the Definitive Notes);

"NAV" means net asset value;

"NLA" means net lettable area;

"NPI" means net property income;

"Office Properties" means Asia Square Tower 2, CapitaGreen, Capital Tower, One George Street (50.0% interest), Six Battery Road, 21 Collyer Quay, Gallileo, Germany (94.9% interest), and Main Airport Center, Germany (94.9% interest);

"Permanent Global Note" means a Global Note representing Notes of one or more Tranches of the same Series, either on issue or upon exchange of interests in a Temporary Global Note, being substantially in the form set out in Schedule 3 to the Trust Deed;

"Pricing Supplement" means, in relation to any Series or Tranche, a pricing supplement specifying the relevant issue details in relation to such Series or Tranche, substantially in the form of Appendix 2 to the Programme Agreement;

"Principal Subsidiaries" has the meaning ascribed to it in the Conditions;

"Programme Agreement" means the programme agreement originally dated 16 April 2007, entered into between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor and (3) Standard Chartered Bank, as arranger and dealer, as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time;

"Property Funds Appendix" means the guidelines for real estate investment trusts issued by the MAS as Appendix 6 to the CIS Code, as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time;

“Property Managers” means the RCS Property Manager, the CICT Property Manager and the CCT Property Manager;

“Rating Agencies” means:

- (a) Moody’s;
- (b) S&P; and/or
- (c) (if appointed by CICT as rating agency for the MTN Programme) Fitch,

and **“Rating Agency”** means any one of them;

“RCS” means Raffles City Singapore;

“RCS Property Manager” means CapitaLand (RCS) Property Management Pte. Ltd., as the property manager of RCS Trust;

“RCS Trust” means the unlisted special purpose trust constituted under the RCS Trust Deed for the acquisition and ownership of RCS by CICT (100% interest);

“RCS Trust Deed” means the trust deed dated 18 July 2006 constituting RCS Trust, as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time;

“Redemption Month” means the month set out as a “Redemption Month” in the relevant Pricing Supplement;

“Reference Date” means the date set out as a “Reference Date” in the relevant Pricing Supplement;

“REIT” means real estate investment trust;

“Retail Bond Programme” means the S\$2.5 billion retail bond programme of CMT established on 16 February 2011;

“Retail Properties” means Tampines Mall, Junction 8, IMM, Bugis Junction, JCube, Bugis+, Lot One Shoppers’ Mall, Bukit Panjang Plaza (90 out of 91 strata lots), Clarke Quay, Westgate (100% interest held through IMT) and Bedok Mall (100% interest held through BMT);

“S&P” means Standard & Poor’s Rating Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.;

“Securities Account” means an account maintained with CDP to credit the securities an investor has bought from the Singapore securities market;

“Securities Act” means the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended;

“Series” means (a) (in relation to Notes other than Variable Rate Notes) a Tranche, together with any further Tranche or Tranches which (i) are expressed to be consolidated and forming a single series and (ii) are identical in all respects except for their respective issue dates, issue prices, rates of interest and/or dates of the first payment of interest and (b) (in relation to Variable Rate Notes) Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective issue prices and rates of interest;

“SFA” means Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore, as modified or amended from time to time;

“SGX-ST” means Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited;

“SIBOR” means the Singapore interbank offered rate;

“Singapore Dollars”, “S\$” or “SGD” each means the lawful currency of the Republic of Singapore;

“Specified Currency” means the currency denomination of the relevant tranche of Notes as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement;

“Spread” means the percentage rate per annum specified on the face of a Note as being applicable to the rate of interest for such Note;

“sq ft” means square foot;

“Subsidiary” or “subsidiary” means any company which is for the time being a subsidiary (within the meaning of Section 5 of the Companies Act), and in relation to CICT, means any company, corporation, trust, fund or other entity (whether or not a body corporate):

- (a) which is controlled, directly or indirectly, by CICT (through its trustee);
- (b) more than half the issued share capital of which is beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, by CICT (through its trustee); or
- (c) which is a subsidiary of any company, corporation, trust, fund or other entity (whether or not a body corporate) to which paragraph (a) or (b) above applies,

and for these purposes, any company, corporation, trust, fund or other entity (whether or not a body corporate) shall be treated as being controlled by CICT if CICT (whether through its trustee or otherwise) is able to direct its affairs and/or control the composition of its board of directors or equivalent body;

“TARGET System” means the Trans-European Automated Real Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (known as TARGET2) System which was launched on 19 November 2007 or any successor thereto;

“Tax Rulings” means the tax rulings issued by the IRAS on the taxation of CICT and the Unitholders;

“Temporary Global Note” means a Global Note representing Notes of one or more Tranches of the same Series, being substantially in the form set out in Schedule 2 to the Trust Deed;

“Tranche” means Notes which are identical in all respects;

“Transaction Documents” means, collectively, the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement, the Programme Agreement, the Depository Services Agreement, the Deed of Covenant and any document which amends, modifies or supplements those Transaction Documents;

“Trust Deed” means the trust deed originally dated 16 April 2007, made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, and (3) the Trustee, as trustee, as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time;

“Trustee” means British and Malayan Trustees Limited (or any successor thereof) or any replacement trustee as may, from time to time, be duly appointed (in accordance with the Trust Deed) as trustee for the holders of the Notes;

“Unit(s)” means an undivided interest in CICT as provided for in the CICT Trust Deed;

“United States” or **“U.S.”** means United States of America;

“Unitholder(s)” means the registered holder(s) for the time being of a Unit including persons so registered as joint holders, except where the registered holder is CDP, the term **“Unitholder”** shall, in relation to Units registered in the name of CDP, mean, where the context requires, the depositor whose Securities Account with CDP is credited with Units;

“US Dollars”, “US\$” or **“USD”** each means the lawful currency of the United States of America;

“Variable Rate Notes” means Notes which are to bear interest on the basis of a variable rate (in accordance with Condition 4(II)(c));

“YTD” means Year to Date;

“¥” means the lawful currency of Japan; and

“%” means per cent.

RISK FACTORS

Prior to making an investment or divestment decision, prospective investors or existing holders of the Notes should carefully consider all the information set forth in this Information Memorandum including the risk factors set out below. These risk factors do not purport to be complete or comprehensive of all risk factors that may be involved in the business, assets, financial condition, performance or prospects of the Issuer, CICT, their respective subsidiaries (if any) or the properties owned by the Group or any decision to purchase, own or dispose of the Notes. Additional risk factors which the Issuer or the Guarantor are currently unaware of may also impair the business, assets, financial condition, performance or prospects of the Issuer, CICT or the Group. If any of the following risk factors develop into actual events, the business, assets, financial condition, performance or prospects of the Issuer, CICT or the Group could be materially and adversely affected. In such cases, the ability of the Issuer or the Guarantor to comply with its obligations under the Trust Deed and the Notes may be adversely affected.

Limitations of this Information Memorandum

This Information Memorandum is not, and does not purport to be, investment advice. A prospective investor should make an investment in the Notes only after it has determined that such investment is suitable for its investment objectives. Determining whether an investment in the Notes is suitable is a prospective investor's responsibility, even if the investor has received information to assist it in making such determination. Neither this Information Memorandum nor any document or information (or any part thereof) delivered or supplied under or in relation to the MTN Programme or the Notes (nor any part thereof) is intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered a recommendation by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Trustee, any of the Dealer(s) or the Arranger that any recipient of this Information Memorandum or any such other document or information (or such part thereof) should subscribe for or purchase or sell any of the Notes. Each person receiving this Information Memorandum acknowledges that such person has not relied on the Issuer, the Guarantor, each of their subsidiaries and associated companies, the Trustee, any of the Dealer(s) or the Arranger or any person affiliated with each of them in connection with its investigation of the accuracy or completeness of the information contained therein or any additional information considered by it to be necessary in connection with its investment or divestment decision. Any recipient contemplating subscribing for or purchasing or selling the Notes should determine for itself the relevance of the information contained in this Information Memorandum and any such other document or information (or any part thereof) and its investment or divestment should be, and shall be deemed to be, based solely on its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs, and its own appraisal of the creditworthiness, of the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Group, the terms and conditions of the Notes and any other factors relevant to its decision, including the merits and risk involved. A prospective investor should consult with its legal, tax and financial advisers prior to deciding to make an investment in the Notes.

Any published unaudited interim financial statements in respect of CICT and its subsidiaries which are, from time to time, deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Information Memorandum will not have been audited or subject to review by the auditors in respect of CICT and its subsidiaries, as the case may be. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that, had an audit or review been conducted in respect of such financial statements, the information presented therein would not have been materially different, and investors should not place undue reliance upon them.

This Information Memorandum does not purport to contain all information that a prospective investor of the Notes may require in investigating the matters or the parties referred to above, prior to making an investment in the Notes.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE GROUP'S BUSINESS

Uncertainties and instability in global financial and credit markets could adversely affect the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT as well as the value of the Notes

The properties held by CICT are principally located in Singapore and Germany. As a result, CICT's revenue and results of operations depend on the performance of the Singapore economy and the German economy. An economic decline in Singapore or Germany could adversely affect CICT's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The global credit markets have experienced, and may continue to experience, volatility and liquidity disruptions, which have resulted in the consolidation, failure or near failure of a number of institutions in the banking and insurance industries. While there have been periods of stability in these markets, the environment has become more unpredictable, with the risk of a potential trade war. Further, as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, the MTI had on 11 August 2020 revised Singapore's GDP growth forecast for 2020 downwards to "-7.0% to -5.0%".

Economic factors, including, without limitation, changes in interest rates and inflation, changes in gross domestic product, economic growth, employment levels and consumer spending, consumer and investment sentiment, property market volatility and the availability of debt and equity capital could adversely affect the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT. The ongoing Covid-19 pandemic has had a significant adverse impact on the global economy. See *"Risks Associated with Singapore and the Region – The outbreak of an infectious disease or any other serious public health concerns in Asia and elsewhere could adversely impact CICT's business, results of operations and financial condition"*.

In addition, there is uncertainty arising from exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union on 31 January 2020 ("**Brexit**"). The effects of Brexit will depend on any agreements the United Kingdom makes to retain access to European Union markets, either during a transitional period or more permanently. Brexit could adversely affect European or worldwide economic or market conditions and could contribute to instability in global financial and foreign exchange markets, including volatility in the value of the Euro.

These events could adversely affect CICT, insofar as they result in:

- a negative impact on the ability of the tenants of CICT to pay their rents in a timely manner or continuing their leases, thus reducing CICT's cash flow;
- a decline in the demand for leased space for commercial purposes across Singapore and Germany and the rents that can be charged when leases are renewed or new leases entered into, as compared to rents that are currently charged;
- decreases in valuations of CICT's properties resulting from deteriorating operating cash flow and/or widening capitalisation rates;
- access to capital markets becoming more difficult, expensive or impossible resulting in an adverse effect on CICT's ability to obtain debt capital to fund its operations, meet its obligations, purchase additional properties or otherwise conduct its business;
- decreases in rental or occupancy rates;
- the insolvency of contractors resulting in construction delays in CICT's properties;
- an adverse effect on the cost of funding CICT's business;

- an increase in counterparty risk (being the risk of monetary loss which CICT may be exposed to if any of its counterparties encounters difficulty in meeting its obligations under the terms of its respective transaction);
- a likelihood that one or more of CICT's banking syndicates or insurers may be unable to honour their commitments to CICT; and
- a change in shopping behaviour.

There is still uncertainty as to whether the global economy will worsen, or whether a recovery would be slow and over an extended period of time, the decrease in consumer demand and the impact of the global downturn on Singapore's external trade dependent economy.

The liquidity and the value of the Notes are also sensitive to the volatility of the credit markets and may be adversely affected by future developments. To the extent that the turmoil in the credit market continues and/or intensifies, it may adversely affect the Notes' liquidity and value.

There can be no assurance that the uncertainties and instability in the global markets will not have a substantial adverse effect on CICT's assets or funding sources and, if sustained, will not adversely affect its business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

CICT operates in a capital intensive industry that relies on the availability of sizeable amounts of capital

As at the Latest Practicable Date, CICT manages and has property interests in 24 retail, office and integrated developments, including a 100% interest in RCS. CICT may require additional financing to fund working capital requirements, support the future growth of its business and/or refinance its existing debt obligations. There can be no assurance that financing, either on a short-term or long-term basis, will be made available or, if available, that such financing will be obtained on commercially reasonable terms. Factors that could affect CICT's ability to procure financing include the property market's cyclical nature, any impairment of financial systems in the event of a downturn in financial markets, market disruption risks and lending curbs due to central bank tightening which could adversely affect the liquidity, interest rates and availability of any third-party capital funding sources.

The amount CICT may borrow is limited, which may affect the operations of CICT and the borrowing limit may be exceeded if there is a downward revaluation of assets

Pursuant to the revision of the Property Funds Appendix on 16 April 2020, the regulatory aggregate leverage limit under the Property Funds Appendix has been increased to 50.0% up to (and including) 31 December 2021. On or after 1 January 2022, the aggregate leverage of a property fund should not exceed 45.0%, save that it may exceed 45.0% (up to a maximum of 50.0%) if certain conditions under the Property Funds Appendix are met. Accordingly, CICT would only be permitted to borrow up to a maximum of 50.0% of the value of its Deposited Property (or such limit as may from time to time be permitted under the Property Funds Appendix). A decline in the value of CICT's Deposited Property may affect CICT's ability to borrow further.

Adverse business consequences of this limitation on borrowings may include:

- an inability to fund capital expenditure requirements (including AEIs) in relation to properties held by CICT;
- an inability to fund acquisitions of properties; and
- cash flow shortages which may have an adverse impact on CICT's ability to satisfy its obligations in respect of the Notes.

A downward revaluation of any of the properties or investments held by CICT may result in a breach of the borrowing limit under the Property Funds Appendix. In the event of such a breach, CICT may not be able to incur further indebtedness. In such circumstances, while the CICT Trustee may not be required to dispose of CICT's assets to reduce its indebtedness, CICT may not be able to incur further indebtedness, which may constrain its operational flexibility.

In addition, a severe downward revaluation of any of CICT's properties may result in a breach of certain financial covenants under CICT's debt financing arrangements.

CICT may have a higher level of gearing than certain other types of unit trusts and may experience limited availability of funds and face risks associated with debt financing and refinancing

CICT may, from time to time, require additional debt financing to fund working capital requirements, to support the future growth of its business and/or to refinance existing debt obligations. In addition, CICT's indebtedness means that a material portion of its expected cash flow may be required to be dedicated to the payment of interest on its indebtedness, thereby reducing the funds available to CICT for use in its general business operations. CICT's indebtedness may also restrict its ability to obtain additional financing for capital expenditure (including AELs), acquisitions or general corporate purposes and may cause it to be particularly vulnerable in the event of a general economic downturn. Prospective investors should note that the willingness of financial institutions to make capital commitments by way of investing in debt or equity instruments may for an indeterminate period be adversely affected by the occurrence of a financial crisis. CICT's level of borrowings may represent a higher level of gearing as compared to certain other types of unit trust, such as non-specialised collective investment schemes which invest in equities and/or fixed income instruments.

Certain CICT properties are currently mortgaged to secure payment of indebtedness under certain facilities. CICT may also decide to mortgage some or all of CICT's properties or any other properties that are acquired by CICT in the future in connection with existing or new facilities or other types of debt financing. If CICT defaults in its payment obligations in respect of any financing facility secured by its properties, mortgagees to any of the affected properties could foreclose or require a forced sale of any of the affected properties resulting in a consequential loss of income and asset value to CICT. The amount of proceeds ultimately distributed to the Noteholders upon a foreclosure or other enforcement action may not be sufficient to satisfy the payment obligations under the Notes. The amount to be received upon a foreclosure or sale of any affected property would be dependent on numerous factors, including the actual fair market valuation of the relevant property at the time of such sale, the timing and manner of the sale and the availability of buyers. Each of CICT's properties is illiquid and there can be no assurance that any of the properties can or will be liquidated in a short period of time. For all these reasons, there can be no assurance that the proceeds from any foreclosure or sale will be sufficient for CICT to meet its obligations under the Notes.

CICT may, from time to time, also require additional financing to fund working capital requirements, to support the future growth of its business and/or to refinance existing debt obligations. There can be no assurance that additional financing, either on a short-term or a long-term basis, will be made available or, if available, that such financing will be obtained on terms favourable to CICT. Factors that could affect CICT's ability to procure financing include the cyclicity of the property market and market disruption risks which could adversely affect the liquidity, interest rates and the availability of funding sources. In addition, further consolidation in the banking industry in Singapore, Germany and/or elsewhere in Asia and Europe may also reduce the availability of credit as the merged banks seek to reduce their combined exposure to one company or sector.

In recent years, credit markets worldwide have experienced significant volatility including a reduction in liquidity levels, increasing costs for credit protection and a general decline in lending activity between financial institutions and in commercial lending markets worldwide. These developments may result in CICT incurring increasing financing costs associated with CICT's level of debt. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Group will be able to raise financing on favourable terms or at all, which could have a material adverse effect on the Group.

Moreover, CICT's present and future credit facilities may contain covenants that limit its operating and financing activities and require the creation of security interests over its assets. The Group's ability to meet its payment obligations and to fund planned capital expenditures (including AEIs) will depend on the success of CICT's business strategy and the Group's ability to generate sufficient revenues to satisfy its obligations, which are subject to many uncertainties and contingencies beyond CICT's control.

The CICT Manager may not be successful in managing the liquidity risk of CICT

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The CICT Manager will endeavour to monitor and maintain sufficient cash and credit facilities on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a reasonable period including the servicing of financial obligations. In addition, the CICT Manager will monitor and observe the limitations imposed by the Property Funds Appendix on CICT's aggregate leverage.

However, there is no assurance that the management of CICT's liquidity risk by the CICT Manager will not result in any breaches of any financial obligations as a result of insufficient cash or other financial assets. In the event that the Group is unable to meet liquidity requirements and is in breach of financial obligations, the business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects of CICT may be adversely affected.

CICT may be exposed to risks associated with exchange rate fluctuations and changes in foreign exchange regulations

CICT's reporting currency for the purposes of its financial statements is Singapore dollars. However, CICT also generates revenues and incurs operating costs in non-Singapore dollar denominated currencies. For instance, the revenue received from CICT's properties in Germany is in Euros. Any revenue and expenses in non-Singapore dollars will have to be converted to Singapore dollars for financial reporting or repatriation purposes. Accordingly, CICT may be exposed to risks associated with fluctuations in foreign exchange rates which may adversely affect its reported financial results. In addition, CICT has borrowings in Euros in Germany and Singapore and there is no assurance that any fluctuations in the exchange rates would not result in it incurring foreign exchange losses. Although CICT may from time to time enter into hedging transactions to partially hedge its exposure to exchange rate risk, there is no assurance that such hedging activities will fully cover its exposure to exchange rate fluctuations.

The value of the Euro against foreign currencies fluctuates and is affected by changes in Germany and international political and economic conditions and by many other factors.

CICT is also exposed to fluctuations in foreign exchange arising from the difference in timing between its receipt and payment of funds. To the extent that its sales, purchases, inter-company loans, external debts and operating expenses are not matched in terms of currency and timing, CICT will face foreign exchange exposure. Any fluctuation in foreign exchange rates will also result in foreign exchange gains or losses arising from transactions carried out in foreign currencies as well as translation of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet dates.

CICT is exposed to interest rate fluctuations

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the Group had consolidated debt of approximately S\$9.3 billion.

A substantial percentage of the Group's debt bears fixed interest rates and the balance bears floating interest rates. Consequently, the interest cost to the Group for the floating interest rate debt will be subject to fluctuations in interest rates. Further, the Group has foreign exchange exposures primarily due to the issuance of bonds in foreign currencies.

As part of CICT's active capital management strategies, CICT may, from time to time enter into hedging transactions to partially mitigate the risk of interest rate fluctuations. However, such hedging, or CICT's hedging policy, may not adequately cover its exposure to interest rate fluctuations or any increase in interest rates in its existing debt.

Further, the interest rate of the borrowings of CICT may refer to several interest rate benchmarks which may undergo review and reform. There is no certainty that interest rates will not increase to the detriment of CICT.

Consequently, interest rate fluctuations could have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects of CICT.

CICT may be exposed to risks associated with changes in foreign direct investment regulations in the overseas markets in which it invests

CICT may be exposed to risks associated with changes in foreign direct investment regulations in the overseas markets in which it invests from time to time.

For example, in Germany, where certain properties of CICT are situated, German law does not currently provide for any permanent currency or administrative controls on foreign investments. Foreign investors are subject to the same conditions as their German counterparts in obtaining operating licences, securing building permits and obtaining approval for investment incentives. However, according to section 4 of the German Foreign Trade and Payments Act (Außenwirtschaftsgesetz), under certain circumstances, foreign trade, payments transactions and legal transactions can be restricted and obligations to act can be imposed by ordinance (for example, in order to guarantee the essential security interests of the Federal Republic of Germany or to prevent a substantial disturbance to the foreign relations of the Federal Republic of Germany). Should such a restriction be imposed in relation to Singapore, the transfer of payments such as dividends and interest from inter-company loans to CCT could be impeded.

Furthermore, according to Article 86 of the Introductory Act to the German Civil Code (Einführungsgesetz zum BGB) the government of the Federal Republic of Germany is entitled to restrict the acquisition of rights by foreigners or foreign legal entities by way of an approval requirement, if German and domestic legal entities are limited in the relevant state in the acquisition of rights and foreign policy reasons require such restriction. This does not apply to foreigners or foreign entities from member states of the European Union. However, it is not clear in German law literature whether this exception applies to foreign entities from member states of the European Union which are held by non-European Union entities. Should such approval requirements be imposed, while it would not affect transactions that have already been completed at the time of the introduction of such requirement, this may adversely affect the ability of CICT to make future acquisitions in Germany.

Furthermore, restriction of capital movements (e.g. incoming rents) as a result of an embargo relating to certain areas, entities or persons may apply as a result of applicable resolutions adopted by the United Nations and the European Union.

There is no assurance that the government of the Federal Republic of Germany will not introduce additional measures to restrict foreign direct investment in Germany, or that the United Nations and the European Union will not adopt resolutions which have a similar effect. The introduction of such new measures may adversely affect CICT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Accordingly, should CICT's overseas investments be subject to foreign investment restrictions, this may adversely affect CICT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

CICT's hedging transactions may result in limited gains and increased exposure to losses

CICT may enter into hedging transactions to manage risks arising from interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations. Hedging transactions may include entering into interest rate hedging instruments, entering into forward agreements or entering into cross currency swaps. No hedging activity can completely insulate risks associated with changes in interest rates and exchange rates because, among others:

- available interest rate hedging may not correspond directly with the interest rate risk for which protection is sought;
- the counterparty in the hedging transaction may default on its obligation to pay;
- the credit quality of the counterparty on the hedge may be downgraded to such an extent that it impairs CICT's ability to sell or assign its side of the hedging transaction; and
- the value of the derivatives used for hedging may be adjusted from time to time in accordance with accounting rules to reflect changes in fair value. Such changes, although unrealised, would reduce the net asset value of CICT if it is due to downward adjustments.

Regulatory issues and changes in law and accounting standards may have an adverse impact on CICT's business

CICT is subject to the usual business risks that there may be changes in laws that reduce its income or increase its costs. For example, there could be changes in tenancy laws that limit CICT's recovery of certain property operating expenses, changes or increases in real estate taxes that cannot be recovered from CICT's tenants or changes in environmental laws that require significant capital expenditure. There is no assurance that the MAS or any other relevant authority will not introduce new legislation, regulations, guidelines or directions which may adversely affect REITs generally or CICT specifically.

In Singapore, the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) Act 2020 restricts the rights of landlords to take any court and insolvency proceedings in respect of a tenant's non-performance of obligations and to exercise certain self-help remedies such as rights of re-entry or forfeiture under a lease, and obliges landlords who benefit from property tax rebates to pass on such benefits to qualifying tenants. In addition, landlords are obliged to waive up to two months (for industrial/office properties) or four months (for qualifying commercial properties) of rent for small and medium-sized enterprises which are eligible prescribed tenant-occupiers. Such eligible prescribed tenant-occupiers are also allowed to elect to defer payment of outstanding rent payable in equal instalments in accordance with a statutory repayment schedule. There is no assurance that, in each of the jurisdictions in which the Group operates, the governments in the respective countries will not pass further legislation which impact landlords and the owners of properties adversely, for instance in the form of rental deferrals, rental reliefs, rent reductions and/or the passing on of rebates etc. Any actions taken by CICT to support its tenants through such rental deferrals, rental reliefs, rent reductions or the passing on of rebates will affect the rental revenue earned from CICT's properties.

Additionally, new and revised accounting standards and pronouncements may be issued from time to time. As the extent and timing of these changes in accounting standards are currently unknown, it is not possible to quantify the effect of any such changes. There can be no assurance that any future changes in accounting standards will not have a significant impact on the presentation of CICT's financial statements, the comparability of CICT's future financial statements with those relating to prior periods or on CICT's financial condition and results of operations.

The current rating of CICT and the Issuer is no assurance that the rating given will continue or that the rating would not be reviewed, downgraded, suspended or withdrawn in the future

On 30 September 2020, S&P assigned an "A-" long-term issuer credit rating to CICT and a programme rating of "A-" in respect of the Issuer. On 1 October 2020, Moody's downgraded the senior unsecured rating from "A2" to "A3" in respect of CICT and the programme rating from "(P)A2" to "(P)A3" in respect of the Issuer. The rating assigned by S&P or, as the case may be, Moody's is based on the views of S&P or, as the case may be, Moody's only. Future events could have a negative impact on the rating in respect of CICT and the Issuer and prospective investors should be aware that there is no assurance that the rating given will continue or that the rating would not be further reviewed, downgraded, suspended or withdrawn as a result of future events or judgement on the part of S&P or, as the case may be, Moody's. Any changes in ratings and/or outlook that could occur may have a negative impact on the market value of the Notes. A downgrade of the rating may lead to CICT and the Issuer being unable to obtain future credit on terms which are as favourable as those of its existing borrowings, resulting in loans at higher interest rates.

CICT faces risks associated with debt financing

CICT will also be subject to risks associated with debt financing, including the risk that its cash flow will be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest under such financing and to make payment to Noteholders. The rights of the Noteholders to receive payments under the Notes are effectively subordinated to the rights of the existing and future secured creditors.

CICT may also become a party to future indebtedness which is secured by a lien on certain of the properties of CICT. In the event of a default on the Notes or under other indebtedness or upon CICT's bankruptcy, liquidation or reorganisation, any secured indebtedness of third party creditors to CICT's portfolio would effectively be senior to the Notes to the extent of the value of CICT's portfolio securing their indebtedness. The Noteholders would only have a senior unsecured claim against those assets to the extent any remain after satisfying the obligations under secured indebtedness.

CICT will also be subject to the risk that it may not be able to refinance its existing and/or future borrowings or that the terms of such refinancing will not be as favourable as the terms of its existing borrowings, particularly in light of any uncertainty and instability in the global market conditions. Factors that could affect CICT's ability to procure financing include the cyclicity of the property market and market disruption risks which could adversely affect the liquidity, interest rates and the availability of funding sources. Further consolidation in the banking industry in Singapore, Germany and/or elsewhere in Asia and Europe may also reduce the availability of credit as the merged banks seek to reduce their combined exposure to one company or sector. In addition, CICT may be subject to certain covenants in connection with any future borrowings that may limit or otherwise adversely affect its operations and its ability to make payments to Noteholders. Such covenants may also restrict CICT's ability to acquire properties or undertake other capital expenditure (including AELs) or may require it to set aside funds for maintenance or repayment of security deposits. Furthermore, if prevailing interest rates or other factors at the time of refinancing (such as the possible reluctance of lenders to make commercial real estate loans) result in higher interest rates upon refinancing, the interest expense relating to such refinanced indebtedness would increase, which would adversely affect CICT's cash flow and the amount of payments CICT could make to Noteholders.

CICT's property investments are relatively illiquid

CICT invests primarily in retail and office real estate which entails a higher level of risk as compared to a portfolio which has a diverse range of investments. Real estate investments, particularly investments in high value retail and office properties such as those which CICT has invested in and/or intends to invest in, are relatively illiquid. Such illiquidity may affect the ability of CICT to vary its investment portfolio or liquidate part of its assets in response to changes in economic, real estate market or other conditions. For instance, CICT may be unable to liquidate its assets on short notice or may be forced to give a substantial reduction in the price that may otherwise be sought for such assets, to ensure a quick sale. Rising capitalisation rates and/or REIT yields may also result in increasing difficulty in the divestment of retail and office properties. Moreover, CICT may also face difficulties in securing timely and commercially favourable financing in asset-based lending transactions secured by real estate, due to the illiquid nature of real estate assets. These factors could have an adverse effect on CICT's financial condition and results of operations, with a consequential adverse effect on CICT's ability to make payments on Noteholders.

The business of CICT is predominantly concentrated in Singapore and Germany

As at the Latest Practicable Date, all of the properties held by CICT are principally located in Singapore, with two properties located in Germany. Such concentration in Singapore and to some extent, Germany, may entail a higher level of risk as compared to some other REITs which have properties spread over different countries or have a more diverse range of investments. A substantial portion of earnings derived from CICT depends on the continued strength of Singapore and Germany's retail and office property markets, which is in turn affected by general economic and business conditions. This exposes CICT to the risk of a prolonged downturn in economic and real estate conditions in Singapore and Germany. The value of properties held by CICT and the rental revenue collected may also be adversely affected by local real estate conditions.

Planned amenities and transportation infrastructure near CICT's properties may not be implemented as planned, or may be closed, relocated, terminated or delayed

There is no assurance that amenities, transportation infrastructure and public transport services near CICT's properties will be implemented as planned or will not be closed, relocated, terminated or delayed. If such an event were to occur, it will adversely affect the accessibility and the attractiveness and marketability of the relevant properties to tenants. This may then have an adverse effect on their demand and the rental rates and adversely affect the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT.

CICT may not be able to achieve future growth successfully

There can be no assurance that CICT will be able to grow successfully. CICT's ability to achieve future growth will depend, among others, on its ability to acquire, develop or enhance its existing or new properties. CICT will rely on a combination of internal cash flows and resources and external sources of funding to acquire, develop or enhance its existing or new properties, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms or at all. Even if CICT is successful in securing new assets or in developing or enhancing its existing assets, there can be no assurance that CICT will be able to achieve the intended returns or generate the intended revenue from such assets. Furthermore, CICT may face significant competition from other real estate companies or investors and managers of real estate assets in the acquisition, enhancement and management of commercial properties. There can be no assurance that CICT will be able to compete effectively, or to secure such opportunities on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

The anticipated future growth in CICT's business and assets may also challenge its managerial, operational, financial and other resources. The risks associated with CICT's anticipated future

growth include, among others, the increasing operating complexity of its business and the increasing responsibility of its management. In turn, this will require the continued development of financial and management controls and systems and CICT's implementation of these systems across its business. Furthermore, CICT may face additional challenges in ensuring that adequate internal controls and supervisory procedures are in place. If CICT is unable to successfully manage the impact of CICT's growth on CICT's operational and managerial resources and control systems, this could have an adverse effect on its business, financial condition, operations, performance and prospects.

The CICT Manager may change CICT's investment strategy

CICT's policies with respect to certain activities, including acquisitions and divestments, will be determined by the CICT Manager, subject to applicable laws and regulations. Under the CICT Trust Deed, the CICT Manager has wide powers to invest in various types of assets, including any real estate, real estate-related assets as well as listed and unlisted securities in Singapore and other jurisdictions. The CICT Manager has stated its intention to restrict investments to real estate which is used, or primarily used, for retail and commercial purposes. Notwithstanding the CICT Trust Deed granting the CICT Manager such powers, there may be additional restrictions imposed on the CICT Manager in respect of changes being made to CICT's investment strategy following future amendments to the Listing Manual, the Property Funds Appendix and/or other relevant regulations from time to time.

The CICT Manager may not be able to implement its investment strategies

The CICT Manager's investment strategies include expanding the portfolio of commercial properties held by CICT, providing regular and stable distributions to Unitholders, and enabling the Issuer to make regular and stable interest payments to the Noteholders. There can be no assurance that the CICT Manager will be able to implement its investment strategies successfully or that it will be able to expand CICT's portfolio at all, or at any specified rate or to any specified size or to any specified use(s). The CICT Manager may not be able to make investments, acquisitions or redevelopments on favourable terms or within a desired time frame.

CICT will be relying on external sources of funding to expand its portfolio, which may not be available on favourable terms or at all, particularly in light of current global market conditions mentioned above. Even if CICT can successfully make additional property investments or undertake redevelopments, there can be no assurance that CICT will achieve its intended return on such investments or developments. Since the amount of debt that CICT can incur to finance acquisitions is limited by the Property Funds Appendix, such acquisitions will largely be dependent on CICT's ability to raise equity capital, which may result in a dilution of Unitholders' holdings. Potential vendors may also view the prolonged time frame and lack of certainty generally associated with the raising of equity capital to fund any such purchase negatively and may prefer other potential purchasers. In addition, for risks relating to real estate development, please refer to the risk factor "*Risks Associated with the Group's Business – CICT is exposed to real estate development risks*".

Furthermore, there may be significant competition for attractive investment opportunities from other real estate investors, including commercial property development companies, private investment funds and other REITs whose investment policy is also to invest in commercial properties and/or integrated or mixed-use developments. There can be no assurance that CICT will be able to compete effectively against such entities.

CICT's business may be subject to risks in investing outside Singapore

CICT will continue to be predominantly Singapore-focused while having the flexibility to explore acquisitions in other developed countries of not more than 20% of the total portfolio property value of CICT.

This could expose CICT to political, economic, regulatory and social risks specific to those countries. These risks include a number of country-specific real estate market conditions, such as oversupply, reduced demand, and the performance of competing properties. Any changes in these countries' political environments and government policies, including required government approvals, changes in laws, regulations and the interpretation thereof, and changes in tax policies could adversely affect the results of CICT's investments. Further, restrictions on foreign currency conversion or remittance of earnings, or fluctuations in the specific currency in which rentals and other investment income are denominated, will have an adverse effect when CICT converts investment returns into Singapore dollars.

Such unfavourable events in specific countries may have an adverse effect on CICT's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Applicable laws and regulations in Singapore, China, Germany, the Netherlands, Luxembourg and Malaysia are subject to change and CICT may suffer higher taxes if any of its current or future special purpose vehicles ("SPVs") are treated as having a taxable presence or permanent establishment outside their place of incorporation and place of tax residency

Entities operating in Singapore, China, Germany, the Netherlands, Luxembourg and Malaysia are subject to a variety of taxes and changes in legislation or the rules relating to such tax regimes could materially and adversely affect CICT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

The governments of each of Singapore, China, Germany, the Netherlands, Luxembourg and Malaysia may in the future amend the tax legislation or rules, regulations, guidelines and practice relating to taxation with either prospective or retroactive effect and this may affect the overall tax liabilities of CICT and/or SPVs of CICT incorporated in Singapore, China, Germany, the Netherlands and Luxembourg, including the liabilities of MRCB-Quill REIT¹, a commercial REIT listed on Bursa Malaysia and the liabilities of CRCT, which CICT holds an interest in. Such changes may result in significant additional taxes becoming payable by such entities. Such additional tax exposure could have an adverse effect on CICT's business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

There is no assurance that the other joint venture partners of the property-holding SPVs, which are not wholly owned, directly or indirectly, will co-operate on matters concerning these companies or honour all their obligations under these joint ventures

A few property-holding SPVs are not wholly owned by the CCT Trustee. Accordingly, the CCT Trustee does not have an unfettered discretion to deal with these properties through the property-holding SPVs as if these properties are entirely, directly or indirectly, owned by it.

Under the relevant partnership agreements or joint venture agreements (as the case may be) relating to certain properties in the CCT Portfolio, certain matters such as making amendments to the joint venture agreements, changing the business or equity capital structure of the property-holding SPVs, issuing of securities by the property-holding SPVs, incurring of borrowings by the

¹ On 11 November 2020, the manager of MRCB-Quill REIT announced the proposed change of name from "MRCB-Quill REIT" to "SENTRAL REIT". The change of name is subject to the registration and lodgement of the supplemental trust deed with the Securities Commission of Malaysia.

property-holding SPVs, asset enhancement and capital expenditure plans, and the transfer of disposal of assets of the property-holding SPVs, may require a unanimous or a majority approval from the joint venture partners of the property-holding SPVs being obtained.

As CICT does not own the entire interests in these property-holding SPVs, there is no assurance that such unanimous/majority approval from the joint venture partners of the property-holding SPVs can be obtained. The other joint venture partners of these property-holding SPVs may vote against such resolutions and hence prevent such resolutions from being passed. If such resolutions are not passed, certain matters relating to the properties, such as those relating to asset enhancement and capital expenditure plans or incurring of borrowings, may not be carried out and this may adversely affect the financial condition and results of operations of CICT.

In addition, if the other joint venture partners of the property-holding SPVs are obliged to contribute additional capital or funds to the property-holding SPVs, but lack financial resources at the relevant time to meet these obligations, necessary capital or funds required for development operations may be delayed or cancelled. This adds to the risk of collaborations and may adversely affect the financial condition and results of operations of CICT.

If the CICT Manager's capital markets services licence for REIT management ("CMS Licence") is cancelled or the authorisation of CICT as a collective investment scheme under Section 286 of the SFA is suspended, revoked or withdrawn, the operations of CICT will be adversely affected

The CMS Licence issued to the CICT Manager is subject to conditions unless otherwise cancelled. If the CMS Licence of the CICT Manager is cancelled by the MAS, the operations of CICT will be adversely affected, as the CICT Manager would no longer be able to act as manager of CICT. In the event that the authorisation of CICT as a collective investment scheme is suspended, revoked or withdrawn, its operations will also be adversely affected.

CICT may be involved in legal and other proceedings from time to time

CICT may be involved from time to time in disputes with various parties such as contractors, sub-contractors, consultants, suppliers, construction companies, purchasers and other partners involved in the asset enhancement, operation and purchase of its properties. These disputes may lead to legal and other proceedings, and may cause CICT to suffer additional costs and delays. In addition, CICT may have disagreements with regulatory bodies in the course of its operations, which may subject it to administrative proceedings and unfavourable orders, directives or decrees that result in financial losses and delay the construction or completion of its projects.

The properties held by CICT may be revalued downwards

There can be no assurance that CICT will not be required to make downward revaluation of the properties held by CICT in the future. Any fall in the gross revenue or net property income earned from CICT's properties may result in downward revaluation of the properties held by CICT.

In addition, CICT is required to measure investment properties at fair value at each balance sheet date and any change in fair value of the investment properties is recognised in the statements of total return. The changes in fair value may have an adverse effect on CICT's financial results in the financial years where there is a significant decrease in the valuation of CICT's investment properties which will result in revaluation losses that will be charged to the statements of total return. However, such revaluation losses should not have an impact on interest payable to Noteholders.

The loss of key tenants or a downturn in the business of any of CICT's tenants and licensees could have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT

Any of CICT's key tenants may experience a downturn in their business, which may weaken their financial condition and result in their failure to make timely rental payments or they may default on their tenancies with CICT. Similarly, other tenants may also experience a downturn in their business or face other types of financial distress, such as bankruptcy or insolvency, and therefore also be unable to make timely rental payments. CICT's claims for unpaid rent against a bankrupt person or insolvent company may not be paid in full. If any tenant defaults or fails to make timely rental payments, CICT may experience delays in enforcing its rights as a landlord and incur time and expense relating to any eviction proceedings, which may be substantial in the case of key tenants and CICT may be unable to re-let the space while eviction proceedings are ongoing.

Further, if CICT's key tenants decide not to renew their tenancies or to terminate early, CICT may not be able to re-let the space. Space that has been vacated by tenants of a property held by CICT can reduce the demand for and value of the property because of the loss of customer drawing power associated with the departed tenants. Even if key tenants decide to renew or lease new space, the terms of renewals or new tenancies, including the cost of required renovations or concessions to tenants, may be less favourable to CICT than current lease terms. If a key tenant terminates its tenancy, or does not renew its tenancy, replacement tenants on satisfactory terms may not be found in a timely manner or at all.

In the event of such occurrences, CICT's financial condition, results or operations, cash flows and the value of its property portfolio could decrease and it may not be able to make payments to Noteholders.

CICT may suffer an uninsured loss in respect of its properties

CICT maintains insurance policies in line with general business practices in Singapore and Germany in the retail, office and integrated development space, with policy specifications and insured limits which CICT believes are practical and adequate. Risks insured against include property damage, business interruption and public liability. There are, however, certain types of losses (such as from wars, acts of God or other unforeseen losses associated with property ownership) that generally are not insured because they are either uninsurable or not economically insurable. Should an uninsured loss or a loss in excess of insured limits occur, CICT could be required to pay compensation, suffer capital loss invested in the relevant property, or anticipated future revenue from that property. CICT would also remain liable for any debt that is with recourse to CICT and may remain liable for any mortgage indebtedness or other financial obligations related to the relevant property. Any such loss could adversely affect the results of operations and financial condition of CICT. No assurance can be given that material losses in excess of insurance proceeds will not occur in the future or that adequate insurance coverage for CICT will be available in the future on commercially reasonable terms or at commercially reasonable rates.

CICT is exposed to general risks associated with the ownership and management of real estate

CICT invests primarily in real estate which entails a higher level of risk as compared to a portfolio which has a diverse range of investments. CICT's real estate investments are subject to risks incidental to the ownership and management of retail and office properties including, among other things, competition for tenants, changes in market rents, inability to renew leases or re-let space as existing leases expire, inability to collect rent from tenants due to bankruptcy or insolvency of tenants or otherwise, inability to dispose of major investment properties for the values at which they are recorded in CICT's financial statements, increased operating costs, the need to renovate, repair and re-let space periodically and to pay the associated costs, wars, terrorist attacks, sabotage, property damage, riots, civil commotions, natural disasters and physical risks associated with climate change such as rising sea levels, flash floods, fresh water depletion,

violent storms and heat waves, safety, health and well-being risks associated with operating retail and office properties, and disruption to utilities and other events beyond CICT's control. CICT's activities may also be impacted by changes in laws and governmental regulations in relation to real estate, including those governing usage, zoning, taxes, government charges and climate change. Such revisions may lead to an increase in management expenses or unforeseen capital expenditure to ensure compliance. Rights related to the relevant properties may also be restricted by legislative actions, such as revisions to the laws relating to building standards or town planning laws, or the enactment of new laws relating to government appropriation, condemnation and redevelopment.

CICT is exposed to real estate development risks

CICT's investment mandate is to principally invest, directly or indirectly, in quality income-producing assets, which are used or primarily used for commercial purposes (including retail and/or office purposes), located predominantly in Singapore.

However, it may undertake development of real estate when the CICT Manager considers it to be in the interests of CICT and provided that CICT's investments in such development activities do not exceed such limits required under the Property Funds Appendix.

Undertaking real estate development involves various risks, including but not limited to regulatory, construction, financing, safety, health and well-being risks. For instance, various permits and approvals would have to be obtained from the relevant government agencies which may not be forthcoming, costs of construction may overrun as a result of unanticipated cost increases or delays, and external financing may not be available on acceptable terms or at all in order to fund the capital investment required for the development. In particular, the ongoing Covid-19 outbreak has resulted in, and is likely to continue to result in, increases in construction costs and construction delays due to supply chain and labour disruptions. The CICT Manager possesses a limited track record in real estate development and it may have to rely on its joint venture partners and/or service providers in respect of development activities undertaken by CICT.

There may be potential conflicts of interest between CICT, the CICT Manager, the Property Managers and CL

As at the Latest Practicable Date, CL, through its wholly owned subsidiaries, has an aggregate interest in 1,869,538,258 Units, which is equivalent to approximately 28.89% of the existing Units in issue. As a result, the overall interests of CL may influence the strategy and activities in respect of CICT. Further, CL may exercise influence over the activities of CICT through the CICT Manager and the Property Managers, all of whom are wholly-owned subsidiaries of CL.

CL, one of Asia's largest real estate companies headquartered and listed in Singapore, is also engaged in the development of real estate products and services. Its diversified global real estate portfolio includes, among others, integrated developments and shopping malls. Some of these properties in its real estate portfolio may compete directly with the properties of CICT for tenants. Further, CL and/or its subsidiaries may in the future invest in or sponsor other REITs which may also compete directly with CICT.

CICT faces certain risks in connection with the acquisition of properties from CL or parties related to CL

CICT may acquire other assets from CL or parties related to CL. There can be no assurance that the terms of such acquisitions, the negotiations in relation to such acquisitions, the acquisition value of such properties and other terms and conditions relating to the purchase of such properties (in particular, with respect to the representations, warranties and/or indemnities agreed) are not or, as the case may be, will not be adverse to CICT or reflect or, as the case may be, will reflect, an arm's length acquisition of such properties by CICT.

CICT depends on certain key personnel, and the loss of any key personnel may adversely affect its financial condition and results of operations

CICT's success depends, in part, upon the continued service and performance of members of the senior management team of the CICT Manager and certain key senior personnel. These key personnel may leave the CICT Manager in the future and compete with the CICT Manager and CICT. The loss of any of these key individuals, or of one or more of the CICT Manager's other key employees, could have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations in respect of CICT.

Future performance of CICT depends largely on CICT's ability to attract, train, retain and motivate high quality personnel, especially for its management and technical teams. The loss of key employees may have a material adverse effect on CICT's businesses, financial condition and results of operations.

CICT relies on information technology in its operations, and any material failure, inadequacy, interruption or security failure of that technology could harm its business

CICT relies on information technology networks and systems, including the internet, to process, transmit and store electronic information and to manage or support a variety of its business processes, including financial transactions and maintenance of records, which may include personally identifiable information of tenants and lease data. CICT relies on commercially available systems, software, tools and monitoring to provide security for processing, transmitting and storing confidential tenant information, such as individually identifiable information relating to financial accounts. Although CICT has taken steps to protect the security of the data maintained in its information systems, it is possible that such security measures will not be able to prevent the systems' improper functioning, or the improper disclosure of personally identifiable information such as in the event of cyber-attacks. Security breaches, including physical or electronic break-ins, computer viruses, attacks by hackers and similar breaches, can create system disruptions, shutdowns or unauthorised disclosure of confidential information. Any failure to maintain proper function, security and availability of CICT's information systems may interrupt its operations, damage its reputation, subject CICT to liability claims or regulatory penalties and could materially and adversely affect the business of CICT.

The CICT Manager may not be able to implement its asset enhancement strategy

One of the CICT Manager's strategies for growth is to increase yields and total returns through a combination of the addition and/or optimisation of commercial space at the relevant property. Any plans for AEIs are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may lead to any of such AEIs and/or their outcomes being materially different from the original projections or plans. There can, however, be no assurance that the CICT Manager will be able to implement any of its proposed AEIs successfully or that the carrying out of any AEIs will enhance the value of the relevant property. The proposed AEIs are subject to CICT obtaining the relevant authorities' approvals.

Furthermore, the CICT Manager may not be able to carry out the proposed AEIs within a desired time frame, and any benefit or return which may arise from such AEIs may be reduced or lost. Even if the AEIs are successfully carried out, there can be no assurance that CICT will achieve its intended return or benefit on such AEIs.

Certain construction risks may arise during major asset enhancement and redevelopment works on the properties

Major asset enhancement and redevelopment works entail significant risks, including shortages of materials or skilled labour, unforeseen engineering, environmental or geological problems, work stoppages, litigation, weather interference, floods and unforeseen cost increases, any of which

could give rise to delayed completions or cost overruns. Difficulties in obtaining any requisite licences, permits, allocations or authorisations from regulatory authorities could also increase the cost, or delay the works or reopening of the properties. All of these factors may affect CICT's businesses, financial condition and results of operations.

CICT is exposed to general risks associated with relying on third-party contractors to provide various services in respect of its properties

CICT will engage third-party contractors to provide various services in connection with its operations, developments and AEIs, including construction, piling and foundation, building and property fitting-out works, alterations and additions, interior decoration, installation, repair and servicing of air-conditioning units and lifts, and gardening and landscaping works. CICT is exposed to the risk that a third-party contractor may incur costs in excess of project estimates, which may have to be borne by CICT in order to complete the project.

Furthermore, major third-party contractors may experience financial or other difficulties which may affect their ability to carry out construction works, thus delaying the completion of development projects or resulting in additional costs to CICT. There can also be no assurance that the services rendered by the third-party contractors will always be satisfactory or match CICT's targeted quality levels. All of these factors could have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects of CICT.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE OPERATION OF THE PROPERTIES HELD BY CICT

The properties held by CICT may face competition from other properties

There are many commercial spaces and properties in Singapore and Germany that compete with properties held by CICT in attracting tenants. The properties held by CICT may also compete with properties that may be developed in the future. This competition may affect the occupancy rates and rental rates of properties held by CICT. The competition may result in CICT having to lower its rental rates or incur additional capital improvements to improve the properties. The competitive business environment among operators in the markets in which the business in connection with CICT operates may also have a detrimental effect on tenants' businesses and, consequently, their ability to pay rent. CICT also competes with other real estate owners for property acquisitions and property-related investments. An inability to compete effectively could affect the CICT Manager's ability to grow CICT.

CICT may be affected by the labour shortage in Singapore

Singapore's retail sector is currently experiencing a labour shortage and this may worsen over time. This may reduce the demand for retail space of the Retail Properties and the Integrated Developments which may result in a decline in the rental rates and have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT

CICT may be affected if retail spending in Singapore decreases

In the event of economic uncertainty, slower growth, and other resulting circumstances, retail spending in Singapore may be adversely affected. Retail spending in Singapore is already adversely impacted by the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic and this has affected the demand for retail space in the Retail Properties and the Integrated Developments. If Covid-19 and the economic downturn continue to persist, this may reduce the demand for retail space in the Retail Properties and the Integrated Developments, which may result in a decline in the rental rates, and have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations in respect of CICT.

CICT may be affected by growth in online shopping

Online shopping for goods and services has been gaining popularity among Singapore shoppers. This may cause a decline in profits for brick-and-mortar businesses, causing a decrease in demand for retail space in the Retail Properties and the Integrated Developments, which may result in a decline in the rental rates, and have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT.

CICT may be affected if office decentralisation or wider adoption of flexible work arrangement decreases or continues to decrease demand for prime office space in the CBD

The Covid-19 pandemic may increase demand for decentralised office space and/or cause wider adoption of flexible work-from-home arrangement in Singapore. If Covid-19 and the economic downturn continue to persist, this may reduce the demand for office space in the Office Properties and the Integrated Developments, which may result in a decline in the rental rates and occupancy of the Office Properties and the Integrated Developments. This may in turn have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operation of CICT.

CICT's Office Properties are in the same general location in Singapore, which may result in a higher level of risk compared to some other REITs that have properties spread over diverse locations

CICT's Office Properties are located in Singapore's central area, with a majority located in the city's downtown core. This concentration may entail a higher level of risk as compared to some other REITs that have properties spread over several different locations. Any circumstance which may adversely affect the operations or business of any of CICT's Office Properties or their attractiveness to tenants, may in effect affect all of CICT's Office Properties. Should this happen, CICT may not have sufficient income from its other properties (or interests in other properties) to mitigate any ensuing loss of income arising from such circumstance.

Potential liability for environmental problems could result in unanticipated costs

CICT's properties are subject to various environmental laws, including those relating to soil contamination, health, hygiene, air pollution control, water pollution control, waste disposal, noise pollution control and storage of hazardous materials. The costs of removal or remediation of such substances could be substantial. These laws often impose liability without regard as to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the release or presence of hazardous substances. There can be no assurance that potential environmental liabilities do not exist or will not arise in the future. The presence of contamination or hazardous substances on CICT's properties could adversely affect CICT's ability to lease or sell such properties or to borrow using CICT's properties as collateral, which could have an adverse effect on CICT's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Losses or liabilities from latent property or equipment defects may adversely affect earnings and cash flow

Design, construction or other latent property or equipment defects in CICT's properties may require additional capital expenditure, special repair, maintenance expenses or the payment of damages or other obligations to third parties. Costs or liabilities arising from such property or equipment defects may involve significant and potentially unpredictable patterns and levels of expenditure which may have a material adverse effect on the earnings and cash flows of CICT.

The costs of maintaining CICT's properties and the risk of unforeseen maintenance or repair requirements tend to increase over time as the properties age. The business and operation of the properties may be disrupted as a result of asset enhancement works and it may not be possible to collect the full rate of, or, as the case may be, any rental income on the space affected by such asset enhancement works. In addition, statutory or contractual representations, warranties and indemnities given by any seller of real estate properties are unlikely to afford satisfactory protection from costs or liabilities arising from such property or equipment defects.

The properties of CICT may be adversely affected if the property manager or any other person appointed to manage a property of CICT does not provide adequate management and maintenance

If the property manager or any other person appointed to manage a property of CICT fails to provide adequate management and maintenance to such property, the value of such property of CICT may be adversely affected which may result in a loss of tenants. Accordingly, the ability of CICT to make payments to Noteholders may be adversely affected.

CICT is exposed to lease expiries each year, with no assurance of renewals or new leases and possible negative rent reversions

A substantial number of the leases for the CMT Portfolio properties are for periods of up to three years, and for the CCT Portfolio properties, between three and four years in Singapore and five to nine years in Germany, which reflects the general practice in the Singapore and German retail and office property market, as well as part of the CICT Manager's growth strategy, to ensure tenancy mix is aligned with current market trends. As a result, CICT's properties experience lease cycles in which a number of its leases expire each year. This exposes CICT to certain risks, including the risk that vacancies following non-renewal of leases may lead to reduced occupancy rates which may in turn reduce CICT's gross revenue. If a large number of tenants do not renew their leases in a year when a high concentration of leases expires, it could have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations in respect of CICT.

If the rental rates for the properties held by CICT decrease, or if existing tenants of properties held by CICT do not renew their tenancies, or if a significant portion of its vacant space and space for which tenancies are scheduled to expire cannot be re-leased, there may be an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations in respect of CICT.

Performance of contractual obligations by CICT is dependent on other parties

The ability of the Issuer to make payments in respect of the Notes may depend upon the due performance by the other parties to the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement of their obligations thereunder including the performance by the CICT Manager, the Trustee, the Registrar and/or the Issuing and Paying Agent of their respective obligations. Whilst the non-performance of any relevant parties will not relieve the Issuer of its obligations to make payments in respect of the Notes, the Issuer may not, in such circumstances, be able to fulfil its obligations to the Noteholders.

Acquisitions may not yield the returns expected, resulting in disruptions to CICT's business and straining of management resources

Future acquisitions may cause disruptions to the operations of CICT and divert management's attention away from day-to day operations. Newly acquired properties may require significant management attention that would otherwise be devoted to the ongoing business of CICT. Notwithstanding pre-acquisition due diligence, it is not possible to fully understand a property before it is owned and operated for an extended period of time.

In addition, CICT's acquisition growth strategy and its asset selection process may not be successful and may not provide positive returns, which could have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT.

CICT may be unable to successfully integrate and operate the properties under CCT and future acquisitions, which could have an adverse effect on CICT

CICT's ability to successfully integrate and operate the properties under CCT and future acquisitions is subject to the following significant risks:

- it may spend more than budgeted amounts to make necessary improvements or renovation to acquired properties, as well as require substantial management time and attention;
- it may be unable to integrate new acquisitions quickly and efficiently, particularly acquisition of operating businesses or portfolios of properties, into its existing operations;
- acquired properties may be subject to reassessment, which may result in higher than expected property tax payments; and
- its tenant retention and lease renewal risks may be increased; and market conditions may result in higher than expected vacancy rates and lower than expected rental rates.

Any inability to integrate and operate acquired properties to meet CICT's financial, operational and strategic expectations could have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT.

The properties of CICT or a part of them may be subject to compulsory acquisition by the respective governments of the markets in which it invests

The properties of CICT or a part of them may be subject to compulsory acquisition by the respective governments of the markets in which it invests from time to time.

For example, in Singapore, where the majority of the properties of CICT are situated, the Land Acquisition Act, Chapter 152 of Singapore, gives the Government of Singapore the power to, among other things, acquire any land in Singapore:

- for any public purpose;
- where the acquisition is of public benefit or of public utility or in the public interest; or
- for any residential, commercial or industrial purpose.

The value paid by the relevant authority will depend on the applicable laws and regulations and may be lower than the price which CICT paid for the relevant property and/or the market value of such property at the relevant time. For example, in Singapore, where any of the properties of CICT located in Singapore are acquired compulsorily, the relevant authority will take into consideration, among others, the market value of the property (or part thereof) as assessed on the basis prescribed in the relevant rules and regulations, which may be lower than the price which CICT paid for the property and/or the market value of such property at the relevant time.

The compulsory acquisition of any of the properties owned by CICT or a part of them would therefore have an adverse effect on the assets of CICT if the price paid by the relevant authority is lower than the price which CICT paid for the relevant property and/or the market value of such property at the relevant time.

The gross revenue earned from, and the value of, the properties in CICT's portfolio may be adversely affected by a number of factors

The gross revenue earned from, and the value of, properties held by CICT may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including:

- vacancies following the expiry or termination of tenancies that lead to reduced occupancy rates which reduce CICT's gross revenue and its ability to recover certain operating costs through service charges;
- the ability of the property managers of CICT to collect rent from tenants on a timely basis or at all;
- tenants requesting deferral and/or waiver of rent due to the impact of the current economic downturn;
- tenants requesting waiver of interest on late payment of rent;
- events affecting the properties in CICT's portfolio which could result in the inability of the relevant tenants to operate in such properties and thereby resulting in the inability of such tenants to make timely payments of rent;
- tenants seeking the protection of bankruptcy laws which could result in delays in the receipt of rental payments, inability to collect rental income at all, or delays in the termination of the tenant's lease, or which could hinder or delay the re-letting of the space in question;
- the amount of rent payable by tenants and other terms on which lease renewals and new leases are agreed being less favourable than current leases;
- the local and international economic climate and real estate market conditions (such as oversupply of, or reduced demand for, retail and commercial space, changes in market rental rates and operating expenses for the properties held by CICT);
- the CICT Manager's ability to provide adequate management and maintenance or to put in place adequate insurance;
- competition for tenants from other similar properties which may affect rental income or occupancy levels of the properties held by CICT;
- changes in laws and governmental regulations in relation to real estate, including those governing usage, zoning, taxes and government charges. Such revisions may lead to an increase in management expenses or unforeseen capital expenditure (including AEIs) needed to ensure compliance. Rights related to the relevant properties may also be restricted by legislative actions, such as revisions to the laws relating to building standards or town planning laws, or the enactment of new laws related to condemnation and redevelopment; and
- natural disasters, acts of God, wars, terrorist attacks, riots, civil commotions, widespread communicable diseases and other events beyond the control of the CICT Manager.

The properties held by CICT may be subject to increases in property expenses and operating expenses

CICT's ability to make payments under the Notes could be adversely affected if property expenses, such as maintenance and sinking fund charges, property management fees, property taxes, marketing expenses, utilities and other operating expenses increase without a corresponding increase in revenue.

Factors which could increase property expenses and operating expenses include any:

- increase in the amount of maintenance and sinking fund charges for any affected properties held by CICT;
- increase in property taxes and other statutory charges;
- change in statutory laws, regulations or government policies which increase the cost of compliance with such laws, regulations or policies. Such revisions may lead to an increase in management expenses or unforeseen capital expenditure to ensure compliance. Rights related to the relevant properties may also be restricted by legislative actions, such as revisions to the laws relating to building standards or town planning laws, or the enactment of new laws related to condemnation and redevelopment;
- increase in utility charges;
- increase in sub-contracted service costs;
- increase in the rate of inflation;
- increase in insurance premiums;
- costs arising from litigation claims; and
- damage or defect affecting any properties held by CICT which needs to be rectified, leading to unforeseen capital expenditure.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH SINGAPORE AND THE REGION

The outbreak of an infectious disease or any other serious public health concerns in Asia and elsewhere could adversely impact CICT's business, results of operations and financial condition

Outbreaks of infectious diseases and other serious public health concerns, including epidemics and pandemics, in Asia, Europe, North America and elsewhere may be beyond CICT's control and may adversely affect the economies of the countries in which CICT is exposed to. Such outbreaks include, but are not limited to, Covid-19, Ebola Virus, Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome ("SARS"), H5N1 avian flu, swine flu ("Influenza A (H1N1)") or the Zika virus. There can be no assurance that any precautionary measures taken against infectious diseases would be effective.

Outbreaks of infectious diseases or other serious public health concerns such as Covid-19, SARS, Influenza A (H1N1), MERS, the Zika virus and avian influenza in Asia, Europe, North America and elsewhere, together with any resulting disruption to business operations or the imposition of restrictions on travel and/or quarantines, would have a negative impact on the overall market sentiment, economy and business activities in Asia, Europe and North America and elsewhere, thereby adversely affecting the revenues, financial position and results of operations of CICT.

In particular, the Covid-19 pandemic has resulted in a public health crisis globally and the number of reported cases of Covid-19 worldwide, as well as the number of reported deaths as a consequence, significantly exceeds those observed during the SARS epidemic that occurred from November 2002 to July 2003. The Covid-19 outbreak has resulted in quarantines, travel restrictions, enhanced health screenings at ports of entry and elsewhere, event cancellations and suspensions, city lockdowns and closed international borders.

The Covid-19 pandemic has resulted in an unprecedented global economic crisis. As a result of the unprecedented measures taken by governments globally, including the imposition of severe movement and travel restrictions, lockdowns, border controls and safe distancing, there have been severe disruptions to businesses in many sectors, including retail, hospitality, travel, manufacturing, logistics, construction, aviation and shipping and many economic activities have come to a halt. The outbreak has resulted, and continues to result, in protracted market volatility, business shutdowns and falling real estate prices. Singapore is now facing its worst economic recession as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic. Based on advance estimates from the MTI, the Singapore economy contracted by 7.0% on a year-on-year basis in the third quarter of 2020, due to Circuit Breaker measures that were implemented from 7 April to 1 June 2020 to slow the spread of Covid-19, which included the suspension of non-essential services and closure of most workplace premises, as well as weak external demand amidst a global economic downturn precipitated by the Covid-19 pandemic. The MTI has revised its 2020 gross domestic product growth forecast for the Singapore economy to be between -7.0% to -5.0%. A number of governments (including the Government of Singapore) have revised gross domestic product growth forecasts for 2020 downward in response to the economic slowdown caused by the outbreak.

Accordingly, Covid-19 could have an adverse impact on the business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects of CICT. For instance, impact on the economy and the measures imposed by the Government of Singapore in response to the Covid-19 outbreak in Singapore have resulted in lower footfall in malls, wider adoption of flexible work arrangements (including telecommuting), reduced demand for space by current or potential tenants, requests by existing tenants for rental rebates or reductions or delayed payment, reduced rental rates and/or shorter lease terms for new or renewed leases, early termination of existing leases, and/or lower rental income. As the impact of Covid-19 is fluid and evolving, significant market uncertainty exists. Consequently, the valuations of investment properties are currently subject to material estimation uncertainty. Values may change more rapidly and significantly than during standard market conditions.

Given the uncertainties as to how the Covid-19 pandemic will continue to evolve and when it can be fully contained, it is difficult to predict how long such conditions will exist and when normal economic activities will return fully and the extent to which the CICT may be affected by such conditions. Moreover, given the unprecedented nature of the Covid-19 pandemic, the ongoing pandemic may also adversely affect CICT in ways that cannot be foreseen.

Other than the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic, the occurrence of any other outbreak of infectious disease or serious public health concerns, or the measures taken by the governments of affected countries, including Singapore, against such an outbreak, such as the imposition of quarantines and lockdown measures, could severely disrupt CICT's business operations and undermine investor confidence, thereby materially and adversely affecting its financial condition and results of operations.

Terrorist attacks, other acts of violence or war and adverse political developments may affect the business and results of operations of the Group

Terrorist attacks, other acts of violence or war and adverse political developments in various parts of the world have resulted in economic volatility, escalating geopolitical tensions between the United States and China, and social unrest in Southeast Asia and Europe. Further developments stemming from these events or other similar events could cause further volatility. Any further terrorist activities could also materially and adversely affect international financial markets and the Singapore and German economies which may in turn adversely affect the operations, revenues and profitability of the Group. The consequences of any of these terrorist attacks or armed conflicts are unpredictable, and the CICT Manager may not be able to foresee or pre-empt events that could have an adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Occurrence of any acts of God may adversely and materially affect the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT

Acts of God, such as natural disasters, are beyond the control of CICT or the CICT Manager. These may materially and adversely affect the economy, infrastructure and livelihood of the local population. CICT's business and operations may be adversely affected should such acts of God occur. There is no assurance that any acts of God in any part of the world will not, directly or indirectly, have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of CICT.

Singapore Financial Reporting Standards differ from those which prospective investors may be familiar with in other countries

The financial statements in respect of CICT have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice (RAP) 7 "Reporting Framework for Unit Trusts" ("RAP 7") issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants, which requires that accounting policies adopted should generally comply with the principles relating to recognition and measurement of the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards.

RAP 7 and the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards may differ in certain significant respects from International Financial Reporting Standards and other accounting/auditing standards with which prospective investors may be familiar in other countries. No attempt has been made to reconcile any of the information given in this Information Memorandum to any other principles or to base it on any other standards.

Accordingly, there may be substantial differences in the results of operations, cash flows and financial position in respect of CICT if financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards or such other accounting/auditing standards.

Changes in government legislation, regulations or policies which affect property demand directly or indirectly will adversely affect the Group's financial performance

The property market in Singapore is subject to government regulations. Such regulations include land and title acquisition, development planning, design and construction as well as mortgage financing and refinancing. In addition to imposing new rules, being the biggest supplier of land, the Singapore Government also regulates the supply of land to developers from time to time so as to modulate the demand and supply of property in order to maintain an orderly and stable property market. There is no assurance that any changes in such regulations or policies imposed by the Singapore Government will not have an adverse effect on the Group's financial performance. Also, there can be no such assurance that governments in other countries where the Group may look to undertake property acquisitions would not impose similar restrictions on the supply of property.

RISKS RELATING TO THE NOTES

This Information Memorandum does not contain any *pro forma* financial information of the enlarged Group and historical financial information of the CMT Group are not indicative of the future performance of the enlarged Group

This Information Memorandum only contains the historical financial statements in respect of the CMT Group. Investors should note that there is no consolidated financial information of the enlarged Group contained in this Information Memorandum. Accordingly, potential investors are cautioned not to unduly rely on the historical financial results of the CMT Group as they are not indicative of the future financial results to be expected in respect of the enlarged Group and do not give a true picture of the actual results, cash flows or financial position of the enlarged Group.

As such, potential investors should exercise caution when using such data to evaluate the total returns and financial position of the enlarged Group.

The *pro forma* financial effects of the Merger contained in this Information Memorandum are not necessarily indicative of the future performance of the enlarged Group

The *pro forma* financial effects of the Merger set out in the section “*Description of CICT (formerly known as CMT) – Pro Forma Financial Effects of the Merger as at 30 June 2020*” are subject to various assumptions and are not necessarily indicative of the future performance of the enlarged Group. There is no assurance that the properties of the enlarged Group will be able to generate sufficient revenue for the enlarged Group.

Potential investors should note that the *pro forma* financial effects of the Merger set out in this Information Memorandum are for illustrative purposes only and should exercise caution when using such information to evaluate the future performance of the enlarged Group.

Limited liquidity of the Notes

There can be no assurance regarding the future development of the secondary market for the Notes issued under the MTN Programme, the ability of the Noteholders, or the price at which the Noteholders may be able, to sell their Notes. Notes may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be very liquid. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Notes easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This is particularly the case for Notes that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies, or have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Notes generally would have a more limited secondary market and greater price volatility than conventional debt securities. Illiquidity may have a severely adverse effect on the market value of the Notes.

Although the issue of additional Notes may increase the liquidity of the Notes in general, there can be no assurance that the price of such Notes will not be adversely affected by the issue of such additional Notes in the market.

Exchange rate risks and exchange controls

The Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Notes and the Guarantor will make any payments under the Guarantee in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor’s financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the “**Investor’s Currency**”) other than the Specified Currency. These risks include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor’s Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor’s Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor’s Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (1) the Investor’s Currency-equivalent yield on the Notes, (2) the Investor’s Currency-equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes and (3) the Investor’s Currency-equivalent market value of the Notes.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

Fluctuation of the market value of the Notes

Trading prices of the Notes are influenced by numerous factors, including (i) the market for similar securities, (ii) the respective operating results and/or financial conditions of the Group and (iii) the political, economic, financial and any other factors that can affect the capital markets, the industry and the Group. Adverse economic developments in Singapore as well as countries in which CICT operates or has business dealings could have a material adverse effect on the operating results and/or the financial condition of CICT and the market value of the Notes. As a result, the market price of the Notes may be above or below the price at which the Notes were initially issued to the market.

The Issuer and the Guarantor may not, in certain circumstances, be able to fulfil their obligations under the Notes

The ability of the Issuer or the Guarantor to make payments in respect of the Notes may depend upon the due performance by the other parties to the Transaction Documents of the obligations thereunder including the performance by the Trustee, the Issuing and Paying Agent and/or the agent bank of their respective obligations. Whilst the non-performance of any relevant parties will not relieve the Issuer or the Guarantor of their obligations to make payments in respect of the Notes, the Issuer and/or the Guarantor may not, in such circumstances, be able to fulfil their obligations to the Noteholders and the Couponholders.

Interest rate risk

Noteholders may suffer unforeseen losses due to fluctuations in interest rates. Generally, a rise in interest rates may cause a fall in the price of the Notes, resulting in a capital loss for the Noteholders. However, the Noteholders may reinvest the interest payments at higher prevailing interest rates. Conversely, when interest rates fall, the price of the Notes may rise. The Noteholders may enjoy a capital gain but interest payments received may be reinvested at lower prevailing interest rates.

Inflation risk

Noteholders may suffer erosion on the return of their investments due to inflation. Noteholders would have an anticipated rate of return based on expected inflation rates on the purchase of the Notes. An unexpected increase in inflation could reduce the actual returns.

Enforcement of the Guarantee

Noteholders should note that the Guarantee is issued by the Guarantor, and not CICT, since CICT is not a legal entity. Noteholders should note that under the terms of the Guarantee, Noteholders shall only have recourse in respect of the Guarantee to the assets comprised in CICT which HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (in its capacity as trustee of CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust) has recourse to under the CICT Trust Deed and not to HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited personally nor any other properties held by HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited as trustee of any trust (other than CICT). Further, Noteholders do not have direct access to the assets comprised in CICT and can only gain access to such assets through the Guarantor and, if necessary, seek to subrogate to the Guarantor's right of indemnity out of such assets. Accordingly, any claim of the Noteholders to the assets comprised in CICT is derivative in nature. A Noteholder's right of subrogation therefore could be limited by the CICT Trustee's right of indemnity under the CICT Trust Deed. Noteholders should also note that such right of indemnity of the Guarantor may be limited or lost through fraud, negligence, wilful default, breach of trust or breach of the CICT Trust Deed.

Singapore Taxation Risk

The Notes to be issued from time to time under the MTN Programme during the period from the date of this Information Memorandum to 31 December 2023 are intended to be “qualifying debt securities” for the purposes of the ITA, subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions more particularly described in the section entitled “*Taxation – Singapore Taxation*”. However, there is no assurance that the Notes will continue to be “qualifying debt securities” or that the tax concessions in connection therewith will apply throughout the tenure of the Notes should the relevant tax laws be amended or revoked at any time.

Ratings of the MTN Programme or the Notes

The ratings that may be assigned to the MTN Programme or a particular Note issue by the Rating Agencies are based on the views of the Rating Agencies only. The rating assigned to the MTN Programme or any particular Note issue addresses only the Rating Agencies’ views on the likelihood of the timely payment of interest and the ultimate payment of principal by the maturity date of the Notes issued under the MTN Programme. However, future events could have a negative impact on the ratings of the Notes and prospective investors should be aware that there is no assurance that ratings given will continue or that the ratings would not be reviewed, revised, suspended or withdrawn as a result of future events or judgement on the part of the Rating Agencies. Any rating changes that could occur may have a negative impact on the market value of the Notes.

The Notes may not be a suitable investment for all investors

Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (a) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the Notes and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Information Memorandum or any applicable supplement;
- (b) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Notes and the impact the Notes will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (c) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes, including Notes with principal or interest payable in one or more currencies, or where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor’s currency;
- (d) understand thoroughly the terms of the Notes and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets; and
- (e) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Some Notes are complex financial instruments. Sophisticated institutional investors generally do not purchase complex financial instruments as stand-alone investments. They purchase complex financial instruments as a way to reduce risk or enhance yield with an understood, measured, appropriate addition of risk to their overall portfolios. A potential investor should not invest in Notes which are complex financial instruments unless it has the expertise (either alone or with a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of the Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor’s

overall investment portfolio. Investors should consult their own legal, tax, accounting, financial and other professional advisers to assist them in evaluating the suitability of the Notes for them as an investment. Investors should make an investment only after they have determined that such an investment is suitable for their financial investment objectives.

Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Notes

A wide range of Notes may be issued under the MTN Programme. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of the most common features:

The regulation and reform of “benchmarks” may adversely affect the value of Notes linked to or referencing such “benchmarks”

Interest rates and indices which are deemed to be “benchmarks”, including the London interbank offered rate (“**LIBOR**”), the euro interbank offered rate (“**EURIBOR**”) and SIBOR are the subject of recent national and international regulatory guidance and proposals for reform. Some of these reforms are already effective whilst others are still to be implemented. These reforms may cause such benchmarks to perform differently than in the past, to disappear entirely, or have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Any such consequence could have a material adverse effect on any Notes referencing such a benchmark.

Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 (the “**Benchmarks Regulation**”) applies, subject to certain transitional provisions, to the provision of benchmarks, the contribution of input data to a benchmark and the use of a benchmark within the EU (which, for these purposes, includes the United Kingdom). Among other things, it (i) requires benchmark administrators to be authorised or registered (or, if non-EU-based, to be subject to an equivalent regime or otherwise recognised or endorsed) and (ii) prevents certain uses by EU supervised entities of benchmarks of administrators that are not authorised or registered (or, if non-EU based, not deemed equivalent or recognised or endorsed).

The Benchmarks Regulation could have a material impact on any Notes linked to or referencing a benchmark in particular, if the methodology or other terms of the benchmark are changed in order to comply with the requirements of the Benchmarks Regulation. Such changes could, among other things, have the effect of reducing, increasing or otherwise affecting the volatility of the published rate or level of the relevant benchmark.

More broadly, any of the international or national reforms, or the general increased regulatory scrutiny of benchmarks, could increase the costs and risks of administering or otherwise participating in the setting of a benchmark and complying with any such regulations or requirements.

Specifically, the sustainability of LIBOR has been questioned as a result of the absence of relevant active underlying markets and possible disincentives (including possibly as a result of benchmark reforms) for market participants to continue contributing to such benchmarks. The UK Financial Conduct Authority has indicated through a series of announcements that the continuation of LIBOR on the current basis cannot and will not be guaranteed after 2021.

Separately, the euro risk free-rate working group for the euro area has published a set of guiding principles and high level recommendations for fallback provisions in, amongst other things, new euro denominated cash products (including bonds) referencing EURIBOR. The guiding principles indicate, among other things, that continuing to reference EURIBOR in relevant contracts (without robust fallback provisions) may increase the risk to the euro area financial system.

In addition, as the Singapore Dollar swap offer rate (“**SOR**”) methodology relies on USD LIBOR in its computation, the likely discontinuation of LIBOR after the end of 2021 will impact the future sustainability of SOR. On 30 August 2019, MAS announced that it has established a steering committee to oversee an industry-wide interest rate benchmark transition from SOR to the Singapore Overnight Rate Average (“**SORA**”). In addition, the Association of Banks in Singapore (“**ABS**”) and the Singapore Foreign Exchange Market Committee (“**SFEMC**”) released a consultation report “Roadmap for Transition of Interest Rate Benchmarks: From SOR to SORA” identifying SORA as the alternative interest rate benchmark to SOR, envisaging a phased transition over two years. On 19 March 2020, the Steering Committee for SOR Transition to SORA (“**SC-STs**”) released its response to feedback received on the consultation report in which the SC-STs noted that overall, there was broad support for the proposed transition roadmap and approach set out in the consultation report. In its response, the SC-STs also outlined its key priorities and updated transition roadmap to achieve a smooth transition from SOR to SORA as the new interest rate benchmark for the SGD cash and derivatives markets. On 29 July 2020, the ABS and SFEMC issued another consultation report titled “SIBOR Reform and the Future Landscape for SGD Interest Rate Benchmarks” which recommends the discontinuation of SIBOR in three to four years, and a shift to the use of the SORA as the main interest rate benchmark for SGD financial markets. On 5 August 2020, MAS announced several key initiatives to support the adoption of SORA, which include issuing SORA-based floating rate notes on a monthly basis starting from 21 August 2020, as well as publishing key statistics involving SORA on a daily basis. As part of the initiatives by MAS, SORA was prescribed as a financial benchmark under the SFA pursuant to the Securities and Futures (Prescribed Financial Benchmark) Regulations 2020, which came into operation on 5 August 2020. On 27 October 2020, the SC-STs announced industry timelines to support a coordinated shift away from the use of SOR in financial products, and to concurrently accelerate usage of SORA. The key timelines are: (a) by end-April 2021, all lenders and borrowers are to cease issuance of SOR-linked loans and securities that mature after end-2021; (b) to support this, all Domestic Systemically Important Banks (“**D-SIBs**”)² should be ready to offer a full-suite of SORA-based products to their customers by end-February 2021, and all non-D-SIB banks should be ready to offer new SORA-based products by end-April 2021; and by end-September 2021, all banks are to have substantially reduced gross exposures to SOR derivatives, including centrally cleared interbank transactions.

It is not possible to predict with certainty whether, and to what extent, the “benchmarks” will continue to be supported going forward. This may cause the benchmarks to perform differently than they have done in the past, and may have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Such factors may have (without limitation) the following effects on certain benchmarks: (i) discouraging market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to a benchmark; (ii) triggering changes in the rules or methodologies used in the benchmark and/or (iii) leading to the disappearance of the benchmark. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on any Notes linked to, referencing, or otherwise dependent (in whole or in part) upon, a benchmark.

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by the Benchmarks Regulation reforms or any of the international or national reforms and the possible application of the benchmark replacement provisions of any Notes in making any investment decision with respect to any Notes linked to or referencing a benchmark.

² The D-SIBs listed in alphabetical order are: Citibank Singapore Limited, DBS Bank Ltd, HSBC Bank (Singapore) Ltd, Maybank Singapore Ltd, Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Ltd, Standard Chartered Bank, and United Overseas Bank Ltd.

Notes subject to optional redemption by the Issuer

An optional redemption feature is likely to limit the market value of Notes. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, the market value of those Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

The Issuer may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may bear interest at a rate that converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. Where the Issuer has the right to effect such a conversion, this will affect the secondary market in, and the market value of, the Notes since the Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to result in a lower overall cost of borrowing for the Issuer. If the Issuer converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate in such circumstances, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes. If the Issuer converts from a floating rate to a fixed rate in such circumstances, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing rates on its Notes.

Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium

The market values of securities issued at a substantial discount or premium from their principal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of the securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Modification and waivers

The Conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling meetings of Noteholders to consider and vote upon matters affecting their interests generally, or to pass resolutions in writing, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of a modification of the Notes, the Receipts, the Coupons or any of the provisions of the Trust Deed. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting or, as the case may be, did not sign the written resolution, and including those Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

The Conditions of the Notes also provide that the Trustee may, without the consent of the Noteholders, agree to (a) any modification of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, any of the Conditions of the Notes or any provisions of the Trust Deed or (b) determine without the consent of the Noteholders that any Event of Default or Potential Event of Default shall not be treated as such, in the circumstances described in Condition 11 (*Meeting of Noteholders and Modifications*).

Commencement of proceedings under applicable Singapore insolvency or related laws may result in a material adverse effect on Noteholders

There can be no assurance that the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or CICT will not become bankrupt or insolvent or the subject of judicial management, schemes of arrangement, winding-up or liquidation orders or other insolvency-related proceedings or procedures. It is unclear whether Singapore insolvency and related laws applicable to companies can be applied to real estate investment trusts and business trusts. Application of these laws may have a material adverse effect on Noteholders. Without being exhaustive, below are some matters that could have a material adverse effect on Noteholders. Where any of the Issuer, the Guarantor or CICT is insolvent or close to insolvent and the Issuer, the Guarantor or CICT (as the case may be) undergoes certain insolvency procedures, there may be a moratorium against actions and proceedings which may apply in the case of judicial management, schemes of arrangement and/or winding-up in relation to the Issuer, the Guarantor or CICT (as the case may be). It may also be possible that if a company related to the Issuer, the Guarantor or CICT (as the case may be) proposes a creditor scheme of arrangement and obtains an order for a moratorium, the Issuer, the Guarantor or CICT (as the case may be) may also seek a moratorium even if the Issuer, the Guarantor or CICT (as the case may be) not itself proposing a scheme of arrangement. These moratoriums can be lifted with court permission and in the case of judicial management, additionally with the permission of the judicial manager. Accordingly, if for instance there is any need for the Trustee to bring an action against the Issuer, the Guarantor or CICT (as the case may be), the need to obtain court permission may result in delays in being able to bring or continue legal proceedings that may be necessary in the process of recovery.

Further, Noteholders may be made subject to a binding scheme of arrangement where the majority in number representing 75% in value of creditors and the court approve such scheme. In respect of company-initiated creditor schemes of arrangement, there are cram-down provisions that may apply to a dissenting class of creditors. The court may notwithstanding a single class of dissenting creditors approve a scheme provided an overall majority in number representing 75% in value of the creditors meant to be bound by the scheme have agreed to it and provided that the scheme does not unfairly discriminate and is fair and equitable to each dissenting class and the court is of the view that it is appropriate to approve the scheme. In such scenarios, Noteholders may be bound by a scheme of arrangement to which they may have dissented.

The Insolvency, Restructuring and Dissolution Act 2018 (Act 40 of 2018) (the “**IRD Act**”) was passed in the Parliament of Singapore on 1 October 2018 and came into force on 30 July 2020. The IRD Act includes a prohibition against terminating, amending or claiming an accelerated payment or forfeiture of the term under, any agreement (including a security agreement) with a company that commences certain insolvency or rescue proceedings (and before the conclusion of such proceedings), by reason only that the proceedings are commenced or that the company is insolvent. This prohibition is not expected to apply to any contract or agreement that is, or that is directly connected with, a debenture. However, it may apply to other related contracts that are not found to be directly connected to the Notes.

Change of law

The Conditions of the Notes are based on Singapore law in effect as at the date of this Information Memorandum. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to Singapore law administrative practise after the date of this Information Memorandum.

Notes where denominations involve integral multiples: definitive Notes

In relation to any issue of Notes which have denominations consisting of a minimum Denomination Amount (as described in the applicable Pricing Supplement) plus one or more higher integral multiples of another smaller amount, it is possible that such Notes may be traded in amounts that are not integral multiples of such minimum Denomination Amount. In such a case a holder who, as a result of trading such amounts, holds an amount which is less than the minimum Denomination Amount in his account with the relevant clearing system at the relevant time may not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding (should definitive Notes be printed) and would need to purchase a principal amount of Notes such that its holding amounts to a Denomination Amount.

If definitive Notes are issued, holders should be aware that definitive Notes which have a denomination that is not an integral multiple of the minimum Denomination Amount may be illiquid and difficult to trade.

Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive

As described in the section entitled “*Use of Proceeds*”, the Issuer and the Group will use the proceeds from each issue of Notes under the MTN Programme to refinance the existing borrowings of the Group, to finance the investments comprised in CICT, to on-lend to any trust, fund or entity in which CICT has an interest, to finance any asset enhancement works initiated in respect of CICT or such trust, fund or entity, or to finance the general corporate and working capital purposes in respect of the Group. Under the Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers (the “**AIFMD**”) and the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 and relevant guidance issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority, the marketing of an alternative investment fund (an “**AIF**”) in an EU jurisdiction is prohibited unless certain criteria are met. While the Issuer does not consider itself to be an AIF and does not consider any issue of Notes to be an AIF, there is a risk that due to the Issuer’s use of the proceeds of the Notes, a Note issuance or the Issuer could be characterised as an AIF. In this case, any Note issuances could only be marketed in the EU in accordance with the marketing restrictions applicable to AIFs and any marketing not in accordance with those rules would be a breach of regulatory requirements. Characterisation as an AIF may therefore affect the liquidity of the Notes. It may also affect the regulatory treatment of the Notes for certain types of investors.

Reliance on the procedures of the relevant Clearing System(s)

Notes issued under the MTN Programme will be represented on issue by one or more Global Notes that may be deposited with a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg or CDP (each, a “**Clearing System**”). Except in the circumstances described in each Global Note, investors will not be entitled to receive Notes in definitive form. The relevant Clearing Systems and their respective direct and indirect participants will maintain records of the beneficial interests in each Global Note held through it. While the Notes are represented by a Global Note, investors will be able to trade their beneficial interests only through the relevant Clearing Systems and their respective participants.

While the Notes are represented by Global Notes, the Issuer will discharge its payment obligation under the Notes by making payments through the relevant Clearing Systems. A holder of a beneficial interest in a Global Note must rely on the procedures of the relevant Clearing System and its participants to receive payments under the Notes. The Issuer has no responsibility or liability for the records relating to, or payments made in respect of, beneficial interests in any Global Note.

FORM OF PRICING SUPPLEMENT

Pricing Supplement

CMT MTN PTE. LTD.
(the “Issuer”)
(Incorporated with limited liability in Singapore)

S\$7,000,000,000

Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme

SERIES NO: [●]
TRANCHE NO: [●]
[Brief Description and Amount of Notes]
Issue Price: [●]%

[Publicity Name(s) of Dealer(s)]

Issuing and Paying Agent
[Name]
[Address]

The date of the Pricing Supplement is [●]

PRIIPs Regulation/PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA AND UK RETAIL INVESTORS – The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (“**EEA**”) or in the United Kingdom (the “**UK**”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”); (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 (as amended, the “**Insurance Distribution Directive**”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the “**Prospectus Regulation**”). Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the “**PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA or in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA or in the UK may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.

[MiFID II product governance/target market – *[appropriate target market legend to be included]*

[Notification under Section 309B of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289) of Singapore – *[To insert notice if classification of the Notes is not “prescribed capital markets products”, pursuant to Section 309B of the SFA or Excluded Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products)]*

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

This Pricing Supplement relates to the Tranche of Notes referred to above.

This Pricing Supplement, under which the Notes described herein (the “**Notes**”) are issued, is supplemental to, and should be read in conjunction with, the Information Memorandum dated 16 November 2020 (as revised, supplemented, amended, updated or replaced from time to time, the “**Information Memorandum**”) issued in relation to the S\$7,000,000,000 Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme of CMT MTN Pte. Ltd. (the “**Issuer**”) and unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (in its capacity as trustee of CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust (formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust)). Terms defined in the Information Memorandum have the same meaning in this Pricing Supplement. The Notes will be issued on the terms of this Pricing Supplement read together with the Information Memorandum. This Pricing Supplement does not constitute, and may not be used for the purposes of, an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation, and no action is being taken to permit an offering of the Notes or the distribution of this Pricing Supplement in any jurisdiction where such action is required.

The terms of the Notes and additional provisions relating to their issue are as follows:

[Include whichever of the following apply]

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Series No.: | [●] |
| 2. Tranche No.: | [●] |
| 3. Currency: | [●] |
| 4. Principal Amount of Series: | [●] |
| 5. Principal Amount of Tranche: | [●] |
| 6. [Private Banking Rebates: | [Yes/Not Applicable] <i>[insert figures or estimates]</i> |
| 7. Denomination Amount: | <p>[●] <i>(Note – where multiple denominations above [€100,000] or equivalent are being used the following sample wording should be followed:</i></p> <p><i>“[€100,000] and integral multiples of [€1,000] in excess thereof up to and including [€199,000]. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [€199,000].”</i></p> |
| 8. Calculation Amount (if different from Denomination Amount): | [●] |
| 9. Issue Date: | [●] |
| 10. Amount: (including early redemption) | <p>[Denomination Amount/[others]]</p> <p>[Specify early redemption amount if different from final redemption amount or if different from that set out in the Conditions]</p> |
| 11. Interest Basis: | <p>[Fixed Rate/Floating Rate/Variable Rate/Zero-Coupon]</p> |
| 12. Interest Commencement Date: | [●] |

13. Fixed Rate Notes

- (a) Maturity Date: [●]
- (b) Day Count Fraction: [●]
- (c) Reference Date(s): [●]
- (d) Initial Broken Amount: [●]
- (e) Final Broken Amount: [●]
- (f) Interest Rate: [●]% per annum

14. Floating Rate Notes

- (a) Redemption Month: [●]
- (b) Interest Determination Date: [●]
- (c) Day Count Fraction: [●]
- (d) Interest Period: [●]
- (e) Specified Number of Months/
Interest Payment Dates: [●]
- (f) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Business Day Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention/other (give details)]
- (g) Primary Source: [Specify relevant screen page or "Reference Banks"]
- (h) Reference Banks: [Specify]
- (i) Spread: [●]% per annum

15. Variable Rate Notes [●]

- (a) Redemption Month: [●]
- (b) Interest Determination Date: [●]
- (c) Day Count Fraction: [●]
- (d) Interest Period: [●]
- (e) Specified Number of Months/
Interest Payment Dates: [●]
- (f) Business Day Convention: Floating Rate Business Day Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention/other (give details)]
- (g) Benchmark: [SIBOR, LIBOR, EURIBOR, Swap Rate or other benchmark]
- (h) Primary Source: [Specify relevant screen page or "Reference Banks"]
- (i) Reference Banks: [Specify]
- (j) Spread: [●]% per annum

16. Zero-Coupon Notes [●]
- (a) Maturity Date: [●]
- (b) Amortisation Yield: [●]
- (c) Any other formula/basis of determining amount payable: [●]
- (d) Day Count Fraction: [●]
- (e) Any amount payable under Condition 6(h) (Default interest on the Notes): [●]
17. Noteholders' Redemption Option: [Yes/No]
- Noteholders' Redemption Option Period (Condition 5(b)):
- [Specify maximum and minimum number of days for notice period]
- [Specify dates]
- (N.B. When setting notice periods, the Issuer is advised to consider the practicalities of distribution of information through intermediaries, for example, clearing systems (which require a minimum of 15 clearing system business days' notice for a put) and custodians, as well as any other notice requirements which may apply, for example, as between the Issuer and the Agent.)*
18. Issuer's Redemption Option: [Yes/No]
- Issuer's Redemption Option Period (Condition 5(c)):
- [Specify maximum and minimum number of days for notice period]
- [Specify dates]
- (N.B. When setting notice periods, the Issuer is advised to consider the practicalities of distribution of information through intermediaries, for example, clearing systems (which require a minimum of 5 clearing system business days' notice for a call) and custodians, as well as any other notice requirements which may apply, for example, as between the Issuer and the Agent.)*
19. Noteholders' VRN Purchase Option: [Yes/No]
- Noteholders' VRN Purchase Option Period (Condition 5(e)(i)):
- [Specify maximum and minimum number of days for notice period]
- [Specify dates]

(N.B. When setting notice periods, the Issuer is advised to consider the practicalities of distribution of information through intermediaries, for example, clearing systems (which require a minimum of 15 clearing system business days' notice for a put) and custodians, as well as any other notice requirements which may apply, for example, as between the Issuer and the Agent.)

20. Noteholders' Purchase Option: [Yes/No]
- Noteholders' Purchase Option Period (Condition 5(e)(ii)): [Specify maximum and minimum number of days for notice period]
- [Specify dates]
- (N.B. When setting notice periods, the Issuer is advised to consider the practicalities of distribution of information through intermediaries, for example, clearing systems (which require a minimum of 15 clearing system business days' notice for a put) and custodians, as well as any other notice requirements which may apply, for example, as between the Issuer and the Agent.)*
21. Redemption for Taxation Reasons: [Yes/No/Not applicable]
(Condition 5(f)):
- [on [insert other dates of redemption not on interest payment dates]]
22. Notes to be represented on issue by: [Temporary Global Note/Permanent Global Note. If nothing is specified and this Pricing Supplement does not specify that the TEFRA C Rules apply, Notes will be represented initially by a Temporary Global Note.]
23. Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes: [Yes/No]
- (N.B. The Denomination Amount of the Notes in paragraph 6 with language substantially to the following effect: "[€100,000] and integral multiples of [€1,000] in excess thereof up to and including [€199,000]" is not permitted in relation to any issue of Notes which is to be represented on issue by a Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes.)*
24. Temporary Global Note Exchangeable for Permanent Global Note: [Yes/No]
- [Temporary Global Note exchangeable for a Permanent Global Note which is exchangeable for Definitive Notes only upon an Exchange Event]
25. Notes to be cleared through The Central Depository (Pte) Limited: [Yes/No]

26. Method of issue of Notes: [Individual Dealer/Syndicated Issue]
27. The following Dealer(s) [is/are] [insert legal name(s) of Dealer(s)]
subscribing for the Notes:
28. U.S. Selling Restrictions: [Reg. S Compliance Category [1/2]; TEFRAD/TEFRAC
(or in respect of TEFRA C or TEFRA D, any successor
U.S. Treasury regulation section including without
limitation, regulations issued in accordance with
Internal Revenue Service Notice 2012-30 or otherwise
in connection with the United States Hiring Incentives
to Restore Employment Act of 2010)/TEFRA not
applicable]
29. Additional selling restrictions: [Not Applicable/give details]
30. The aggregate principal amount of Notes issued has been translated
in SGD at the rate of [●] producing
a sum of (for Notes not
denominated in SGD): S\$[●]
31. Listing: [●]
32. ISIN Code: [●]
33. Common Code: [●]
34. Clearing System(s): [●]
35. Common Depository: [Common depository for Euroclear/Clearstream,
Luxembourg/The Central Depository (Pte)
Limited/others]
36. Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment
37. Other terms: [Clear market]
- Details of any additions or
variations to terms and conditions
of the Notes as set out in the
Information Memorandum:
- Any additions or variations to the
selling restrictions:

CMT MTN PTE. LTD.

Signed: _____
Director

THE GUARANTOR

HSBC INSTITUTIONAL TRUST SERVICES (SINGAPORE) LIMITED

(in its capacity as trustee of CAPITALAND INTEGRATED COMMERCIAL TRUST)

Signed: _____ **Signed:** _____
Authorised Signatory Authorised Signatory

Where interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost is derived from any of the Notes by any person who (i) is not resident in Singapore and (ii) carries on any operations in Singapore through a permanent establishment in Singapore, the tax exemption available (subject to certain conditions) under the Income Tax Act (Chapter 134 of Singapore) (the **"Income Tax Act"**) shall not apply if such person acquires such Notes using the funds and profits of such person's operations through a permanent establishment in Singapore. Any person whose interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost derived from the Notes is not exempt from tax (including for the reasons described above) shall include such income in a return of income made under the Income Tax Act.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE MTN PROGRAMME

The following general description is derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, the full text of this Information Memorandum (and any relevant amendment or supplement to this Information Memorandum), the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Issuer:	CMT MTN Pte. Ltd.
Guarantor:	HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (in its capacity as trustee of CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust (formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust)).
Arranger:	Standard Chartered Bank.
Dealers:	Standard Chartered Bank and/or such other Dealers as may be appointed by the Issuer in accordance with the terms of the Programme Agreement.
Trustee:	British and Malayan Trustees Limited.
Issuing and Paying Agent and Agent Bank:	DBS Bank Ltd.
Description:	S\$7,000,000,000 Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme.
Programme Limit:	The maximum aggregate principal amount of the Notes outstanding at any time shall be S\$7,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) or such higher amount as may be agreed between the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Arranger in accordance with the terms of the Programme Agreement.
Currency:	Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, Notes may be issued in Singapore Dollars, US Dollars or any other currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).
Purpose:	The proceeds from each issue of Notes under the MTN Programme will be used by the Issuer and the Group to refinance the existing borrowings of the Group, to finance the investments comprised in CICT, to on-lend to any trust, fund or entity in which CICT has an interest, to finance any asset enhancement works initiated in respect of CICT or such trust, fund or entity, or to finance the general corporate and working capital purposes in respect of the Group.
Method of Issue:	Notes may be issued from time to time under the MTN Programme on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis. Each Series may be issued in one or more Tranches, on the same or different issue dates. The specific terms of each Series or Tranche of Notes will be specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Issue Price:	Notes may be issued at par or at a discount, or premium, to par to be determined before the issue date of each Series or Tranche of Notes.
Interest Basis:	Notes may not bear interest or may bear interest at fixed, floating or variable rates as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).
Maturities:	Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, Notes shall have maturities of such tenor as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).
Mandatory Redemption:	Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled, each Note will be redeemed at its Redemption Amount on the maturity date shown on its face.
Fixed Rate Notes:	Fixed Rate Notes will bear a fixed rate of interest which will be payable in arrear on specified dates and at maturity.
Floating Rate Notes:	<p>Floating Rate Notes which are denominated in Singapore Dollars will bear interest to be determined separately for each Series by reference to S\$ SIBOR or S\$ SWAP RATE (or in any other case such other benchmark as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s)), as adjusted for any applicable margin. Interest periods in relation to the Floating Rate Notes will be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) prior to their issue.</p> <p>Floating Rate Notes which are denominated in other currencies will bear interest to be determined separately for each Series by reference to such other benchmark as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).</p>
Variable Rate Notes:	Variable Rate Notes will bear interest at a variable rate determined in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes. Interest periods in relation to the Variable Rate Notes will be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) prior to their issue.
Zero Coupon Notes:	Zero Coupon Notes may be issued at their nominal amount or at a discount to it and will not bear interest other than in the case of late payment.
Status of the Notes and the Guarantee:	The Notes and Coupons of all Series will constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank <i>pari passu</i> , without any preference or priority among themselves, and <i>pari passu</i> with all other present and future unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Issuer.

The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Guarantee constitute direct, unconditional and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank *pari passu* with all other unsecured creditors (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Guarantor.

Security:

None.

Negative Pledge:

Each of the Issuer and the Guarantor has covenanted with the Trustee that so long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, it will not, and the Guarantor will procure that the Principal Subsidiaries will not, create or have outstanding any security ("**Subsequent Security**") over any Existing Secured Assets (as defined below) which ranks, in point of priority, completely after the security created over such Existing Secured Asset, except for the security created or to be created from time to time in favour of any bank, company, financial institution, trust company or any other entity over Bukit Panjang, Lot One and Rivervale in respect of facilities granted to, or debt securities issued by, CapitaRetail Singapore Limited, CapitaRetail BPP Trust, CapitaRetail Lot One Trust or CapitaRetail Rivervale Trust, any security to be created in connection with any refinancing of such facilities or such debt securities (as the case may be) and any security created or outstanding with the prior consent in writing of the Trustee or the Noteholders by way of an Extraordinary Resolution.

In the Trust Deed and the Conditions, "**Existing Secured Asset**" means any of the undertaking, assets, property or revenues or rights to receive dividends of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Principal Subsidiaries over which a first ranking security by way of an assignment and/or a charge and/or mortgage exists at the time of creation of the Subsequent Security over such undertaking, assets, property or revenues.

For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this section shall prohibit:

- (1) any new first ranking security to be created over any Existing Secured Asset (whether in connection with a refinancing or otherwise) provided that the security over such Existing Secured Asset is discharged contemporaneously with the creation of such new security;
- (2) the second ranking security created over Bukit Panjang, Lot One and Rivervale in favour of any bank, company, financial institution, trust company or any other entity from subsisting in the event of any refinancing of the credit facilities and/or debt securities secured by the first ranking security over Bukit Panjang, Lot One and Rivervale; and

- (3) any first ranking security over any units or shares in any company, trust or other entity which are not secured notwithstanding that the undertaking, assets, property or revenues belonging to such company, trust or entity may be secured.

Events of Default:

See Condition 9 of the Notes.

Redemption:

If so provided on the face of the Note and the relevant Pricing Supplement, Notes may be redeemed (either in whole or in part) prior to their stated maturity at the option of the Issuer and/or the holders of the Notes.

Purchases:

Each of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective related corporations may at any time purchase Notes at any price (provided that they are purchased together with all unmatured Coupons relating to them) in the open market or otherwise, provided that in any such case such purchase or purchases is in compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives.

Early Redemption for Taxation reasons:

If payments become subject to withholding tax as a result of certain changes in law and the Issuer or (if the Guarantee is called) the Guarantor becomes liable for additional payments or increase in additional amounts, and such tax cannot be avoided by the Issuer or the Guarantor taking reasonable measures available to it, the Issuer may redeem the Notes in whole (but not in part) at any time (having given not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice) at their Redemption Amount or Early Redemption Amount (as the case may be) plus accrued interest.

Taxation:

All payments in respect of the Notes and the Coupons by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of Singapore or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In such event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall pay such additional amounts as will result in the receipt by the Noteholders and the Couponholders of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such deduction or withholding been required.

For further details, please see the section on "*Taxation – Singapore Taxation*".

Listing:	<p>Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and quotation for any Notes which are agreed at the time of issue thereof to be so listed on the SGX-ST. For so long as any Notes are listed on the SGX-ST and the rules of the SGX-ST so require, such Notes will be traded on the SGX-ST in a minimum board lot size of S\$200,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies).</p> <p>Each Series of the Notes may, if so agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s), be listed on the SGX-ST or any stock exchange(s) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s), subject to all necessary approvals having been obtained.</p>
Form and Denomination of Notes:	<p>The Notes will be issued in bearer form only and in denominations of S\$250,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) or such other minimum denominations as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s). Each Tranche or Series of Notes may initially be represented by a Temporary Global Note or a Permanent Global Note. Each Temporary Global Note may be deposited on the relevant issue date with CDP, a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other agreed clearing system and will be exchangeable upon request described therein, either for a Permanent Global Note or definitive Notes (as indicated in the applicable Pricing Supplement on or after the date 40 days after the later of the commencement of the offering and the relevant issue date, upon certification as to non-U.S. beneficial ownership). Each Permanent Global Note may be exchanged unless otherwise specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, upon request as described therein, in whole (but not in part) for definitive Notes upon the terms therein.</p>
Custody of the Notes:	<p>Notes which are to be listed on the SGX-ST may be cleared through CDP or Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg. Notes which are to be cleared through CDP are required to be kept with CDP as authorised depositary. Notes which are to be cleared through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg are required to be kept with a common depositary on behalf of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.</p>
Delivery, Settlement and Clearing System:	<p>Notes denominated in Singapore Dollars may be cleared through the clearing system operated by CDP. Notes denominated in other currencies may be cleared through the clearing system operated by Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg.</p>

Selling Restrictions:

For a description of certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of Notes and the distribution of offering material relating to the Notes, please see the section on “*Subscription, Purchase and Distribution*” herein. Further restrictions may apply in connection with any particular Series or Tranche of Notes.

Governing Law:

The MTN Programme and any Notes issued under the MTN Programme will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of Singapore.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following is the text of the terms and conditions which, subject to completion and amendment and as supplemented or varied in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Pricing Supplement, will be endorsed on the Notes in definitive form issued in exchange for the Global Note(s) representing each Series. Either (i) the full text of these terms and conditions together with the relevant provisions of the Pricing Supplement or (ii) these terms and conditions as so completed, amended, supplemented or varied (and subject to simplification by the deletion of non-applicable provisions), shall be endorsed on such Notes. All capitalised terms that are not defined in these Conditions will have the meanings given to them in the relevant Pricing Supplement. Those definitions will be endorsed on the definitive Notes or Certificates, as the case may be. References in the Conditions to “Notes” are to the Notes of one Series only, not to all Notes that may be issued under the MTN Programme. Details of the relevant Series will be shown on the face of the relevant Notes and in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

The Notes are constituted by a trust deed dated 16 April 2007 as amended and restated by a restatement deed dated 29 December 2009 in relation to the trust deed, and supplemented by a first supplemental trust deed dated 3 April 2013 (the “**Trust Deed**”) made between (1) CMT MTN Pte. Ltd., as issuer (the “**Issuer**”, which expression shall include its successors and permitted assigns), (2) HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (in its capacity as trustee of CapitaMall Trust (“**CMT**”, which expression shall include its successors and permitted assigns)) (the “**Guarantor**”, which expression shall include its successors and permitted assigns), and (3) British and Malayan Trustees Limited (the “**Trustee**”, which expression shall wherever the context so admits include all persons for the time being the trustee or trustees of the Trust Deed), as trustee of the Noteholders (as defined below) and as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time, and (where applicable) the Notes are issued with the benefit of a deed of covenant (as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time) dated 16 April 2007 (the “**Deed of Covenant**”) relating to the Notes executed by the Issuer. The Issuer has entered into an agency agreement dated 16 April 2007 as amended and restated by a restatement agreement dated 29 December 2009 in relation to the agency agreement, and supplemented by a first supplemental agency agreement dated 3 April 2013 (as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time) (the “**Agency Agreement**”) made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, (3) DBS Bank Ltd., as issuing and paying agent (in such capacity, the “**Issuing and Paying Agent**”) and agent bank, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee. The Noteholders and the holders of the coupons (the “**Coupons**”) appertaining to the interest-bearing Notes (the “**Couponholders**”) are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all of the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant.

Copies of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant are available for inspection at the principal office of the Trustee for the time being and at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent for the time being.

1. FORM, DENOMINATION AND TITLE

(a) Form and Denomination

- (i) The Notes of the Series of which this Note forms part (in these Conditions, the “**Notes**”) are issued in bearer form in each case in the Denomination Amount shown hereon.
- (ii) This Note is a Fixed Rate Note, a Floating Rate Note, a Variable Note or a note that does not bear interest (a “**Zero-Coupon Note**”) (depending upon the Interest Basis shown on its face).
- (iii) Notes are serially numbered and issued with Coupons attached, save in the case of Zero-Coupon Notes in which case references to interest (other than in relation to default interest referred to in Condition 6(f)) in these Conditions are not applicable.

(b) **Title**

- (i) Subject as set out below, title to the Notes and the Coupons appertaining thereto shall pass by delivery.
- (ii) Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the holder of any Note or Coupon shall be deemed to be and may be treated as the absolute owner of such Note or of such Coupon, as the case may be, for the purpose of receiving payment thereof or on account thereof and for all other purposes, whether or not such Note or Coupon shall be overdue and notwithstanding any notice of ownership, theft or loss thereof or any writing thereon made by anyone, and no person shall be liable for so treating the holder.
- (iii) For so long as any of the Notes is represented by a Global Note and such Global Note is held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("**CDP**"), each person who is for the time being shown in the records of CDP as the holder of a particular principal amount of such Notes (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by CDP as to the principal amount of such Notes standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes save in the case of manifest error) shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Agent Bank (as defined in the Trust Deed), all other agents of the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Trustee as the holder of such principal amount of Notes other than with respect to the payment of principal, interest and any other amounts in respect of the Notes, for which purpose the bearer of the Global Note shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Agent Bank, all other agents of the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Trustee as the holder of such Notes in accordance with and subject to the terms of the Global Note (and the expressions "**Noteholder**" and "**holder of Notes**" and related expressions, where the context requires, shall be construed accordingly). Notes which are represented by the Global Note and held by CDP will be transferable only in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of CDP.
- (iv) For so long as any of the Notes is represented by a Global Note and such Global Note is held on behalf of Euroclear/Clearstream, Luxembourg ("**Euroclear**"), each person who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear as the holder of a particular principal amount of such Notes (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Euroclear as to the principal amount of such Notes (as the case may be) standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, save in the case of manifest error) shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Issuing and Paying Agent, all other agents of the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Trustee as the holder of such principal amount of such Notes other than with respect to the payment of principal, interest and any other amounts in respect of such Notes, for which purpose the bearer of the Global Note shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Issuing and Paying Agent, all other agents of the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Trustee as the holder of such Notes in accordance with and subject to the terms of the Global Note (and the expressions "**Noteholder**" and "**holder of Notes**" and related expressions, where the context requires, shall be construed accordingly). Notes which are represented by a Global Note and held by Euroclear will be transferable only in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear.

- (v) In these Conditions, “**Global Note**” means the relevant Temporary Global Note representing each Series or the relevant Permanent Global Note representing each Series, “**Noteholder**” means the bearer of any Definitive Note and “**holder**” (in relation to a Definitive Note or Coupon) means the bearer of any Definitive Note or Coupon, “**Series**” means a Tranche, together with any further Tranche or Tranches, which are (1) expressed to be consolidated and forming a single series and (2) identical in all respects except for their respective issue dates, issue prices and/or dates of the first payment of interest and “**Tranche**” means Notes which are identical in all respects.
- (vi) Words and expressions defined in the Trust Deed or used in the applicable Pricing Supplement (as defined in the Trust Deed) shall have the same meanings where used in these Conditions unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise stated and provided that, in the event of inconsistency between the Trust Deed and the applicable Pricing Supplement, the applicable Pricing Supplement will prevail.

2. STATUS AND GUARANTEE

- (a) The Notes and Coupons of all Series constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer. The Notes shall at all times rank *pari passu*, and rateably without any preference or priority among themselves and *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Issuer.
- (b) The payment of all sums expressed to be payable by the Issuer under the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor. The obligations of the Guarantor under the Guarantee and the Trust Deed are contained in the Trust Deed. The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Guarantee constitute direct, unconditional and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank *pari passu* with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Guarantor.

3. NEGATIVE PLEDGE

- (a) Each of the Issuer and the Guarantor hereby covenants with the Trustee that so long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, it will not, and the Guarantor will procure that the Principal Subsidiaries will not, create or have outstanding any security (“**Subsequent Security**”) over any Existing Secured Assets (as defined below) which ranks, in point of priority, completely after the security created over such Existing Secured Asset, except for the security created or to be created from time to time in favour of any bank, company, financial institution, trust company or any other entity over Bukit Panjang, Lot One and Rivervale in respect of facilities granted to, or debt securities issued by, CapitaRetail Singapore Limited, CapitaRetail BPP Trust, CapitaRetail Lot One Trust or CapitaRetail Rivervale Trust, any security to be created in connection with any refinancing of such facilities or such debt securities (as the case may be) and any security created or outstanding with the prior consent in writing of the Trustee or the Noteholders by way of an Extraordinary Resolution.

In the Trust Deed and these Conditions, “**Existing Secured Asset**” means any of the undertaking, assets, property or revenues or rights to receive dividends of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Principal Subsidiaries over which a first ranking security by way of an assignment and/or a charge and/or mortgage exists at the time of creation of the Subsequent Security over such undertaking, assets, property or revenues.

For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Condition shall prohibit:

- (1) any new first ranking security to be created over any Existing Secured Asset (whether in connection with a refinancing or otherwise) provided that the security over such Existing Secured Asset is discharged contemporaneously with the creation of such new security;
 - (2) the second ranking security created over Bukit Panjang, Lot One and Rivervale in favour of any bank, company, financial institution, trust company or any other entity from subsisting in the event of any refinancing of the credit facilities and/or debt securities secured by the first ranking security over Bukit Panjang, Lot One and Rivervale; and
 - (3) any first ranking security over any units or shares in any company, trust or other entity which are not secured notwithstanding that the undertaking, assets, property or revenues belonging to such company, trust or entity may be secured.
- (b) In the Trust Deed, the Guarantor has covenanted with the Trustee that so long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, it will comply with the Property Funds Appendix.

4. RATE OF INTEREST

(I) INTEREST ON FIXED RATE NOTES

(a) Interest Rate and Accrual

Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest on its Calculation Amount (as defined in Condition 4(II)(d)) from the Interest Commencement Date in respect thereof and as shown on the face of such Note at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Interest Rate shown on the face of such Note payable in arrear on each Reference Date or Reference Dates shown on the face of such Note in each year and on the Maturity Date shown on the face of such Note if that date does not fall on a Reference Date.

The first payment of interest will be made on the Reference Date next following the Interest Commencement Date (and if the Interest Commencement Date is not a Reference Date, will amount to the Initial Broken Amount shown on the face of such Note), unless the Maturity Date falls before the date on which the first payment of interest would otherwise be due. If the Maturity Date is not a Reference Date, interest from the preceding Reference Date (or from the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be) to (but excluding) the Maturity Date will amount to the Final Broken Amount shown on the face of the Note.

Interest will cease to accrue on each Fixed Rate Note from the due date for redemption thereof unless, upon due presentation and subject to the provisions of the Trust Deed, payment of principal is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest at such rate will continue to accrue (as well after as before judgment) at the rate and in the manner provided in this Condition 4(I) to the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 7(b)).

(b) Calculations

In the case of a Fixed Rate Note, interest in respect of a period of less than one year will be calculated on the Day Count Fraction shown on the face of such Note.

(II) INTEREST ON FLOATING RATE NOTES OR VARIABLE RATE NOTES

(a) Interest Payment Dates

Each Floating Rate Note or Variable Rate Note bears interest on its Calculation Amount from the Interest Commencement Date in respect thereof and as shown on the face of such Note, and such interest will be payable in arrear on each date (“**Interest Payment Date**”) which (save as mentioned in these Conditions) falls the number of months specified as the Interest Period on the face of the Note (the “**Specified Number of Months**”) after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date (and which corresponds numerically with such preceding Interest Payment Date or the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be) provided that the Agreed Yield (as defined in Condition 4(II)(c)) in respect of any Variable Rate Note for any Interest Period (as defined below) relating to that Variable Rate Note shall be payable on the first day of that Interest Period. If any Interest Payment Date referred to in these Conditions that is specified to be subject to adjustment in accordance with a Business Day Convention would otherwise fall on a day which is not a business day, then if the Business Day Convention specified is (1) the Floating Rate Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a business day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (i) such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day and (ii) each subsequent such date shall be the last business day of the month in which such date would have fallen had it not been subject to adjustment, (2) the Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a business day, (3) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a business day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day or (4) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day.

The period beginning on and including the Interest Commencement Date and ending on but excluding the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period beginning on and including an Interest Payment Date and ending on but excluding the next succeeding Interest Payment Date is herein called an “**Interest Period**”.

Interest will cease to accrue on each Floating Rate Note or Variable Rate Note from the due date for redemption thereof unless, upon due presentation and subject to the provisions of the Trust Deed, payment of principal is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest will continue to accrue (as well after as before judgment) at the rate and in the manner provided in this Condition 4(II) to the Relevant Date.

(b) Rate of Interest – Floating Rate Notes

- (i) Each Floating Rate Note bears interest at a floating rate determined by reference to a Benchmark as stated on the face of such Floating Rate Note, including Swap Rate (in which case such Note will be a Swap Rate Note) or in any case such other Benchmark as is set out on the face of such Note.

Such floating rate may be adjusted by adding or subtracting the Spread (if any) stated on the face of such Note. The “Spread” is the percentage rate per annum specified on the face of such Note as being applicable to the rate of interest for such Note. The rate of interest so calculated shall be subject to paragraph 4(II)(d) below.

The rate of interest payable in respect of a Floating Rate Note from time to time is referred to in these Conditions as the “**Rate of Interest**”.

- (ii) The Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of each Floating Rate Note will be determined by the Agent Bank on the basis of the following provisions:
- (1) in the case of Floating Rate Notes which are not Swap Rate Notes, the Agent Bank will determine the Rate of Interest in respect of any Interest Period at or about the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date in respect of such Interest Period as follows:
- (A) if the Primary Source for the Floating Rate Notes is a Screen Page (as defined below), subject as provided below, the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period shall be:
- (aa) the Relevant Rate (as defined below) (where such Relevant Rate on such Screen Page is a composite quotation or is customarily supplied by one entity); or
- (bb) the arithmetic mean of the Relevant Rates of the persons whose Relevant Rates appear on that Screen Page, in each case appearing on such Screen Page at the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date,
- and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);
- (B) if the Primary Source for the Floating Rate Notes is Reference Banks or if paragraph (b)(ii)(1)(A)(aa) applies and no Relevant Rate appears on the Screen Page at the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date or if paragraph (b)(ii)(1)(A)(bb) applies and fewer than two Relevant Rates appear on the Screen Page at the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date, subject as provided below, the Rate of Interest shall be the rate per annum which the Agent Bank determines to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest four decimal places) of the Relevant Rates that each of the Reference Banks is quoting to leading banks in the Relevant Financial Centre (as defined below) at the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date and as adjusted by the Spread (if any); and
- (C) if paragraph (b)(ii)(1)(B) applies and the Agent Bank determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are so quoting Relevant Rates, the Rate of Interest shall be the Rate of Interest determined on the previous Interest Determination Date;
- (2) in the case of Floating Rate Notes which are Swap Rate Notes:
- (A) the Agent Bank will, at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date in respect of each Interest Period, determine the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period which shall be the Average Swap Rate for such Interest Period (determined by the Agent Bank as being the rate which appears on Page ABSI on the monitor of the Bloomberg agency under the caption "ASSOCIATION OF BANKS IN SG – SWAP OFFER AND SIBOR FIXING RATES – RATES AT 11:00 A.M. SINGAPORE TIME" and under the column headed "SGD SWAP OFFER" (or such other page as may replace Page ABSI for the purpose of displaying the swap rates of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date and for a period equal to the duration of such Interest Period) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);

- (B) if on any Interest Determination Date, no such rate appears on Page ABSI on the monitor of the Bloomberg agency (or such other replacement page thereof), the Agent Bank will determine the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period which shall be the Average Swap Rate for such Interest Period (determined by the Agent Bank as being the rate which appears on the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 Page under the caption “ASSOCIATION OF BANKS IN SINGAPORE – SIBOR AND SWAP OFFER RATES – RATES AT 11:00 A.M. SINGAPORE TIME” under the column headed “SGD SWAP OFFER” (or such replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying the swap rates of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date and for a period equal to the duration of such Interest Period) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);
- (C) if on any Interest Determination Date, no such rate is quoted on the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) or the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) is unavailable for any reason, the Agent Bank will determine the Average Swap Rate (which shall be rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 4 decimal places) for such Interest Period in accordance with the following formula:

In the case of Premium:

$$\text{Average Swap Rate} = \frac{365}{360} \times \text{SIBOR} + \frac{(\text{Premium} \times 36500)}{(T \times \text{Spot Rate})} + \frac{(\text{SIBOR} \times \text{Premium})}{(\text{Spot Rate})} \times \frac{365}{360}$$

In the case of Discount:

$$\text{Average Swap Rate} = \frac{365}{360} \times \text{SIBOR} + \frac{(\text{Discount} \times 36500)}{(T \times \text{Spot Rate})} - \frac{(\text{SIBOR} \times \text{Premium})}{(\text{Spot Rate})} \times \frac{365}{360}$$

where:

SIBOR = the rate which appears on Page ABSI on the monitor of the Bloomberg agency under the caption “ASSOCIATION OF BANKS IN SG – SWAP OFFER AND SIBOR FIXING RATES – RATES AT 11:00 A.M. SINGAPORE TIME” and under the column headed “USD SIBOR” (or such other page as may replace Page ABSI for the purpose of displaying Singapore interbank US dollar offered rates of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date for a period equal to the duration of the Interest Period concerned;

- Spot Rate = the rate (determined by the Agent Bank) to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest four decimal places) of the rates quoted by the Reference Banks and which appear on Page ABSI on the monitor of the Bloomberg agency under the caption "ASSOCIATION OF BANKS IN SG – FX and SGD Swap Points" (or such other page as may replace Page ABSI for the purpose of displaying the spot rates and swap points of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date for a period equal to the duration of the Interest Period concerned;
- Premium or Discount = the rate (determined by the Agent Bank) to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest four decimal places) of the rates quoted by the Reference Banks for a period equal to the duration of the Interest Period concerned which appear on Page ABSI on the monitor of the Bloomberg agency under the caption "ASSOCIATION OF BANKS IN SG – FX and SGD Swap Points" (or such other page as may replace Page ABSI for the purpose of displaying the spot rates and swap points of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date for a period equal to the duration of the Interest Period concerned; and
- T = the number of days in the Interest Period concerned.

The Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be the Average Swap Rate (as determined by the Agent Bank) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);

- (D) if on any Interest Determination Date any one of the components for the purposes of calculating the Average Swap Rate under (C) above is not quoted on Page ABSI on the monitor of the Bloomberg agency (or such other replacement page thereof) or if Page ABSI on the monitor of the Bloomberg agency (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) is unavailable for any reason, the Agent Bank will determine the Average Swap Rate (which shall be rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 4 decimal places) for such Interest Period in accordance with the following formula:

In the case of Premium:

$$\text{Average Swap Rate} = \frac{365}{360} \times \text{SIBOR} + \frac{(\text{Premium} \times 36500)}{(T \times \text{Spot Rate})} + \frac{(\text{SIBOR} \times \text{Premium})}{(\text{Spot Rate})} \times \frac{365}{360}$$

In the case of Discount:

$$\text{Average Swap Rate} = \frac{365}{360} \times \text{SIBOR} + \frac{(\text{Discount} \times 36500)}{(T \times \text{Spot Rate})} - \frac{(\text{SIBOR} \times \text{Premium})}{(\text{Spot Rate})} \times \frac{365}{360}$$

where

SIBOR	=	the rate which appears under the caption "SINGAPORE INTERBANK OFFER RATES (DOLLAR DEPOSITS) AT 11:00 A.M." and the row headed "SIBOR USD" on the Reuters Screen SIBO Page of the Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service (or such other page as may replace the Reuters Screen SIBO Page for the purpose of displaying Singapore inter-bank US Dollar offered rates of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date for a period equal to the duration of the Interest Period concerned;
Spot Rate	=	the rate (determined by the Agent Bank) to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest four decimal places) of the rates quoted by the Reference Banks and which appear on the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX06 Page under the caption "ASSOCIATION OF BANKS IN SINGAPORE – SGD SPOT AND SWAP OFFER RATES AT 11:00 A.M. SINGAPORE" and the column headed "SPOT" (or such other replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying the spot rates and swap points of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date for a period equal to the duration of the Interest Period concerned;
Premium or Discount	=	the rate (determined by the Agent Bank) to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest four decimal places) of the rates quoted by the Reference Banks for a period equal to the duration of the Interest Period concerned which appear on the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX06 Page under the caption "ASSOCIATION OF BANKS IN SINGAPORE – SGD SPOT AND SWAP OFFER RATES AT 11:00 A.M. SINGAPORE" (or such other replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying the spot rates and swap points of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date for a period equal to the duration of the Interest Period concerned; and
T	=	the number of days in the Interest Period concerned.

The Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be the Average Swap Rate (as determined by the Agent Bank) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);

- (E) if on any Interest Determination Date any one of the components for the purposes of calculating the Average Swap Rate under (D) above is not quoted on the relevant Reuters Screen Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) or the relevant Reuters Screen Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) is unavailable for any reason, the Agent Bank will request the principal Singapore offices of the Reference Banks to provide the Agent Bank with quotations of their Swap Rates for the Interest Period concerned at or about the Relevant Time on that Interest Determination Date and the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be the Average Swap Rate for such Interest Period (which shall be the rate per annum equal to the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 4 decimal places) of the Swap Rates quoted by the Reference Banks to the Agent Bank) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any). The Swap Rate of a Reference Bank means the rate at which that Reference Bank can generate Singapore Dollars for the Interest Period concerned in the Singapore inter-bank market at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date and shall be determined as follows:

In the case of Premium:

$$\text{Average Swap Rate} = \frac{365}{360} \times \text{SIBOR} + \frac{(\text{Premium} \times 36500)}{(T \times \text{Spot Rate})} + \frac{(\text{SIBOR} \times \text{Premium})}{(\text{Spot Rate})} \times \frac{365}{360}$$

In the case of Discount:

$$\text{Average Swap Rate} = \frac{365}{360} \times \text{SIBOR} + \frac{(\text{Discount} \times 36500)}{(T \times \text{Spot Rate})} - \frac{(\text{SIBOR} \times \text{Premium})}{(\text{Spot Rate})} \times \frac{365}{360}$$

where

- | | | |
|-----------|---|--|
| SIBORs | = | the rate per annum at which US Dollar deposits for a period equal to the duration of the Interest Period concerned are being offered by that Reference Bank to prime banks in the Singapore inter-bank market at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date; |
| Spot Rate | = | the rate at which that Reference Bank sells US Dollars spot in exchange for Singapore Dollars in the Singapore inter-bank market at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date; |
| Premium | = | the premium that would have been paid by that Reference Bank in buying US dollars forward in exchange for Singapore dollars on the last day of the Interest Period concerned in the Singapore interbank market; |
| Discount | = | the discount that would have been received by that Reference Bank in buying US dollars forward in exchange for Singapore dollars on the last day of the Interest Period concerned in the Singapore interbank market; and |

T = the number of days in the Interest Period concerned; and

(F) if on any Interest Determination Date one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Agent Bank with quotations of their Swap Rate(s), the Average Swap Rate shall be determined by the Agent Bank to be the rate per annum equal to the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 4 decimal places) of the rates quoted by the Reference Banks or those of them (being at least two in number) to the Agent Bank at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date as being their cost (including the cost occasioned by or attributable to complying with reserves, liquidity, deposit or other requirements imposed on them by any relevant authority or authorities) of funding, for the relevant Interest Period, an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of the relevant Floating Rate Notes for such Interest Period by whatever means they determine to be most appropriate and the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the Average Swap Rate (as so determined by the Agent Bank) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any), or if on such Interest Determination Date one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Agent Bank with such quotation, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the rate per annum equal to the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 4 decimal places) of the prime lending rates for Singapore Dollars quoted by the Reference Banks at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date and as adjusted by the Spread (if any).

(iii) On the last day of each Interest Period, the Issuer will pay interest on each Floating Rate Note to which such Interest Period relates at the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period.

(c) Rate of Interest – Variable Rate Notes

(i) Each Variable Rate Note bears interest at a variable rate determined in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph (c). The interest payable in respect of a Variable Rate Note on the first day of an Interest Period relating to that Variable Rate Note is referred to in these Conditions as the “Agreed Yield” and the rate of interest payable in respect of a Variable Rate Note on the last day of an Interest Period relating to that Variable Rate Note is referred to in these Conditions as the “Rate of Interest”.

(ii) The Agreed Yield or, as the case may be, the Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of each Variable Rate Note for each Interest Period shall, subject as referred to in paragraph (c)(iv) below, be determined as follows:

(1) not earlier than 9.00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the ninth Business Day nor later than 3.00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the third Business Day prior to the commencement of each Interest Period, the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer (as defined below) shall endeavour to agree on the following:

(A) whether interest in respect of such Variable Rate Note is to be paid on the first day or the last day of such Interest Period;

(B) if interest in respect of such Variable Rate Note is agreed between the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer to be paid on the first day of such Interest Period, an Agreed Yield in respect of such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period (and, in the event of the Issuer and the

Relevant Dealer so agreeing on such Agreed Yield, the Interest Amount (as defined below) for such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period shall be zero); and

- (C) if interest in respect of such Variable Rate Note is agreed between the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer to be paid on the last day of such Interest Period, a Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period (an “**Agreed Rate**”) and, in the event that the Relevant Dealer so agreeing on an Agreed Rate, such Agreed Rate shall be the Rate of Interest for such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period; and
 - (2) if the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer shall not have agreed either an Agreed Yield or Agreed Rate in respect of such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period by 3.00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the third Business Day prior to the commencement of such Interest Period, or if there shall be no Relevant Dealer during the period for agreement referred to in (1) above, the Rate of Interest for such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period shall automatically be the rate per annum equal to the Fall Back Rate (as defined below) for such Interest Period.
- (iii) The Issuer has undertaken to the Agents that it will as soon as possible after the Agreed Yield or, as the case may be, the Agreed Rate in respect of any Variable Rate Note is determined but not later than 10.30 a.m. (Singapore time) on the next Business Day:
- (1) notify the Agents of the Agreed Yield, or, as the case may be, the Agreed Rate for such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period; and
 - (2) cause such Agreed Yield or, as the case may be, Agreed Rate for such Variable Rate Note to be notified by the Issuing and Paying Agent to the relevant Noteholder at its request.
- (iv) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (ii) above, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period for which there is neither an Agreed Yield nor an Agreed Rate in respect of any Variable Rate Note or no Relevant Dealer in respect of the Variable Rate Note(s) shall be the Rate (the “**Fall Back Rate**”) determined by reference to a Benchmark as stated on the face of such Variable Rate Note(s), being (in the case of Variable Rate Notes which are denominated in Singapore Dollars) SIBOR (in which case such Variable Rate Note(s) will be Swap Rate Note(s)) or (in any other case or in the case of Variable Rate Notes which are denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars) such other Benchmark as is set out on the face of such Variable Rate Notes.

Such rate may be adjusted by adding or subtracting the Spread (if any) stated on the face of such Variable Rate Note. The “**Spread**” is the percentage rate per annum specified on the face of such Variable Rate Note as being applicable to the rate of interest for such Variable Rate Note. The rate of interest so calculated shall be subject to Condition 4(IV)(a) below.

The Fall Back Rate payable from time to time in respect of each Variable Rate Note will be determined by the Agent Bank in accordance with the provisions of Condition 4(II)(b)(ii) above (*mutatis mutandis*) and references therein to “**Rate of Interest**” shall mean “**Fall Back Rate**”).

- (v) If interest is payable in respect of a Variable Rate Note on the first day on an Interest Period relating to such Variable Rate Note, the Issuer will pay the Agreed Yield applicable to such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period on the first

day of such Interest Period. If interest is payable in respect of a Variable Rate Note on the last day on an Interest Period relating to such Variable Rate Note, the Issuer will pay the Interest Amount for such Interest Period on the last day of such Interest Period.

(d) **Definitions**

As used in these Conditions:

“Benchmark” means the rate specified as such in the applicable Pricing Supplement;
“Business Day” means:

- (i) (in the context of Notes denominated in Singapore Dollars) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which commercial banks are open for business in Singapore;
- (ii) (in the context of Notes denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars and Euro) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which commercial banks are open for business in Singapore and the principal financial centre for that currency; and
- (iii) (in the context of Notes denominated in Euros) a day on which the TARGET System is open for settlement of payments in Euro;

“Calculation Amount” means the amount specified as such on the face of any Note, or if no such amount is so specified, the Denomination Amount of such Note as shown on the face thereof;

“Interest Commencement Date” means the Issue Date or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date on the face of such Note;

“Interest Determination Date” means, in respect of any Interest Period, that number of Business Days prior thereto as is set out in the applicable Pricing Supplement or on the face of the relevant Note;

“Reference Banks” means the institutions specified as such in the applicable Pricing Supplement, or, if none, three major banks selected by the Agent Bank in the interbank market that is most closely connected with the Benchmark;

“Relevant Currency” means the currency in which the Notes are denominated;

“Relevant Dealer” means, in respect of any Variable Rate Note, the dealer party to the Programme Agreement referred to in the Agency Agreement with whom the Issuer has concluded or is negotiating an agreement for the issue of such Variable Rate Note pursuant to the Programme Agreement;

“Relevant Financial Centre” means, in the case of interest to be determined on an Interest Determination Date with respect to any Floating Rate Note or Variable Rate Note, the financial centre with which the relevant Benchmark is most closely connected or, if none so connected, Singapore;

“Relevant Rate” means the Benchmark for a Calculation Amount of the Relevant Currency for a period (if applicable or appropriate to the Benchmark) equal to the relevant Interest Period;

“Relevant Time” means, with respect to any Interest Determination Date, the local time in the Relevant Financial Centre at which it is customary to determine bid and offered rates in respect of deposits in the Relevant Currency in the interbank market in the relevant Financial Centre;

“Screen Page” means such page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service (including, but not limited to, the Bloomberg agency or Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service (**“Reuters”**)) as may be specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement for the purpose of providing the Relevant Rate, or such other page, section, caption, column or other part as may replace it on that information service or on such other information service, in each case as may be nominated by the person or organisation providing or sponsoring the information appearing there for the purpose of displaying rates or prices comparable to the Relevant Rate; and

“TARGET System” means the Trans-European Automated Real Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (known as TARGET2) System which was launched on 19 November 2007 or any successor thereto.

(III) ZERO-COUPON NOTES

Where a Note the Interest Basis of which is specified to be Zero-Coupon is repayable prior to the Maturity Date and is not paid when due, the amount due and payable prior to the Maturity date shall be the Early Redemption Amount of such Note (determined in accordance with Condition 5(h)). As from the Maturity Date, the rate of interest for any overdue principal of such a Note shall be a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (as defined in Condition 5(h)).

(IV) CALCULATIONS

(a) Determination of Rate of Interest and Calculation of Interest Amounts

The Agent Bank will, as soon as practicable after the Relevant Time on each Interest Determination Date, determine the Rate of Interest and calculate the amount of interest payable (the **“Interest Amounts”**) in respect of each Calculation Amount of the relevant Floating Rate Notes or Variable Rate Notes for the relevant Interest Period (including

the first day, but excluding the last day, of such Interest Period). The amount of interest payable in respect of any Note shall be calculated by multiplying the product of the Rate of Interest and the Calculation Amount, by the Day Count Fraction shown on the Note and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant currency. The determination of any rate or amount, the obtaining of each quotation and the making of each determination or calculation by the Agent Bank shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon all parties.

(b) Notification

The Agent Bank will cause the Rate of Interest and the Interest Amounts for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date to be notified to the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Trustee, the Issuer and the Guarantor and (in the case of Floating Rate Notes) to be notified to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 15 as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than the fourth business day thereafter. The Interest Amounts and the Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period by reason of any Interest Payment Date not being a business day. If the

Floating Rate Notes or Variable Rate Notes become due and payable under Condition 9, the Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts payable in respect of the Floating Rate Notes or Variable Rate Notes shall nevertheless continue to be calculated as previously in accordance with this Condition but no publication of the Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts need to be made unless the Trustee requires otherwise.

(c) Determination or Calculation by Trustee

If the Agent Bank does not at any material time determine or calculate the Rate of Interest for an Interest Period or any Interest Amount, the Trustee shall do so. In doing so, the Trustee shall apply the foregoing provisions of this Condition, with any necessary consequential amendments, to the extent that, in its opinion, it can do so, and, in all respects, it shall do so in such manner as it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances.

(d) Agent Bank and Reference Banks

The Issuer will procure that, so long as any Floating Rate Note or Variable Rate Note remains outstanding, there shall at all times be three Reference Banks (or such other number as may be required) and, so long as any Floating Rate Note, Variable Rate Note or Zero-Coupon Note remains outstanding, there shall at all times be an Agent Bank. If any Reference Bank or Agent Bank (acting through its relevant office) is unable or unwilling to act as such or if the Agent Bank fails duly to establish the Rate of Interest for any Interest Period or to calculate the Interest Amounts, the Issuer will appoint another bank with an office in the Relevant Financial Centre to act as such in its place. The Agent Bank may not resign its duties without a successor having been appointed as aforesaid.

5. REDEMPTION AND PURCHASE

(a) Redemption at Maturity Date

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled as provided below, this Note will be redeemed at its Redemption Amount on the Maturity Date shown on its face (if this Note is shown on its face to be a Fixed Rate Note or Zero-Coupon Note) or on the Interest Payment Date falling in the Redemption Month shown on its face (if this Note is shown on its face to be a Floating Rate Note or a Variable Rate Note (during the Floating Rate Period)).

So long as the Notes are listed on any Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall comply with the rules of such Stock Exchange in relation to the publication of any redemption of Notes.

(b) Redemption at Option of Noteholder

If so provided hereon, the Issuer shall, at the option of the holder of any Note, redeem such Note on the date or dates so provided at its Redemption Amount, together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption. To exercise such option, the holder must deposit such Note (together with all unmatured Coupons) with the Issuing and Paying Agent at its specified office, together with a duly completed option exercise notice in the form obtainable from the Issuing and Paying Agent or the Issuer (as applicable) within the Noteholder's Redemption Option Period shown on the face hereof. Any Note so deposited may not be withdrawn (except as provided in the Agency Agreement) without the prior consent of the Issuer.

(c) Redemption at Option of the Issuer

If so provided hereon, the Issuer may, on giving irrevocable notice to the Noteholders falling within the Issuer's Redemption Option Period shown on the face hereof, redeem all or, if so provided, some of the Notes at their Redemption Amount or integral multiples thereof, and on the date or dates so provided. Any such redemption of Notes shall be at their Redemption Amount, together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption.

All Notes in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.

In the case of a partial redemption, the notice to Noteholders shall also contain the certificate numbers of the Notes to be redeemed, which shall have been drawn in such place and in such manner as may be fair and reasonable in the circumstances, taking account of prevailing market practices, subject to compliance with any applicable laws and if the Notes are listed on a Stock Exchange, the rules of such Stock Exchange.

(d) Issuer Call Option

If so provided hereon, the Issuer shall have the option to purchase all or any of the Fixed Rate Notes, Floating Rate Notes or Variable Rate Notes at their Redemption Amount on any date on which interest is due to be paid on such Notes and the Noteholders shall be bound to sell such Notes to the Issuer accordingly. To exercise such option, the Issuer shall give irrevocable notice to the Noteholders within the Issuer's Purchase Option Period shown on the face hereof. Such Notes may be held, resold or surrendered to the Issuing and Paying Agent for cancellation. The Notes so purchased, while held by or on behalf of the Issuer, shall not entitle the holder to vote at any meetings of the Noteholders and shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purposes of calculating quorums at meetings of the Noteholders or for the purposes of Conditions 9, 10 and 11.

In the case of a purchase of some only of the Notes, the notice to Noteholders shall also contain the certificate numbers of the Notes to be purchased, which shall have been drawn by or on behalf of the Issuer in such place and in such manner as may be agreed between the Issuer and the Trustee, subject to compliance with any applicable laws. So long as the Notes are listed on the Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall comply with the rules of such Stock Exchange in relation to the publication of any purchase of Notes.

(e) Purchase at the Option of Noteholders

(i) Each Noteholder shall have the option to have all or any of his Variable Rate Notes purchased by the Issuer at their Redemption Amount on any Interest Payment Date and the Issuer will purchase such Variable Rate Notes accordingly. To exercise such option, a Noteholder shall deposit any Variable Rate Notes to be purchased with the Issuing and Paying Agent at its specified office together with all Coupons relating to such Variable Rate Notes which mature after the date fixed for purchase, together with a duly completed option exercise notice in the form obtainable from the Issuing and Paying Agent within the Noteholders' VRN Purchase Option Period shown on the face hereof. Any Variable Rate Notes so deposited may not be withdrawn (except as provided in the Agency Agreement) without the prior consent of the Issuer. Such Variable Rate Notes may be held, resold or surrendered to the Issuing and Paying Agent for cancellation. The Variable Rate Notes so purchased, while held by or on behalf of the Issuer, shall not entitle the holder to vote at any meetings of the Noteholders and shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purposes of calculating quorums at meetings of the Noteholders or for the purposes of Conditions 9, 10 and 11.

- (ii) If so provided hereon, each Noteholder shall have the option to have all or any of his Fixed Rate Notes or Floating Rate Notes purchased by the Issuer at their Redemption Amount on any date on which interest is due to be paid on such Notes and the Issuer will purchase such Notes accordingly. To exercise such option, a Noteholder shall deposit any Notes to be purchased with the Issuing and Paying Agent at its specified office together with all Coupons relating to such Notes which mature after the date fixed for purchase, together with a duly completed option exercise notice in the form obtainable from the Issuing and Paying Agent within the Noteholders' Purchase Option Period shown on the face hereof. Any Notes so deposited may not be withdrawn (except as provided in the Agency Agreement) without the prior consent of the Issuer. Such Notes may be held, resold or surrendered to the Issuing and Paying Agent for cancellation. The Notes so purchased, while held by or on behalf of the Issuer, shall not entitle the holder to vote at any meetings of the Noteholders and shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purposes of calculating quorums at meetings of the Noteholders or for the purposes of Conditions 9, 10 and 11.

(f) **Redemption for Taxation Reasons**

If so provided hereon, the Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Interest Payment Date or, if so specified hereon, at any time on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount or (in the case of Zero-Coupon Notes) Early Redemption Amount (as defined in Condition 5(h) below) (together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption), if (i) the Issuer (or if the Guarantee was called, the Guarantor) has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 7, or increase the payment of such additional amounts, as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws (or any regulations, rulings or other administrative pronouncements promulgated thereunder) of Singapore or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws, regulations, rulings or other administrative pronouncements, which change or amendment is made public on or after the Issue Date or any other date specified in the Pricing Supplement, and (ii) such obligations cannot be avoided by the Issuer or the Guarantor taking reasonable measures available to it, provided that no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor would be obliged to pay such additional amounts were a payment in respect of the Notes then due. Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this paragraph, the Issuer shall deliver to the Issuing and Paying Agent a certificate signed by a duly authorised officer of the Issuer stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the Issuer so to redeem have occurred, and an opinion of independent legal advisers of recognised standing to the effect that the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor, has or likely to become obliged to pay such additional amounts as a result of such change or amendment.

(g) **Purchases**

Each of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective related corporations may at any time purchase Notes at any price (provided that they are purchased together with all unmatured Coupons relating to them) in the open market or otherwise, provided that in any such case such purchase or purchases is in compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives.

Notes purchased by the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective related corporations may be surrendered by the purchaser through the Issuer to the Issuing and Paying Agent for cancellation or may at the option of the Issuer or relevant related corporation be held or resold.

For the purposes of these Conditions, “**directive**” includes any present or future directive, regulation, request, requirement, rule or credit restraint programme of any relevant agency, authority, central bank department, government, legislative, minister, ministry, official public or statutory corporation, self-regulating organisation, or stock exchange.

(h) **Early Redemption of Zero-Coupon Notes**

- (i) The “**Early Redemption Amount**” payable in respect of any Zero-Coupon Note, the Early Redemption Amount of which is not linked to an index and/or formula, upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Condition 5(f) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9, shall be the Amortised Face Amount (calculated as provided below) of such Note unless otherwise specified hereon.
- (ii) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (iii) below, the Amortised Face Amount of any such Note shall be the scheduled Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date discounted at a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (which, if none is shown hereon, shall be such rate as would produce an Amortised Face Amount equal to the issue price of the Notes if they were discounted back to their issue price on the Issue Date) compounded annually.
- (iii) If the Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any such Note upon its redemption pursuant to Condition 5(f) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9 is not paid when due, the Early Redemption Amount due and payable in respect of such Note shall be the Amortised Face Amount of such Note as defined in sub-paragraph (ii) above, except that such sub-paragraph shall have effect as though the date on which the Note becomes due and payable were the Relevant Date. The calculation of the Amortised Face Amount in accordance with this subparagraph will continue to be made (as well after as before judgment) until the Relevant Date, unless the Relevant Date falls on or after the Maturity Date, in which case the amount due and payable shall be the scheduled Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date together with any interest which may accrue in accordance with Condition 4(III).

Where such calculation is to be made for a period of less than one year, it shall be made on the basis of the Day Count Fraction shown hereon.

(i) **Redemption upon Termination of CMT**

In the event that CMT is terminated in accordance with the provisions of the CMT Trust Deed (as defined in the Trust Deed), the Issuer shall redeem all (and not some only) of the Notes at their Redemption Amount together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption on any date on which interest is due to be paid on such Notes or, if earlier, the date of termination of CMT.

The Issuer shall forthwith notify the Trustee, the Agents and the Noteholders of the termination of CMT.

(j) **Cancellation**

All Notes purchased by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective related corporations may be surrendered for cancellation by surrendering each such Note together with all unmatured Coupons to the Issuing and Paying Agent at its **specified** office and, if so surrendered, shall, together with all Notes redeemed by the Issuer, be cancelled forthwith (together with all unmatured Coupons attached thereto or surrendered therewith). Any Notes so surrendered for cancellation may not be reissued or resold.

6. PAYMENTS

(a) **Principal and Interest**

Payments of principal (or, as the case may be, Redemption Amounts) and interest in respect of the Notes will, subject as mentioned below, be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Notes or Coupons, as the case may be, at the specified office of the relevant Issuing and Paying Agent by a cheque drawn in the currency in which that payment is due on, or, at the option of the holders, by transfer to an account maintained with a bank in the principal financial centre for that currency or, in the case of Euros, in a city in which banks have access to the TARGET System.

(b) **Payments subject to law etc.**

All payments are subject in all cases to (i) any applicable fiscal or other laws, regulations and directives, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 7 and (ii) any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “**Code**”) or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code (or any regulations thereunder or official interpretations thereof) or an intergovernmental agreement between the United States and another jurisdiction facilitating the implementation thereof (or any law implementing such an intergovernmental agreement). No commission or expenses shall be charged to the Noteholders or Couponholders in respect of such payments.

(c) **Appointment of Agents**

The Issuing and Paying Agent initially appointed by the Issuer and the Guarantor and its specified office is listed below. The Issuer and the Guarantor reserve the right at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of any Issuing and Paying Agent and/or the Agent Bank in accordance with the terms of the Agency Agreement and to appoint additional or other Agents, provided that they will at all times maintain (i) an Issuing and Paying Agent having a specified office in Singapore and (ii) an Agent Bank where the Conditions so require.

Notice of any such change or any change of any specified office will promptly be given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 15.

The Agency Agreement may be amended by the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Trustee, without the consent of any Issuing and Paying Agent, the Agent Bank or any holder, for the purpose of curing any ambiguity or of curing, correcting or supplementing any defective provision contained therein or in any manner which the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Trustee may mutually deem necessary or desirable and which does not, in the opinion of the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Trustee, materially and adversely affect the interests of the holders. Any such amendment shall be binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders.

(d) **Unmatured Coupons**

- (i) Fixed Rate Notes should be surrendered for payment together with all unmaturing Coupons (if any) appertaining thereto, failing which an amount equal to the face value of each missing unmaturing Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, that proportion of the amount of such missing unmaturing Coupon which the sum of principal so paid bears to the total principal due) will be deducted from the Redemption Amount due for payment. Any amount so deducted will be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of such missing Coupon within the prescription period relating thereto under Condition 8.
- (ii) Subject to the provisions of the relevant Pricing Supplement upon the due date for redemption of any Floating Rate Note or Variable Rate Note, unmaturing Coupons relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment shall be made in respect of them.
- (iii) Where any Floating Rate Note or Variable Rate Note is presented for redemption without all unmaturing Coupons relating to it, redemption shall be made only against the provision of such indemnity as the Issuer may require.
- (iv) If the due date for redemption or repayment of any Note is not a due date for payment of interest, interest accrued from the preceding due date for payment of interest or the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be, shall only be payable against presentation (and surrender if appropriate) of the relevant Note.

(e) **Non-Business Days**

Subject as provided in the relevant Pricing Supplement and/or in these Conditions, if any date for the payment in respect of any Note or Coupon is not a Business Day, the holder shall not be entitled to payment until the next Business Day.

(f) **Default Interest**

If on or after the due date for payment of any sum in respect of the Notes, payment of all or any part of such sum is not made against due presentation of the Notes or, as the case may be, the Coupons, the Issuer, or failing which, the Guarantor, shall pay interest on the amount so unpaid from such due date up to the day of actual receipt by the relevant Noteholders or, as the case may be, Couponholders (after or before judgment) at a rate per annum determined by the Issuing and Paying Agent to be equal to one per cent. per annum above (in the case of a Fixed Rate Note) the Interest Rate applicable to such Note, (in the case of a Floating Rate Note) the Rate of Interest applicable to such Note or (in the case of a Variable Rate Note) the variable rate by which the Agreed Yield applicable to such Note is determined or, as the case may be, the Rate of Interest applicable to such Note, or in the case of a Zero-Coupon Note, as provided for in the relevant Pricing Supplement. So long as the default continues then such rate shall be re-calculated on the same basis at intervals of such duration as the Issuing and Paying Agent may select, save that the amount of unpaid interest at the above rate accruing during the preceding such period shall be added to the amount in respect of which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor is in default and itself bear interest accordingly. Interest at the rate(s) determined in accordance with this paragraph shall be calculated on the Day Count Fraction specified hereon and the actual number of days elapsed, shall accrue on a daily basis and shall be immediately due and payable by the Issuer.

7. TAXATION

(a) Payment after Withholding

All payments in respect of the Notes by or on behalf of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature ("**Taxes**") imposed or levied by or on behalf of Singapore or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In that event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor, shall pay such additional amounts as will result in the receipt by the Noteholders and the Couponholders of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such deduction or withholding been required, except that no such additional amounts shall be payable in respect of any Note or Coupon presented for payment:

- (i) by or on behalf of a holder who is subject to such Taxes by reason of his being connected with Singapore otherwise than by reason only of the holding of such Note or Coupon or the receipt of any sums due in respect of such Note or Coupon (including, without limitation, the holder being (1) a resident in Singapore for tax purposes or (2) a permanent establishment in Singapore or (3) a non-resident of Singapore who purchased the Notes using funds from his or its Singapore operations);
- (ii) more than 30 days after the Relevant Date except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to such additional amounts on presenting the same for payment on the last day of such period of 30 days;
- (iii) where such withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26 – 27 November 2000 on the taxation of savings income or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive; or
- (iv) presented for payment by or on behalf of a holder who would have been able to avoid such withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant Note or Coupon to another paying agent in a Member State of the European Union.

(b) Interpretation

In these Conditions, "**Relevant Date**" means the date on which the payment first becomes due but, if the full amount of the money payable has not been received by the relevant Issuing and Paying Agent or the Trustee on or before the due date, it means the date on which, the full amount of the money having been so received, notice to that effect shall have been duly given to the Noteholders by the Issuer in accordance with Condition 15.

8. PRESCRIPTION

The Notes and Coupons shall become void unless presented for payment within three years from the Relevant Date for payment.

9. EVENTS OF DEFAULT

If so requested in writing by the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution, the Trustee shall (subject to being indemnified to its satisfaction), give notice to the Issuer that the Notes are, and they shall accordingly forthwith become, immediately due and payable at their Redemption

Amount or (in the case of Zero-Coupon Notes) Early Redemption Amount, together with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed, in any of the following events ("**Events of Default**"):

- (a) if default is made in the payment of any principal or interest due in respect of the Notes and the default continues for a period of three Business Days;
- (b) if the Issuer or the Guarantor fails to perform or observe any of its other obligations under these Conditions or any of the Transaction Documents (other than the payment obligation referred to in sub-paragraph (a)) and (except in any case where the Trustee considers the failure to be incapable of remedy when no continuation or notice as is hereinafter mentioned will be required) the failure continues for the period of 30 days following the service by the Trustee on the Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied;
- (c) any representation, warranty or statement by the Issuer or the Guarantor in any of the Transaction Documents or any of the Notes or in any document delivered under any of the Transaction Documents or the Notes is not complied with in any material respect or is or proves to have been incorrect in any material respect when made or deemed repeated and (except in a case where the Trustee considers such non-compliance to be incapable of remedy) such non-compliance is not remedied for a period of 30 days following the service by the Trustee on the Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied;
- (d) if any other present or future indebtedness of the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary in respect of borrowed money (i) is declared to be due and payable before its stated maturity by reason of any event of default or the like (however described) or (ii) is not paid when due nor within any applicable grace period in any agreement relating to that indebtedness or (iii) as a result of any event of default or the like (however described), any facility relating to any such indebtedness is declared to be cancelled or terminated before its normal expiry date or (iv) is not paid when properly called upon. However, no Event of Default will occur under this paragraph (d) unless and until the aggregate amount of the indebtedness in respect of which one or more of the events mentioned above in this paragraph (d) has/have occurred equals or exceeds S\$20,000,000;
- (e) if (i) the Issuer shall cease or threaten to cease to carry on its Authorised Business, or (ii) CMT shall cease or threaten to cease to carry on its principal business of the ownership and operation of retail and/or commercial properties;
- (f) if any meeting is convened, or any petition or originating summons is presented or an order is made or a resolution is passed for the winding-up, amalgamation, reconstruction, reorganisation, merger, consolidation or termination of, the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary (except for a reconstruction, amalgamation, reorganisation, merger or consolidation where such event is either (1) not likely to have a material adverse effect on the Issuer or the Guarantor or (2) on terms approved before such event by the Trustee) or for the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator), receiver, judicial manager, trustee administrator, agent or similar officer of the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary or over any part of the assets of the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary;
- (g) if the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary becomes insolvent, is unable to pay its debts as they fall due, stops, suspends or threatens to stop or suspend payment of all or a material part of (or a particular type of) its indebtedness (other than those contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings), begins negotiations or takes

any other step with a view to the deferral, rescheduling or other readjustment of all or a material part of (or particular type of) the indebtedness of the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary (or of any material part which it is likely to be unable to pay when due), proposes or makes a general assignment or an arrangement or scheme or composition with or for the benefit of the creditors of the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary or a moratorium is agreed or declared in respect of or affecting all or a material part of (or a particular type of) the indebtedness of the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary;

- (h) if any decree, resolution, authorisation, approval, consent, filing, registration or exemption necessary for the execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents and the Notes on behalf of the Issuer and the Guarantor or the performance of the Issuer's or the Guarantor's obligations under the Notes or the Guarantee is withdrawn or modified or otherwise ceases to be in full force and effect;
- (i) if any event occurs which, under the laws of any relevant jurisdiction, has in the Trustee's opinion, an analogous effect to any of the events referred to in paragraphs (f) to (h) above;
- (j) if a distress, attachment or execution or other legal process is levied, enforced or sued out on or against any material part of the properties or assets of the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary and is not discharged within 25 days of its occurrence;
- (k) if it is or will become unlawful for the Issuer or the Guarantor to observe, perform and comply with, or the Issuer or the Guarantor contests the validity or enforceability of or repudiates, any of their respective obligations under the Notes, the Transaction Documents and/or the Guarantee (in the case of the Guarantor only);
- (l) an order is made by any government authority or agency with a view to condemnation, seizure, compulsory acquisition, expropriation or nationalisation of all or any material part of the assets of the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary and such condemnation, seizure, compulsory acquisition, expropriation or nationalisation will have a material adverse effect on the Issuer or CMT;
- (m) (i) if any Transaction Document to which it is a party or the Notes ceases or is claimed by the Issuer or the Guarantor to cease at any time and for any reason to constitute legal and valid obligations of the Issuer and the Guarantor, binding upon it in accordance with its terms; or
 - (ii) any applicable law, directive, order or judgment is enacted, promulgated or entered, the effect of which would be to render any Transaction Document to which the Issuer or the Guarantor is a party unenforceable;
- (n) any security on or over the whole or any material part of the assets of the Issuer, CMT or any Principal Subsidiary becomes enforceable;
- (o) if (i) (1) the CMT Trustee (as defined in the Trust Deed) resigns or is removed; (2) an order is made for the winding-up of the CMT Trustee, a receiver, judicial manager, administrator, agent or similar office of CMT is appointed; and/or (3) there is a declaration, imposition or promulgation in Singapore or in any relevant jurisdiction of a moratorium, any form of exchange control or any law, directive or regulation of any agency or the amalgamation, reconstruction or reorganisation of the CMT Trustee which prevents or restricts the ability of the Issuer or the Guarantor to perform its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party or any of the Notes and (ii) the replacement or substitute trustee of CMT is not appointed in accordance with the terms of the CMT Trust Deed;

- (p) the CMT Manager is removed pursuant to the terms of the CMT Trust Deed, and the replacement or substitute manager is not appointed in accordance with the terms of the CMT Trust Deed;
- (q) any litigation, arbitration or administrative proceeding (other than those which are of a frivolous or vexatious nature) is current or pending (i) to restrain the entry into, exercise of any of the rights and/or the performance or enforcement of or compliance with any of the material obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party or any of the Notes or (ii) which will have a material adverse effect on the Issuer or CMT;
- (r) for any reason the CMT Trustee ceases to beneficially own all the issued share capital for the time being of the Issuer; or
- (s) the Guarantee is not or ceases to be (or is claimed by the Guarantor not to be) in full force and effect,

PROVIDED that in the case of any Event of Default described in sub-paragraph (a) above, the Trustee at its discretion may give notice to the Issuer that the Notes are, and they shall accordingly forthwith become, immediately due and payable at their principal amount, together with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed.

For the purpose of the Conditions, a reference to “**Principal Subsidiaries**” means any subsidiary of CMT whose total assets attributable to the Group (in such proportion as is reflected in the latest available unaudited or audited consolidated accounts of the Group) is at least 25% of the total assets of the Group as shown by such unaudited or audited consolidated accounts, provided that if any such subsidiary (the “**transferor**”) shall at any time transfer the whole or a substantial part of its business, undertaking or assets to another subsidiary of CMT (the “**transferee**”) then:

- (i) if the whole of the business, undertaking and assets of the transferor shall be so transferred, the transferor shall thereupon cease to be a Principal Subsidiary and the transferee (unless it is CMT) shall thereupon become a Principal Subsidiary; and
- (ii) if a substantial part only of the business, undertaking and assets of the transferor shall be so transferred, the transferor shall remain a Principal Subsidiary and the transferee (unless it is CMT) shall thereupon become a Principal Subsidiary.

Any subsidiary which becomes a Principal Subsidiary by virtue of (i) above or which remains or becomes a Principal Subsidiary by virtue of (ii) above shall continue to be a Principal Subsidiary until the date of issue of the first available unaudited or audited consolidated accounts of the Group prepared as at a date later than the date of the relevant transfer which show the total assets of such subsidiary which are attributable to the Group (in such proportion as is reflected in the latest available unaudited or audited consolidated accounts of the Group) or the date of issue of a report by the Group’s auditors described below (whichever is earlier), based upon which such audited accounts or, as the case may be, Group auditor’s report have been prepared, to be less than 25% of the total assets of the Group, as shown by such audited accounts or, as the case may be, Group auditor’s report. A report by the Group auditors, who shall also be responsible for producing any pro-forma accounts required for the above purposes, that in their opinion a subsidiary is or is not a Principal Subsidiary shall, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive.

10. ENFORCEMENT

At any time after the Notes shall have become due and repayable, the Trustee may, at its discretion and without further notice, institute such proceedings against the Issuer and/or the Guarantor as it may think fit to enforce repayment of the Notes, together with accrued interest, but it shall not be bound to take any such proceedings unless (a) it shall have been so requested in writing by the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Notes outstanding or so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution and (b) it shall have been indemnified by the Noteholders to its satisfaction. No Noteholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer or the Guarantor unless the Trustee, having become bound to do so, fails or neglects to do so within a reasonable period and such failure or neglect is continuing.

11. MEETING OF NOTEHOLDERS AND MODIFICATIONS

- (a) The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of Noteholders of a Series to consider any matter affecting their interests, including modification by Extraordinary Resolution of the Notes of such Series (including these Conditions insofar as the same may apply to such Notes) or any of the provisions of the Trust Deed.
- (b) The Trustee, the Issuer or the Guarantor at any time may, and the Trustee upon the request in writing, at the time after any Notes of any Series shall have become repayable due to default, by Noteholders holding not less than 20% in principal amount of the Notes of any Series for the time being outstanding shall, convene a meeting of the Noteholders of that Series. An Extraordinary Resolution duly passed at any such meeting shall be binding on all the Noteholders of the relevant Series (save where provided to the contrary in the Trust Deed and these Conditions), whether present or not and on all relevant Couponholders, except that any Extraordinary Resolution proposed, inter alia, (i) to amend the dates of maturity or redemption of the Notes or any date for payment of interest or Interest Amounts on the Notes, (ii) to reduce or cancel the principal amount of, or any premium payable on redemption of, the Notes, (iii) to reduce the rate or rates of interest in respect of the Notes, (iv) to vary the currency or currencies of payment or denomination of the Notes, (v) to take any steps that as specified hereon may only be taken following approval by an Extraordinary Resolution to which the special quorum provisions apply, (vi) to modify the provisions concerning the quorum required at any meeting of Noteholders or the majority required to pass the Extraordinary Resolution or (vii) to cancel or modify the Guarantee, will only be binding if passed at a meeting of the Noteholders of the relevant Series (or at any adjournment thereof) at which a special quorum (provided for in the Trust Deed) is present.
- (c) The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders, to any modification (subject to certain exceptions) of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, any of these Conditions or any of the provisions of the Trust Deed, or determine, without any such consent as aforesaid, that any Event of Default or Potential Event of Default (as defined in the Trust Deed) shall not be treated as such, which in any such case is not, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders or may agree, without any such consent as aforesaid, to any modification, waiver or authorisation which, in its opinion, is of a formal, minor or technical nature or to correct a manifest error or to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law. Any such modification, waiver or authorisation shall be binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders and, if the Trustee so requires, such modification shall be notified to the Noteholders as soon as practicable.
- (d) In connection with the exercise by it of any of its trusts, powers, authorities and discretions (including, without limitation, any modification, waiver, authorisation determination or substitution), the Trustee shall have regard to the general interests of the Noteholders as a class but shall not have regard to any interests arising from circumstances particular to individual Noteholders or Couponholders (whatever their number) and, in particular but

without limitation, shall not have regard to the consequences of any such exercise for individual Noteholders or Couponholders (whatever their number) resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory or any political sub-division thereof and the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, nor shall any Noteholder or Couponholder be entitled to claim, from the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Trustee or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequence of any such exercise upon individual Noteholders or Couponholders.

- (e) These Conditions may be amended, modified, or varied in relation to any Series of Notes by the terms of the relevant Pricing Supplement in relation to such Series.
- (f) For the purpose of ascertaining the right to attend and vote at any meeting of the Noteholders convened for the purpose of and in relation to Clauses 10.2 and 29 of the Trust Deed, Conditions 10, 11 and 12 and Schedule 4 to the Trust Deed, those Notes (if any) which are beneficially held by, or are held on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective related corporations and not cancelled shall (unless and until ceasing to be so held) be disregarded when determining whether the requisite quorum of such meeting has been met and any votes cast or purported to be cast at such meeting in respect of such Notes shall be disregarded and be null and void.

12. REPLACEMENT OF NOTES AND COUPONS

Should any Note or Coupon be lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed it may be replaced at the specified office of the relevant Issuing and Paying Agent (or at the specified office of such other person as may from time to time be designated by the relevant Issuing and Paying Agent for the purpose and notice of whose designation is given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 15 below) upon payment by the claimant of the costs, expenses and duties incurred in connection with the replacement and on such terms as to evidence, security, indemnity or otherwise as the Issuer may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Notes or Coupons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

13. FURTHER ISSUES

Subject always to the Issuer's obligations under the Trust Deed, the Issuer may from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders create and issue further notes having the same terms and conditions as the Notes of any Series and so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single Series with such Notes, and references in these Conditions to "**Notes**" shall be construed accordingly. The Issuer shall notify the Rating Agencies (as defined in the Trust Deed) upon the further issue of notes.

14. INDEMNIFICATION OF THE TRUSTEE AND ITS CONTRACTING WITH THE COMPANY

The Trust Deed contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee and for its relief from responsibility, including provisions relieving it from taking action unless indemnified to its satisfaction.

The Trust Deed also contains provisions pursuant to which the Trustee is entitled, *inter alia*, to enter into business transactions with the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and to act as trustee of the holders of any other securities issued by, or relating to, the Issuer and/or the Guarantor, (b) to exercise and enforce its rights, comply with its obligations and perform its duties under or in relation to any such transactions or, as the case may be, any such trusteeship without regard to the interests of, or consequences for, the Noteholders or Couponholders, and (c) to retain and not be liable to account for any profit made or any other amount or benefit received thereby or in connection therewith.

15. NOTICES

Notices to the holders will be valid if published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in Singapore. It is expected that such publication in Singapore will be made in the Business Times.

Notices will, if published more than once or on different dates, be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication in such newspaper as provided above.

Couponholders shall be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice to the holders in accordance with this Condition 15.

Until such time as any Definitive Notes (as defined in the Trust Deed) are issued, there may, so long as the Global Note(s) is or are held in its or their entirety on behalf of CDP, or as the case may be, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg be substituted for such publication in such newspapers the delivery of the relevant notice to CDP, or as the case may be, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg for communication by it to the Noteholders. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given to the Noteholders on the seventh day after the day on which the said notice was given to CDP, or as the case may be, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Notices to be given by any Noteholder pursuant hereto (including to the Issuer) shall be in writing and given by lodging the same, together with the relative Note or Notes, with the Issuing and Paying Agent. Whilst the Notes are represented by a Global Note, such notice may be given by any Principal Noteholder to the Issuing and Paying Agent through CDP, or as the case may be, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg in such manner as the Issuing and Paying Agent and CDP, or as the case may be, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg may approve for this purpose.

Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Condition, in any case where:

- (a) the identities and addresses of all the Noteholders are known to the Issuer, notices to such holders may be given individually by recorded delivery mail to such addresses; or
- (b) the units of CMT and/or the Notes are listed on the SGX-ST, notices to the holders of the Notes may be given by way of an announcement through the corporate announcement system administered by the SGX-ST including but not limited to the website maintained by the SGX-ST (the "SGX Corporate Announcement System"),

and such notices will be deemed to have been given (i) in the case of (a) above, when received at such addresses; or (ii) in the case of (b) above, upon the publication of such announcement on the SGX Corporate Announcement System.

16. LIABILITY OF THE GUARANTOR

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons, the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Couponholders acknowledge that HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited ("HSBCITS") has entered into the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons, solely in its capacity as trustee of CMT and not in its personal capacity and all references to the "Guarantor" in the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons shall be construed accordingly. As such, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons, HSBCITS has assumed all obligations under the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons solely in its capacity as trustee of CMT and not in its personal capacity. Any liability of or indemnity, covenant,

undertaking, representation and/or warranty given or to be given by HSBCITS under the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons is given by HSBCITS in its capacity as trustee of CMT and not in its personal capacity and any power and right conferred on any receiver, attorney, agent and/or delegate under the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons, is limited to the assets of CMT over which HSBCITS in its capacity as trustee of CMT has recourse and shall not extend to any personal or other assets of HSBCITS or any assets held by HSBCITS in its capacity as trustee of any trust (other than CMT). Any obligation, matter, act, action or thing required to be done, performed or undertaken or any covenant, representation, warranty or undertaking given by HSBCITS under the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons shall only be in connection with matters relating to CMT (and shall not extend to HSBCITS's obligations in respect of any other trust or real estate investment trust of which it is a trustee). The foregoing shall not restrict or prejudice the rights or remedies of the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Couponholders under law or equity or relieve or discharge HSBCITS from any negligence, fraud or breach of trust.

- (b) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons, it is hereby agreed that HSBCITS's obligations under the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons will be solely the corporate obligations of HSBCITS and that the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Couponholders shall not have any recourse against the shareholders, directors, officers or employees of HSBCITS for any claims, losses, damages, liabilities or other obligations whatsoever in connection with any of the transactions contemplated by the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons. The foregoing shall not restrict or prejudice the rights or remedies of the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Couponholders under law or equity or relieve or discharge HSBCITS from any negligence, fraud or breach of trust.
- (c) For the avoidance of doubt, any legal action or proceedings commenced against HSBCITS whether in Singapore or elsewhere pursuant to the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons shall be brought against HSBCITS in its capacity as trustee of CMT and not in its personal capacity. The foregoing shall not restrict or prejudice the rights or remedies of the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Couponholders under law or equity or relieve or discharge HSBCITS from any negligence, fraud or breach of trust.
- (d) This Condition 16 shall survive the termination or rescission of the Trust Deed, and the redemption or cancellation of the Notes and/or the Coupons.

17. GOVERNING LAW

The Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of Singapore.

18. THIRD PARTIES

No person shall have any right under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore to enforce any term of this Note.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The proceeds from each issue of Notes under the MTN Programme will be used by the Issuer and the Group to refinance the existing borrowings of the Group, to finance the investments comprised in CICT, to on-lend to any trust, fund or entity in which CICT has an interest, to finance any asset enhancement works initiated in respect of CICT or such trust, fund or entity, or to finance the general corporate and working capital purposes in respect of the Group.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ISSUER

History and Business

The Issuer was incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Republic of Singapore on 23 January 2007. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of CICT (formerly known as CMT). All of the issued share capital of the Issuer is owned by the CICT Trustee.

Its principal activities are the provision of financial and treasury services for and on behalf of CICT including on-lending to CICT the proceeds from issuance of notes under the MTN Programme and a US\$3,000,000,000 Euro-medium term note programme (the “**EMTN Programme**”). Since its incorporation, the Issuer has not engaged in any material activities other than the establishment of the MTN Programme and the EMTN Programme, the issue and/or proposed issue of notes under the MTN Programme and the EMTN Programme and the authorisation of relevant documents and agreements referred to in this Information Memorandum and in the information memorandum in respect of the EMTN Programme to which it is or will be a party.

On 30 September 2020, S&P assigned an “A-” long-term issuer credit rating to the Issuer and an “A-” in respect of the MTN Programme. On 1 October 2020, Moody’s assigned the senior unsecured rating of “A3” to the Issuer and a “(P)A3” in respect of the MTN Programme.

Registered Office

The registered office of the Issuer as at the date of this Information Memorandum is at 168 Robinson Road, #30-01, Capital Tower, Singapore 068912.

Shareholding and Capital

As at the date of this Information Memorandum, the issued share capital of the Issuer is one ordinary share of S\$1. The sole issued ordinary share in the capital of the Issuer is held by the Guarantor.

As at the date of this Information Memorandum, there are S\$1,380 million, HK\$2.869 billion, ¥23.60 billion and US\$300 million in principal amount of notes outstanding under the MTN Programme and HK\$2.035 billion in principal amount of notes outstanding under the EMTN Programme. Save as disclosed herein, the Issuer has no borrowings, indebtedness in the nature of borrowings, loan capital outstanding or created but unissued (including term loans), guarantees or material contingent liabilities.

Directors

As at the date of this Information Memorandum, the Directors of the Issuer are:

Name	Business Address
Tan Tee Hieong	168 Robinson Road #30-01 Capital Tower Singapore 068912
Chew Sze Yung	168 Robinson Road #30-01 Capital Tower Singapore 068912

DESCRIPTION OF CICT (FORMERLY KNOWN AS CMT)

HISTORY AND BACKGROUND

CICT is the first and largest REIT listed on the SGX-ST with a market capitalisation of S\$12.2 billion as at the Latest Practicable Date. It debuted on SGX-ST as CMT in July 2002 and was renamed CICT on 3 November 2020 following the Merger. CICT owns and invests in quality income-producing assets primarily used for commercial (including retail and/office) purpose located predominantly in Singapore. As the largest proxy for Singapore commercial real estate, CICT's portfolio comprises 22 properties in Singapore and two in Frankfurt, Germany, with a total portfolio property value of S\$22.4 billion³ as at 30 June 2020.

CICT was constituted on 29 October 2001 by way of the CICT Trust Deed and is the first REIT listed on the SGX-ST in July 2002. CICT has been given an "A3" issuer rating by Moody's and an "A-" by S&P.

The CICT Manager, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Singapore-listed CL, one of Asia's largest diversified real estate groups, is responsible for the management and administration of CICT and the implementation of CICT's strategy for the benefit of Unitholders. Please refer to the section below on "*Value Creation Strategies*" for more information.

CICT owns 11 shopping malls, eight office properties⁴ and five integrated developments contributing 33%, 38% and 29% to CICT's portfolio property value as at 30 June 2020. As at 30 June 2020, CICT's portfolio has an overall committed occupancy of 96.3% and comprised a diverse mix of about 3,300 tenants including local and international companies.

PRO FORMA FINANCIAL EFFECTS OF THE MERGER AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

Aggregate Leverage

The *pro forma* financial effects of the Merger on the aggregate leverage of the CMT Group as at 30 June 2020, as if the Merger was completed on 30 June 2020, are as follows:

	Effects of Merger	
	Before Merger	After Merger
Aggregate leverage (%)	34.4	39.7 ⁽¹⁾

Notes:

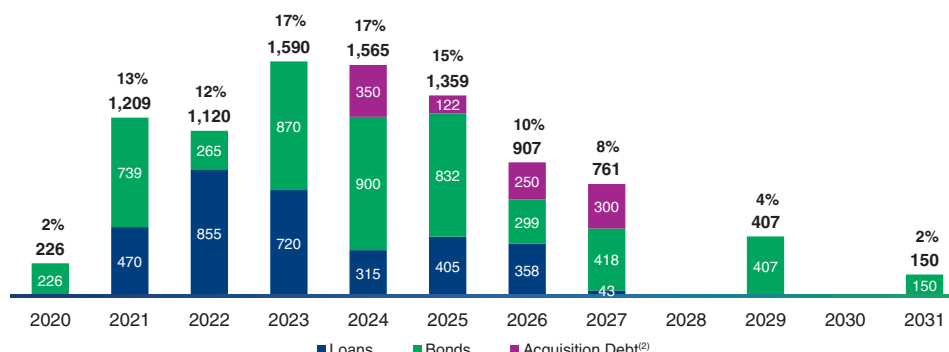
- (1) Assumes that an additional S\$1,022.2 million of Acquisition Debt was drawn down on 30 June 2020 to fund the Cash Consideration (based on the total number of CCT units issued as at 30 June 2020) and Transaction Costs.
- (2) For the purpose of this section:
 - (i) "**Acquisition Debt**" means the additional debt financing required to fund the Cash Consideration and Transaction Costs;
 - (ii) "**Cash Consideration**" means the cash component of the Scheme Consideration, comprising S\$2.590 for each CCT Unit;
 - (iii) "**CCT Units**" means all the issued and paid-up units in CCT;
 - (iv) "**Scheme Consideration**" means the consideration for each CCT Unit under the Trust Scheme;

3 S\$22.4 billion portfolio property value was based on desktop valuation, including proportionate interests of joint ventures, as at 30 June 2020. The conversion rate used for the 30 June 2020 valuations was EUR 1 = S\$1.544.

4 This includes 94.9% interest in each of Gallileo and Main Airport Center, Frankfurt, Germany held through its private sub-trust, CCT.

- (v) “**Transaction Costs**” means the estimated professional and other fees and expenses of S\$22.0 million incurred or to be incurred in connection with the Merger; and
- (vi) “**Trust Scheme**” means the trust scheme of arrangement to effect the Merger.

Pro forma debt maturity profile as at 30 June 2020⁽¹⁾
(S\$ m)

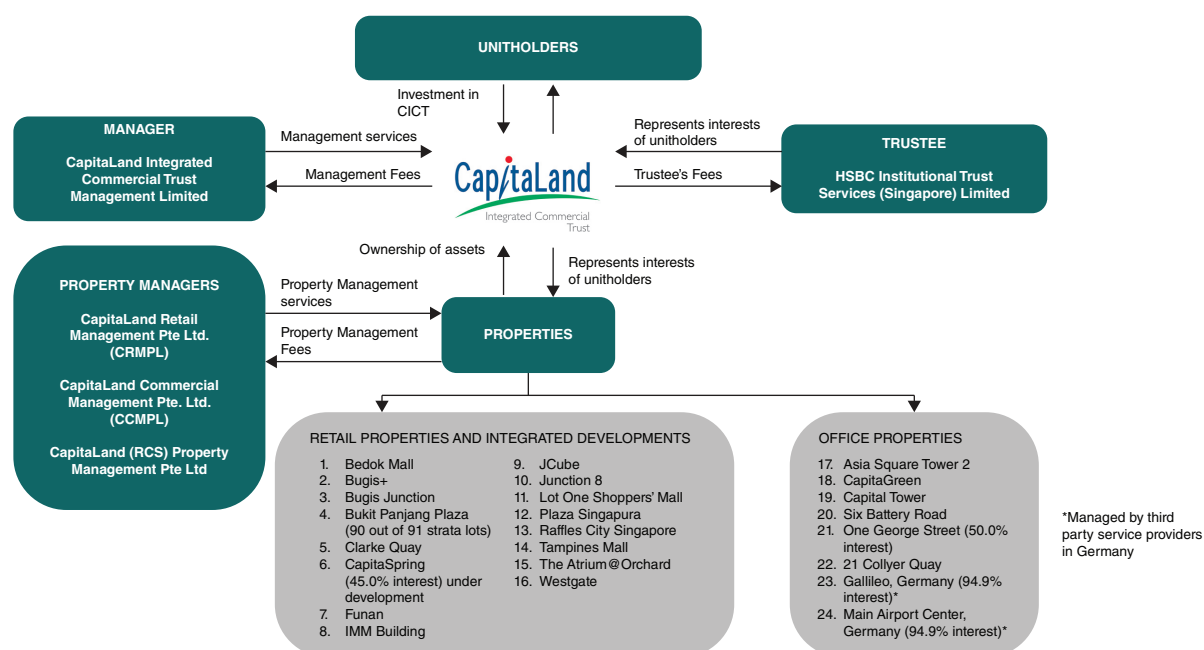


Notes:

- (1) Including proportionate share of debts from joint ventures.
- (2) The Acquisition Debt is assumed to be drawn on 30 June 2020.

STRUCTURE OF CICT

The following diagram illustrates the relationship between CICT, the CICT Manager (serving as manager for both CICT and CCT sub-trust), the Property Managers, the CICT Trustee, the CCT Trustee and the Unitholders as at the date of this Information Memorandum:



For further details on the CICT Trustee, the CICT Manager and the Property Managers, see the section entitled “*The CICT Trustee, The CICT Manager and The Property Managers*”.

SUBSIDIARIES

As of the date of this Information Memorandum, CICT has 13 subsidiaries.

CMT MTN

CMT MTN Pte. Ltd., the Issuer, is an entity incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Republic of Singapore on 23 January 2007. Please see the section entitled “*Description of the Issuer*” for further details on CMT MTN.

Brilliance Mall Trust

BMT is an unlisted special purpose trust established under a trust deed dated 1 September 2010, as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time. BMT is 100.0% owned by CICT. The principal activity of BMT is to invest in income producing real estate, which is used or substantially used for retail purposes with the primary objective of achieving an attractive level of return from rental income and for long-term capital growth. BMT holds an investment property, Bedok Mall.

Victory Office 1 Trust

Victory Office 1 Trust (“**VO1 Trust**”) is an unlisted special purpose trust established under a trust deed (“**VO1T Trust Deed**”) dated 30 August 2016. VO1 Trust is 100.0% owned by CICT.

The principal activity of VO1 Trust is to invest in income producing real estate, which is used or substantially used for commercial purposes with the primary objective of achieving an attractive level of return from rental income and for long-term capital growth. VO1 Trust holds Funan Office 1.

Victory Office 2 Trust

Victory Office 2 Trust (“**VO2 Trust**”) is an unlisted special purpose trust established under a trust deed (“**VO2T Trust Deed**”) dated 30 August 2016. VO2 Trust is 100.0% owned by CICT.

The principal activity of VO2 Trust is to invest in income producing real estate, which is used or substantially used for commercial purposes with the primary objective of achieving an attractive level of return from rental income and for long-term capital growth. VO2 Trust holds Funan Office 2.

Infinity Mall Trust

IMT is an unlisted special purpose trust established under a trust deed dated 25 May 2011 entered into between the CICT Trustee, CMA Singapore Investments (4) Pte. Ltd., CL JM Pte. Ltd. and JG Trustee Pte. Ltd. (as trustee of IMT), as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time. IMT is 100.0% owned by CICT.

The principal activity of IMT is to invest in income producing real estate, which is used or substantially used for retail purposes with the primary objective of achieving an attractive level of return from rental income and for long-term capital growth.

IMT owns Westgate which commenced operations on 2 December 2013.

CCT

CCT is an unlisted special purpose trust established under a trust deed dated 6 February 2004 as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time. CCT is 100.0% owned by CICT. Its principal activity is to invest in income producing real estate and real estate related assets, which are used or substantially used for commercial purposes in Singapore and key gateway cities in developed markets, with the primary objective of achieving an attractive level of return from rental income and long-term capital growth.

CCT owns Asia Square Tower 2, Capital Tower, One George Street (50.0% interest), Six Battery Road and 21 Collyer Quay in Singapore and Gallileo (94.9% interest) and Main Airport Center (94.9% interest) located in Germany.

CCT was delisted from the SGX-ST on 3 November 2020 following the Merger which took effect on 21 October 2020.

RCS Trust

RCS Trust is an unlisted special purpose trust established under a trust deed dated 18 July 2006 as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time. RCS Trust was established in 2006 with the objectives of, *inter alia*, owning and investing in real estate and real estate-related assets that are income-producing. RCS Trust is 100.0% owned by CICT.

RCS Trust owns Raffles City Singapore, an integrated development which comprises of three components: (i) the 42-storey Raffles City Tower (a prime office tower), (ii) Raffles City Shopping Centre (a prime retail mall spread over five floors) and (iii) two hotels, namely the 73-storey Swissôtel The Stamford and the 28-storey twin-tower Fairmont Singapore, together with the Raffles City Convention Centre (hotels and convention centre).

MSO Trust

MSO Trust is an unlisted special purpose trust constituted under a trust deed dated 15 June 2011 as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time. MSO Trust is 100.0% owned by CICT. MSO Trust holds CapitaGreen, a Grade A office tower.

Asia Square Tower 2

Asia Square Tower 2 Pte. Ltd. is an entity incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Republic of Singapore. Its principal activity is to invest in income producing real estate and real estate related assets, which are used or substantially used for commercial purposes, with the primary objective of achieving an attractive level of return from rental income and long-term capital growth. It holds Asia Square Tower 2, a Grade A office tower.

CCT MTN

CCT MTN Pte. Ltd. ("**CCT MTN**") is an entity incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Republic of Singapore. The company is a special purpose vehicle, whose main objective is to issue notes under an unsecured Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme and to lend the proceeds from the issuance of such notes to the CCT Trustee.

CCT Galaxy One, CCT Galaxy Two and CCT Mercury One

CCT Galaxy One Pte. Ltd. ("**CCT Galaxy One**"), CCT Galaxy Two Pte. Ltd. ("**CCT Galaxy Two**") and CCT Mercury One Pte. Ltd. ("**CCT Mercury One**") are incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Republic of Singapore primarily for the purpose of investment holding. CCT Galaxy Two is the immediate holding company of CCT Galaxy One and CCT Mercury One. CCT Galaxy One holds 94.9% of Gallileo while CCT Mercury One holds 94.9% of Main Airport Center.

STRENGTHS OF CICT

(a) **Strategically Located Quality Assets with Strong and Diversified Tenant Base and High Occupancy Rates**

CICT's portfolio of retail, commercial and integrated development assets have a large and diversified footprint in both central and decentralised locations in Singapore, that are well-connected to major public transportation lines. This portfolio includes properties within the CBD and key prime districts, along with assets located in key growth areas with the potential to transform into new local hubs in keeping with the decentralisation plan of the Government of Singapore.

Following the Merger, CICT is able to leverage on a stronger platform encapsulating CMT and CCT's best-in-class attributes:

Retail Properties

The Retail Properties comprise 11 quality shopping malls, which are well diversified in the suburban areas and downtown of Singapore. These shopping malls enjoy excellent connectivity to major transportation hubs, and are strategically located either in areas with large population catchments or within Singapore's popular shopping and tourist destinations.

In addition, the Retail Properties are leased to well diversified tenants, which allow CICT to rely on many different trade sectors for rental income. In the CICT Manager's opinion, these tenants underpin the stability of rental income from the Retail Properties.

As at 30 September 2020, the CMT Portfolio has a committed occupancy rate of 98.0%. The high occupancy rate reflects the properties' extensive network of international and local retailers as well as the active asset management and proactive leasing strategy of the CICT Manager with respect to the renewal and replacement of tenants.

Office Properties

The Office Properties comprise eight quality office buildings⁵, six of which are strategically located in Singapore's central area, and two prominently located in Frankfurt, Germany. CICT is the largest owner of Grade A office assets in Singapore's CBD by NLA. CICT's Office Properties has maintained an occupancy rate that is consistently above CBD Core⁶ occupancy levels.

As at 30 September 2020, the CCT Portfolio in Singapore achieved a committed occupancy rate of 95.5%, which was higher than the Singapore CBD Core occupancy of 93.9%⁷, while the CCT Portfolio in Germany has a committed occupancy rate of 94.1%, which was higher than the Frankfurt office market occupancy rate of 93.1%. The high portfolio occupancy is the result of successful proactive leasing strategies and strong tenant retention. Its portfolio of high-quality office and commercial properties is further supported by a diverse tenant mix with a long and favourable lease expiry profile.

Additionally, with the evolution of various workspace solutions being implemented, such as hub-and-spoke and core-and-flex office models, CICT's CBD office spaces will retain relevance as anchor locations. CICT's sizeable and highly accessible portfolio provides for the replication of the work-live-play trend to capture evolving demand across Singapore.

5 This includes CICT's 50.0% interest in One George Street.

6 CBD Core comprises Raffles Place, Shenton Way, Marina Bay and Marina Bay Centre.

7 Singapore CBD Core occupancy is based on information from CBRE Research.

Integrated Developments

Retail and office are key components within the Integrated Developments to enable a work-live-play lifestyle. Retail real estate remains essential amidst evolving customer preferences, while the office is here to stay as workspace solutions evolve to meet changing occupier needs. CICT capitalises on its combined domain expertise and is well positioned to leverage current and future real estate trends towards mixed use precincts and integrated developments.

CICT has demonstrated proactive portfolio reconstitution and asset repositioning, evidenced by, for example, the ongoing development of CapitaSpring from a carpark and food centre of approximately 127,000 sq ft into an integrated development of approximately 1,005,000 sq ft comprising office, retail and serviced residence components and the redevelopment of Funan from a pure retail mall of approximately 482,000 sq ft into an integrated development of approximately 889,000 sq ft comprising an ecosystem of retail, office and coliving components.

With 57%, 29% and 14% of gross floor area attributable to retail, office and coliving spaces respectively, the transformation of Funan showcases how the work-live-play components complement one another to form an integrated, sustainable ecosystem. Funan was officially opened on 27 December 2019 with over 200 brands, of which more than 30% were new-to-market brands, concepts or flagship stores and over 60% were homegrown labels. Funan's average monthly shopper traffic was approximately 70% higher than before the redevelopment.

(b) Resilient Portfolio

CICT has a well-balanced portfolio with diverse exposure across eight office assets, 11 retail assets and five integrated developments, which account for approximately 38%, 33% and 29% of the total property value respectively as at 30 June 2020. Its diversified portfolio provides a hedge against market cycles in any particular sub-sector and improves CICT's ability to invest through cycles.

CICT also benefits from a low asset concentration risk. Following the merger, CICT's NPI contribution from its top five assets was reduced from 50%⁸ to 43%⁹. This improved diversification reduces earnings volatility and increases its flexibility to unlock value and reconstitute its portfolio with a lower impact on NPI.

(c) CICT maintains its Market Focus and Market Leadership in Singapore

Following the Merger, CICT continues to be predominantly Singapore-focused while having the flexibility to explore acquisitions in other developed countries of not more than 20% of the total portfolio property value of CICT. This broadens CICT's optionality to seek accretive acquisitions. CICT continues to stay at the forefront of the real estate investment trust sector as Singapore's largest REIT, with a market capitalisation of S\$12.2 billion as at the Latest Practicable Date.

CICT faces favourable supply dynamics in the Singapore real estate market, with new supply for both retail and office space muted in the near term, providing a competitive advantage to established real estate players like CICT.

8 Based on the NPI of the CMT Group for LTM June 2020, including *pro rata* contribution from joint ventures.

9 Based on the combined NPI of the CMT Group and the CCT Group for LTM June 2020, including *pro rata* contribution from joint ventures, and Bugis Village up to 31 March 2020 (which was the expiry date of CCT's one-year lease with the State to manage Bugis Village).

(d) Strong and Committed Significant Unitholder

CICT is managed by an external manager, CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust Management Limited (formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust Management Limited), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of CL, one of Asia's largest real estate companies headquartered and listed in Singapore. CL holds a significant unitholding interest in CICT.

CL is a long-term real estate developer and investor and has strong inherent interests in the long-term performance of CICT. CL's retention of a significant unitholding interest in CICT ensures its commitment to CICT and aligns its interests with other unitholders. The CICT Manager's association with CL provides the following benefits, amongst others, to CICT:

- (i) stable pipeline of property assets through CL's development activities;
- (ii) wider and better access to banking and capital markets on favourable terms;
- (iii) fund raising and treasury support; and
- (iv) access to a bench of experienced management talent.

CL, through its wholly owned subsidiaries, has an aggregate interest in approximately 28.89% of the Units as at the Latest Practicable Date.

(e) Managed by an Experienced and Professional Management Team

The CICT Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of CL. It is able to tap on CL's unique integrated real estate platform, combining the best of real estate management and capital management capabilities. Through this platform, it can call upon a professional and experienced team of operations, project and asset managers who work closely and seamlessly with each other in managing shopping malls and office buildings.

(f) Strong Issuer Ratings

CICT has an "A3" issuer credit rating by Moody's and an "A-" by S&P. CICT's strong credit ratings reflect its leading position as Singapore's largest REIT. It is also based on CICT's diversified portfolio, balanced exposure across integrated developments, retail and office assets and a reduction in asset concentration risk post-Merger. The rating also takes into account CICT's strong track record of access to funding and established banking relationships.

(g) Efficient Capital Management

CICT has in place a capital management strategy and debt structure which are in line with the CICT Manager's aim to optimise returns to Unitholders. Regular assessments of capital management policies are undertaken to ensure that they are adaptable to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of CICT. The CICT Manager also monitors CICT's exposures to various risk elements by closely adhering to well-established management policies and procedures. As part of CICT's proactive capital management, the CICT Manager is diversifying CICT's sources of funding and will continue to review CICT's debt profile to reduce financing risk.

VALUE CREATION STRATEGIES

The CICT Manager's principal investment strategy is to invest, directly or indirectly, in quality income-producing assets, which are used or primarily used for commercial purposes (including retail and/or office purposes), located predominantly in Singapore. In addition, the CICT Manager's key objectives are to deliver stable distributions and sustainable total returns to Unitholders.

The CICT Manager plans to achieve these key objectives through the following value creation strategies that leverage on its expertise and on the synergies derived through the enlarged trust's diversified portfolio and platform capabilities:

(a) Integrated Real Estate Platform

The CICT Manager is able to leverage CL's integrated real estate value chain in design, project management, investment, marketing and leasing, property management, fund management and digital platform to drive further growth. CL is a well-established real estate company with proven capabilities to support CICT in its quest to deliver sustainable returns to its unitholders.

(b) Active Management to Drive Organic Growth

The CICT Manager aims to capitalise on rental market cycles and opportunities across CICT's enlarged portfolio of retail and office properties, through the cross-pollination of customer and tenant bases, including but not limited to:

- leveraging a broader retail and office leasing network for more effective tenant negotiations and sourcing for high-quality tenants to drive higher portfolio occupancy and improved rental rates for new and renewed leases;
- harnessing evolving synergies between the retail and office portfolios, such as the inclusion of flexible office solutions in retail malls like Funan, or extension of retail tenants' e-commerce fulfilment points beyond shopping malls to office buildings;
- unifying digital platform to enhance analytics capability, generate higher quality insights across asset classes, and enable more informed, data-driven decision making in order to create a seamless online and offline ecosystem for end-consumers' work, dining, leisure and shopping needs; and
- extending marketing communication and community engagement activities across the enlarged pool of properties to enhance retail and office tenant stickiness. These activities can give retail tenants and brands a wider reach to shoppers while giving office workers more opportunities to participate in experiential retail activities, right at their doorstep.

(c) AEs and Redevelopment

The CICT Manager aims to achieve the highest and best use for its properties in line with evolving real estate trends and consumer preferences for more complete work, live and play elements conveniently co-located. In this vein, integrated developments present an attractive proposition for both tenants and consumers given the comprehensive and complementary offerings.

Given CICT's enlarged and more resilient portfolio, CICT is better placed to reposition or repurpose single use retail or office properties from pure retail or office use to mixed-use integrated projects. For example, successful transformations such as Funan and CapitaSpring can be replicated across the portfolio. In particular, many properties in the portfolio of CICT are strategically-located at key transport nodes and are poised to be prime candidates for redevelopment over time.

(d) Growth by Acquisitions

By capitalising on combined domain expertise in the retail and office property sphere and a resilient portfolio, CICT is well positioned to grow its portfolio by investing in retail, office and integrated developments through property market cycles and across geographies. The ability to identify value-adding acquisitions, investments, greenfield development projects and redevelopment opportunities to add to its portfolio and further enhance its value is central to CICT's long-term sustainable growth. The CICT Manager will continue to seek acquisitions of yield-accretive assets from both third parties and CL.

(e) Disciplined Portfolio Reconstitution

The CICT Manager will undertake pro-active capital recycling by planning, identifying and undertaking appropriate divestment of assets that have reached their optimal life cycle and redeploying proceeds into higher yielding properties or other growth opportunities. CICT will continue to build on its established track record of value creation through proactive portfolio reconstitution.

(f) Prudent Cost and Capital Management

Following the Merger, the enlarged portfolio of CICT enjoys economies of scale and stronger bargaining power with service providers. By procuring services in bulk, optimising supply chain and eliminating frictional costs, the CICT Manager is able to generate greater operational cost savings.

The CICT Manager will employ appropriate capital financing and hedging strategies to optimise aggregate leverage and financing costs, and manage foreign exchange risks. Based on the combined debt portfolio of approximately S\$9.3 billion as at the Latest Practicable Date, CICT will be in a position to tap on a wider range of financing options to manage the cost of debt. CICT, with its more resilient portfolio, will also have access to more debt and capital market providers to support its growth strategy.

(g) ESG Commitment

The CICT Manager aims to build on CICT's¹⁰ robust ESG foundations to further improve the economic and social well-being of stakeholders. CICT's ESG reporting is aligned with global ESG benchmarks, including the Global Reporting Initiative Standards: Core Option, the International Integrated Reporting Council Framework, and the UN Sustainable Development Goals. CICT, through CCT, topped the Singapore Governance and Transparency Index ("**SGTI**") 2020¹¹ in the REIT and Business Trust Category. CICT, through CMT, also achieved the Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark ("**GRESB**"¹²) 2019 Sector Leader in the Asia – "Retail-Listed" category and through CCT, the GRESB 2019 4-Star respectively. CICT will be able to further strengthen its ESG commitment through the responsible management of human capital, assets, portfolio and operations, as well as management of its environmental footprint.

10 CICT, the merged entity of CMT and CCT was effective from 21 October 2020. Its ESG reporting refers to the respective reporting by CMT and CCT in their respective 2019 annual reports.

11 The SGTI is the leading index for assessing corporate governance practices of Singapore-listed companies. It is a collaboration between CPA Australia, NUS Business School's Centre for Governance, Institutions and Organisations and Singapore Institute of Directors.

12 The Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark Assessment is conducted by GRESB, an industry-driven organization committed to assessing the ESG performance of real assets globally, including real estate portfolios.

DIRECTORS OF THE ISSUER

MR TONY TAN TEE HIEONG

Mr Tony Tan Tee Hieong was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Non-Independent Director of CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust Management Limited (formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust Management Limited) on 1 May 2017.

Prior to this appointment, Mr Tan was the Chief Executive Officer of CapitaLand Retail China Trust Management Limited from July 2010 to 31 March 2017. He has 27 years of combined experience in international treasury, finance and risk management in locally-listed companies and multinationals, with the last 11 years in real estate investment, asset management and capital market.

He has a Bachelor of Accountancy from the National University of Singapore and a Master of Business Administration (Distinction) from the University of Manchester.

MS CINDY CHEW SZE YUNG

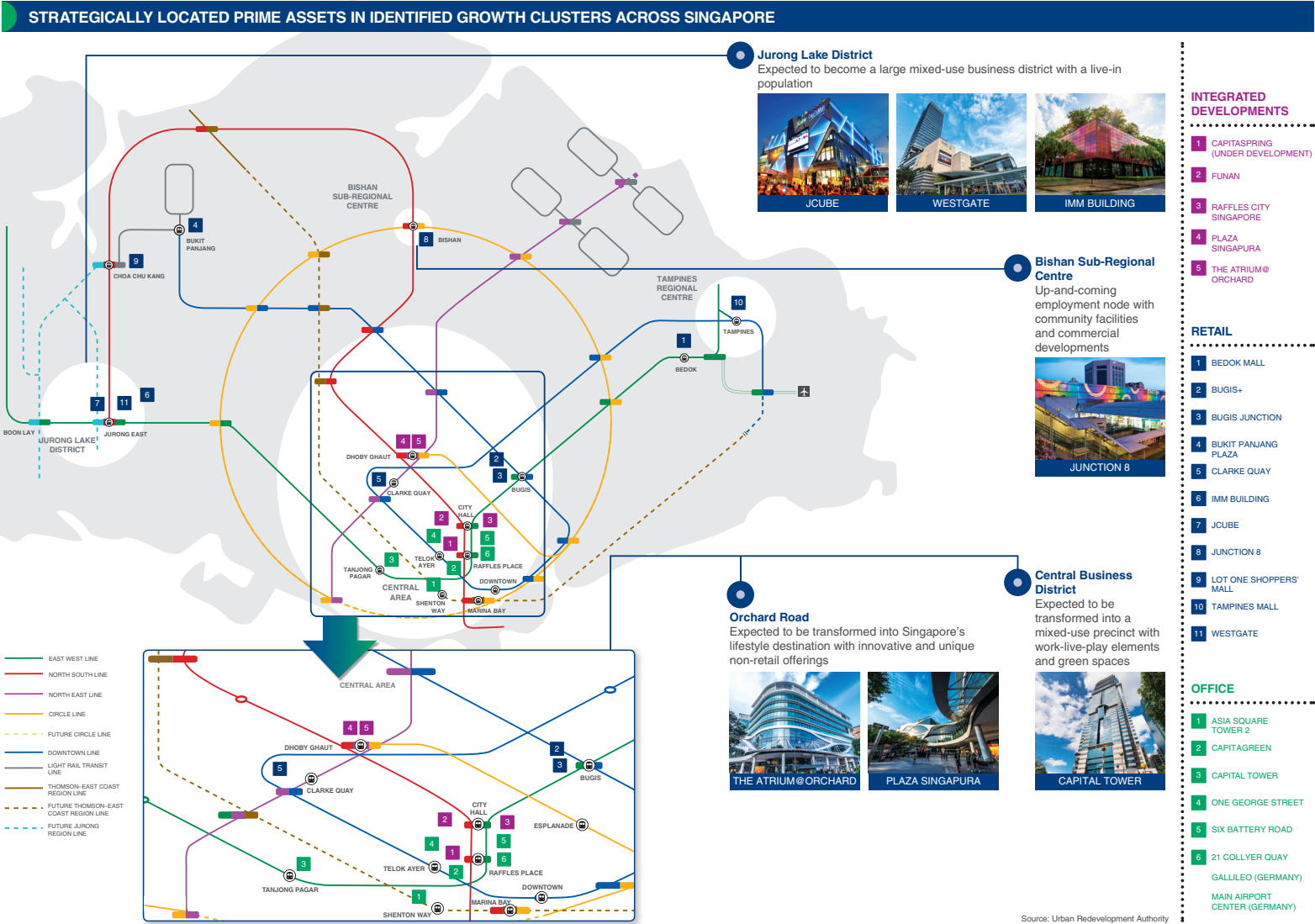
Ms Cindy Chew Sze Yung heads the finance team and is responsible for CICT's financial management functions and the sourcing and management of funds for CICT. She oversees matters involving treasury, accounting and capital management, ensuring alignment with CICT's investment strategy and its mall portfolio management, with a focus on driving revenue and delivering investment returns for CICT.

Cindy has over 18 years of experience in the finance industry. She holds a Bachelor of Accountancy (Honours) degree from Nanyang Technological University.

PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

CICT has a well-balanced portfolio with diversified exposure across five integrated developments, eight office assets and 11 retail assets in Singapore and overseas. The properties enjoy excellent connectivity to main transportation hubs and are strategically located either in areas with large population catchments or within popular shopping and tourist destinations.

Location of CICT's Properties in Singapore



COMBINED PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENTS



1 CAPITASPRING
(UNDER DEVELOPMENT)



2 FUNAN



3 RAFFLES CITY
SINGAPORE



4 PLAZA SINGAPURA



5 THE ATRIUM@
ORCHARD

RETAIL



1 BEDOK MALL



2 BUGIS+



3 BUGIS JUNCTION



4 BUKIT PANJANG PLAZA



5 CLARKE QUAY



6 IMM BUILDING



7 JCUBE



8 JUNCTION 8



9 LOT ONE SHOPPERS' MALL



10 TAMPINES MALL



11 WESTGATE

OFFICE



1 ASIA SQUARE TOWER 2



2 CAPITAGREEN



3 CAPITAL TOWER



4 ONE GEORGE STREET



5 SIX BATTERY ROAD



6 21 COLLYER QUAY



GALLILEO
(GERMANY)



MAIN AIRPORT CENTER
(GERMANY)

CICT PORTFOLIO SUMMARY⁽¹⁾

A. Information on CICT Properties (Office)

	Asia Square Tower 2	CapitaGreen	Capital Tower	Six Battery Road
Address	12 Marina View	138 Market Street	168 Robinson Road	6 Battery Road
Land Tenure	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 3 March 2008 (land lot only)	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 1 April 1974	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 1 January 1996	Leasehold tenure of 999 years with effect from 20 April 1826
Joint Venture Partners' Interests	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Number of tenants	69	49	30	98
NLA (sq ft)	Total: 777,222 Retail: 25,568 Office: 751,654	701,048	734,696	493,910
Desktop valuation as at 30 June 2020 (S\$ million)	2,134.0	1,618.0	1,389.0	1,414.0
Committed occupancy as at 30 September 2020	97.0% ⁽²⁾	99.8%	98.0%	79.4%
Carpark Lots	266	184	415	191
YTD Sep 2020 Gross revenue (S\$ million)	77.4	67.8	53.1	40.6
YTD Sep 2020 Net property income (S\$ million)	59.7	54.7	40.3	30.3

	One George Street	21 Collyer Quay	Gallileo	Main Airport Center
Address	1 George Street	21 Collyer Quay	Gallusanlage 7/Neckarstrasse 5, 60329 Frankfurt am Main, Germany	Unterschweinstiege 2-14, 60549 Frankfurt, Germany
Land Tenure	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 22 January 2003	Leasehold tenure of 999 years with effect from 19 December 1850	Freehold	Freehold
Joint Venture Partners' Interests	CCT: 50.0% OGS (II) Limited: 50.0%	N.A.	CCT: 94.9% CL: 5.1%	CCT: 94.9% CL: 5.1%
Number of tenants	54	1	7	32
NLA (sq ft)	445,786	200,469	436,175	648,740
Desktop valuation as at 30 June 2020 (S\$ million)	561.0 (proportionate value of the 50.0% interest held by CCT)	465.5	534.3 ⁽⁴⁾ (proportionate value of the 94.9% interest held by CCT)	387.7 ⁽³⁾ (proportionate value of the 94.9% interest held by CCT)
Committed occupancy as at 30 September 2020	98.2%	100.0%	100.0%	90.2%
Carpark Lots	178	55	43	1,510
YTD Sep 2020 Gross revenue (S\$ million)	19.3 (proportionate value of the 50.0% interest held by CCT)	9.2	21.0	19.5
YTD Sep 2020 Net property income (S\$ million)	15.3 (proportionate value of the 50.0% interest held by CCT)	8.0	17.1	13.4

B. Information on CICT Properties (Integrated developments)

	Raffles City Singapore	Funan⁽²⁾	Plaza Singapura	The Atrium @ Orchard	CapitaSpring
Address	250 & 252 North Bridge Road; 2 Stamford Road; 80 Bras Basah Road	107 and 109 North Bridge Road	68 Orchard Road	60A and 60B Orchard Road	86 & 88 Market Street
Land Tenure	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 16 July 1979	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 12 December 1979	Freehold	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 15 August 2008	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 1 February 1982
Joint Venture Partners' Interests	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	CCT: 45.0% ⁽²⁾ CL: 45.0% Mitsubishi Estate Co., Ltd.: 10.0%
Number of tenants	263	222	235	90	N.A.
NLA (sq ft)	Total: 808,150 Retail: 426,830 Office: 381,320	Total: 531,559 Retail: 317,430 Office: 214,129	484,156	Total: 386,892 Retail: 134,584 Office: 252,308	Total: 647,025 Retail: 11,669 Office: 635,356
Desktop valuation as at 30 June 2020 (S\$ million)	3,266.0	742.0	1,300.0	740.0	466.7 (proportionate value of the 45.0% interest held by CCT)
Committed occupancy as at 30 September 2020	96.0% ⁽²⁾	98.7% ⁽²⁾	98.3%	97.5% ⁽²⁾	34.9%
Carpark Lots	1,051	404	695	127	350
YTD Sep 2020 Gross revenue (S\$ million)	146.6	40.3	51.1	32.9	Under construction; Completion expected in 2H 2021
YTD Sep 2020 Net property income (S\$ million)	112.1	28.9	37.0	24.7	Under construction; Completion expected in 2H 2021

C. Information on CICT Properties (Retail)

	Tampines Mall	Junction 8	IMM Building	Bugis Junction
Address	4 Tampines Central 5	9 Bishan Place	2 Jurong East Street 21	200 Victoria Street
Land Tenure	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 1 September 1992	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 1 September 1991	Leasehold tenure of 30+ 30 years with effect from 23 January 1989	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 10 September 1990
Joint Venture Partners' Interests	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Number of tenants	167	176	560	233
NLA (sq ft)	356,228	254,106	Total: 963,149 Retail: 424,179 Warehouse: 538,970	396,452
Desktop valuation as at 30 June 2020 (S\$ million)	1,072.0	794.0	660.0	1,087.0
Committed occupancy as at 30 September 2020	100.0%	100.0%	98.8% ⁽²⁾	99.3%
Carpark Lots	637	305	1,324	648
YTD Sep 2020 Gross revenue (S\$ million)	46.6	35.9	52.2	47.6
YTD Sep 2020 Net property income (S\$ million)	32.9	25.0	34.8	32.7

	JCube	Lot One Shoppers' Mall	Bukit Panjang Plaza⁽⁴⁾	Clarke Quay
Address	2 Jurong East Central 1	21 Choa Chu Kang Avenue 4	1 Jelebu Road	3 River Valley Road
Land Tenure	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 1 March 1991	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 1 December 1993	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 1 December 1994	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 13 January 1990
Joint Venture Partners' Interests	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Number of tenants	119	148	114	70
NLA (sq ft)	210,043	227,627	163,599	293,248
Desktop valuation as at 30 June 2020 (S\$ million)	276.0	531.0	324.0	394.0
Committed occupancy as at 30 September 2020	N.A. ⁽⁵⁾	99.2%	N.A. ⁽⁵⁾	92.3%
Carpark Lots	341	321	326	424
YTD Sep 2020 Gross revenue (S\$ million)	N.A. ⁽⁶⁾	23.6	N.A. ⁽⁶⁾	17.8
YTD Sep 2020 Net property income (S\$ million)	N.A. ⁽⁶⁾	15.2	N.A. ⁽⁶⁾	9.7

	Bedok Mall	Westgate	Bugis+
Address	311 New Upper Changi Road	3 Gateway Drive	201 Victoria Street
Land Tenure	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 21 November 2011	Leasehold tenure of 99 years with effect from 29 August 2011	Leasehold tenure of 60 years with effect from 30 September 2005
Joint Venture Partners' Interests	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Number of tenants	196	235	87
NLA (sq ft)	222,469	409,087	214,408
Desktop valuation as at 30 June 2020 (S\$ million)	779.0	1,087.0	353.0
Committed occupancy as at 30 September 2020	97.6%	98.6%	99.9%
Carpark Lots	265	610	325
YTD Sep 2020 Gross revenue (S\$ million)	32.3	41.2	18.3
YTD Sep 2020 Net property income (S\$ million)	22.6	27.4	12.1

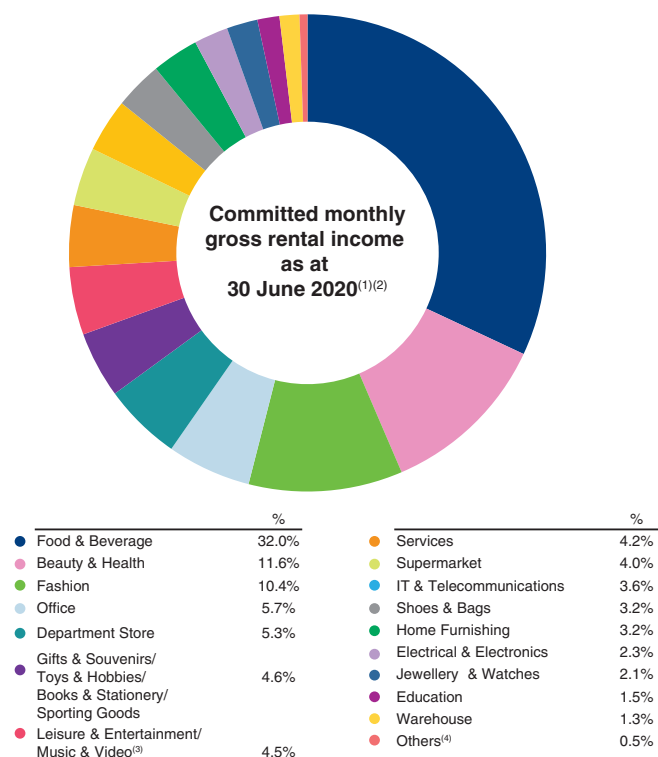
Notes:

- (1) All information stated on a 100.0% basis, unless otherwise stated.
- (2) Includes retail and office leases.
- (3) The conversion rate used for the 30 June 2020 valuations was EUR1 = S\$1.544.
- (4) Comprises 90 out of 91 strata lots.
- (5) The total committed occupancy as at 30 September 2020 was 96.8%.
- (6) Combined YTD Sep 2020 gross revenue is S\$28.9 million. Combined YTD Sep 2020 net property income is S\$17.8 million.

TRADE SECTOR ANALYSIS

The properties in the CMT Portfolio is well diversified and leverages on many different trade sectors for rental income. As at 30 June 2020, Food & Beverage remained the largest contributor to monthly gross rental income at 32.0% of the total portfolio. Beauty and health remained the second largest contributor to gross rental income at 11.6%.

Diverse tenant mix in CMT Portfolio



Notes: For the month of June 2020.

(1) Includes CMT's 40.0% interest in Raffles City Singapore (retail only) and Funan, which was closed in July 2016 for redevelopment and reopened in June 2019.

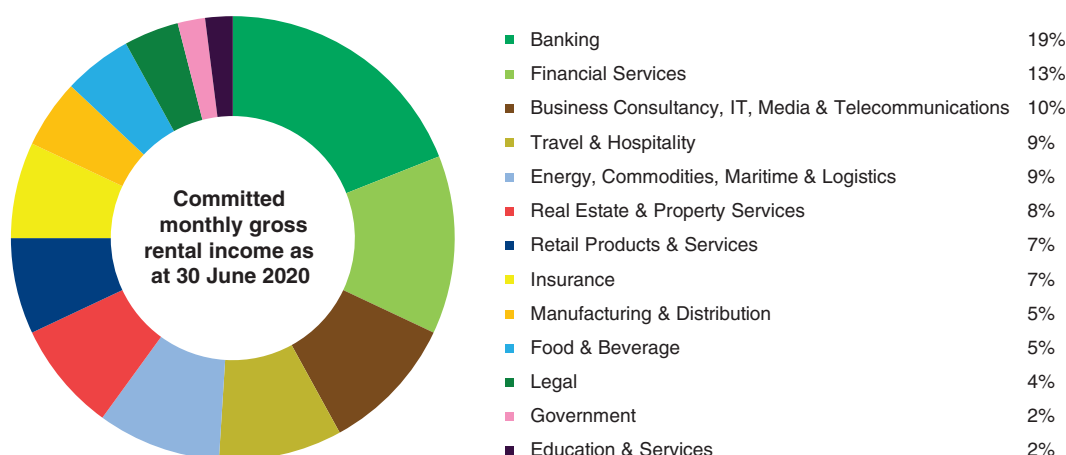
(2) Excludes gross turnover rent.

(3) Includes tenants approved as thematic dining, entertainment and a performance centre in Bugis+.

(4) Others include Art Gallery and Luxury.

The properties in the CCT Portfolio is well diversified and leverages on many different trade sectors for rental income. As at 30 June 2020, Banking remained the largest contributor to monthly gross rental income at 19.0% of the total portfolio. Financial Services remained the second largest contributor to gross rental income at 13.0%.

Diverse tenant mix in CCT Portfolio⁽¹⁾



Note:

(1) Based on committed monthly gross rental income including proportionate interests of joint ventures and excluding retail turnover rent. Also excludes WeWork Singapore as the lease is expected to commence in 4Q2021.

PORTFOLIO LEASE EXPIRY PROFILE

CMT Portfolio

CMT's tenants typically have three-year lease terms. The portfolio weighted average lease expiry by gross rental income was 2.0 years as at 30 September 2020.

Portfolio lease expiry profile⁽¹⁾

Weighted Average Expiry by Gross Rental Income		2.0 Years	
As at 30 September 2020	Number of Leases	Gross Rental Income per Month ⁽²⁾	
		S\$'000	% of Total
2020	92	1,029	1.6
2021	1,045	18,710	29.0
2022	1,018	21,647	33.6
2023	634	14,187	22.0
2024	98	5,381	8.3
2025 and beyond	51	3,563	5.5
Total	2,938⁽³⁾	64,517	100.0

Notes:

(1) Based on committed leases, includes CMT's 40.0% interest in Raffles City Singapore (excluding hotel lease).

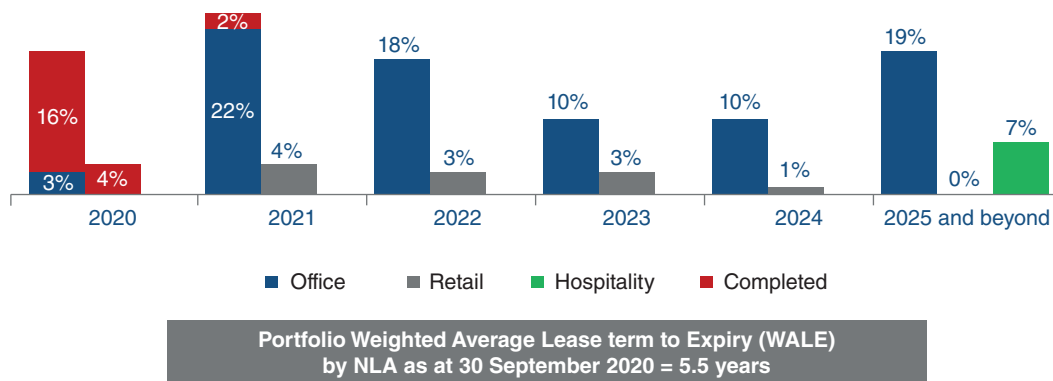
(2) Based on the month in which the lease expires and excludes gross turnover rent.

(3) Of which 2,526 leases are retail leases.

CCT Portfolio

CCT Portfolio, comprising office, retail and hotel leases, has a weighted average lease term to expiry by NLA as at 30 September 2020 of 5.5 years.

Well spread portfolio lease expiry profile⁽¹⁾



Notes:

- (1) Lease expiry profile as a percentage of committed monthly gross rental income as at 30 September 2020 and excludes retail and hotel turnover rents

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Covid-19 Rental Assistance Package And Enhancement of Rental Assistance Measures

Domestic consumption in Singapore was significantly impacted by Covid-19 in the second quarter of 2020 during the Circuit Breaker period, where non-essential services were suspended, and most workplace premises were mandated to close. Singapore has since exited the Circuit Breaker period and is currently in Phase Two of a three-phased approach to resume activities safely, with more firms and services gradually opening whilst ensuring safe management and social distancing measures are in place. Based on advance estimates from the MTI for the third quarter of 2020, even though consumer-facing sectors such as retail and food services saw an improvement in performance as the Singapore economy exited the Circuit Breaker, they remained in contraction, with sales volumes coming in below year-ago levels due to weak consumer confidence and capacity constraints resulting from safe distancing measures.

In order to mitigate the severity and impact of Covid-19, the Ministry of Finance announced financial and statutory assistance through four relief budget measures totaling S\$99.7 billion, or about 20.0% of Singapore's gross domestic product, from February to May 2020. On 5 June 2020, the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Amendment) Bill was passed to resolve financial concerns and support eligible Small and Medium Enterprises ("**SMEs**") as well as affected landlords and businesses by provision of additional relief. The key amendments include, *inter alia*, (i) rental support for eligible SMEs via a new rental relief framework, (ii) relief for tenants that are unable to vacate the business premises due to Covid-19, and (iii) a cap on late payment interest or charges for specific contracts.

Additional loan and cashflow support schemes are also available for landlords and businesses affected by Covid-19. Landlords can defer both principal and interest repayments till 31 December 2020, should they be required to provide rental waivers or rescheduling of rental payments to affected tenants. More flexibility has also been extended to Singapore-listed REITs, who are permitted to extend their timelines for distribution of their taxable income. Lastly, project completion period for residential, commercial and industrial projects have been extended. In the mid to long term, some development slippages and delay in construction activities may be witnessed due to manpower shortages from quarantine orders imposed on foreign dormitories.

For landlords, under the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) Act, temporary relief from inability to perform contractual obligations without any liability has also been provided.

CICT, through CMT and CCT, have provided rental waivers and relevant support to affected tenants, in addition to passing on of the property tax rebate and rent reliefs from the government's support and cash grants. Some of CICT's tenants are also on rent deferment schemes to facilitate their cashflow management during this pandemic.

In addition, please see "*Risk Factors – Risks Associated with Singapore and the Region – The outbreak of an infectious disease or any other serious public health concerns in Asia and elsewhere could adversely impact CICT's business, results of operations and financial condition*" for further details on the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic.

THE CICT TRUSTEE, THE CICT MANAGER AND THE PROPERTY MANAGERS

THE CICT TRUSTEE

The trustee of CICT is HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (“**HSBCITS**”). HSBCITS is a company incorporated in Singapore and licensed as a trust company under the Trust Companies Act, Chapter 336 of Singapore. It is approved to act as a trustee for authorised collective investment schemes under the SFA. As at the Latest Practicable Date, HSBCITS has a paid-up capital of S\$5,150,000. HSBCITS has a place of business in Singapore at 10 Marina Boulevard, #48-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 2, Singapore 018983.

HSBCITS is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of HSBC Holdings plc, a public company incorporated in England and Wales.

Powers, Duties and Obligations of the CICT Trustee

The CICT Trustee’s powers, duties and obligations are set out in the CICT Trust Deed. The powers and duties of the CICT Trustee include:

- (a) acting as trustee of CICT and, in such capacity, safeguarding the rights and interests of the Unitholders;
- (b) holding the assets comprised in CICT on the trusts contained in the CICT Trust Deed for the benefit of the Unitholders; and
- (c) exercising all the powers of a trustee and the powers that are incidental to the ownership of the assets comprised in CICT.

The CICT Trustee has covenanted in the CICT Trust Deed that it will exercise all due diligence and vigilance in carrying out its functions and duties as the trustee of CICT, and in safeguarding the rights and interests of Unitholders.

In the exercise of its powers, the CICT Trustee may (on the recommendation of the CICT Manager), and subject to the provisions of the CICT Trust Deed, acquire or dispose of any real or personal property, or borrow and encumber any asset.

The CICT Trustee may, subject to the provisions of the CICT Trust Deed, appoint and engage:

- (a) a person or entity to exercise any of its powers or perform its obligations; and
- (b) on the recommendation of the CICT Manager, any real estate agents or managers, including a Related Party of the CICT Manager, in relation to the management, development, leasing, purchase or sale of any of the real estate assets and real estate-related assets.

“**Related Party**” means an “interested person” as defined in the Listing Manual and/or, as the case may be, an “interested party” as defined in the Property Funds Appendix.

The CICT Trustee must carry out its functions and duties and comply with all the obligations imposed on it and set out in the CICT Trust Deed, the Listing Manual, the SFA, the CIS Code (including the Property Funds Appendix), the various tax rulings issued by the IRAS including the Tax Rulings and all other relevant laws. It must retain assets comprised in CICT, or cause such assets to be retained in safe custody and cause accounts in respect of CICT to be audited. It can appoint valuers to value the real estate assets and real estate-related assets comprised in CICT. The CICT Trustee is not personally liable to a Unitholder, a Noteholder or the Trustee in connection with the office of the CICT Trustee except in respect of its own fraud, negligence,

breach of trust or breach of the CICT Trust Deed. Any liability incurred and any indemnity to be given by the CICT Trustee shall be limited to the assets comprised in CICT over which the CICT Trustee has recourse, provided that the CICT Trustee has acted without fraud, negligence, wilful default, breach of trust or breach of the CICT Trust Deed. The CICT Trust Deed contains certain indemnities in favour of the CICT Trustee under which it will be indemnified out of the assets comprised in CICT for liability arising in connection with certain acts or omissions. These indemnities are subject to all applicable laws.

Retirement and Replacement of the CICT Trustee

The CICT Trustee may retire or be replaced under the following circumstances:

- (a) The CICT Trustee shall not be entitled to retire voluntarily except upon the appointment of a new trustee (such appointment to be made in accordance with the provisions of the CICT Trust Deed).
- (b) The CICT Trustee may be removed by notice in writing to the CICT Trustee by the CICT Manager in any of the following events:
 - (i) if the CICT Trustee goes into liquidation (except a voluntary liquidation for the purpose of reconstruction or amalgamation upon terms previously approved in writing by the CICT Manager) or if a receiver is appointed over any of its assets or if a judicial manager is appointed in respect of the CICT Trustee;
 - (ii) if the CICT Trustee ceases to carry on business;
 - (iii) if the CICT Trustee fails or neglects after reasonable notice from the CICT Manager to carry out or satisfy any duty imposed on the CICT Trustee by the CICT Trust Deed;
 - (iv) if the Unitholders by a resolution proposed and duly passed as such by a majority consisting of 75.0% or more of the total number of votes cast for and against such resolution at a meeting of Unitholders convened in accordance with the provisions of the CICT Trust Deed (an “**Extraordinary Resolution of the Unitholders**”), and of which at least 21 days’ notice has been given to the CICT Trustee and the CICT Manager, shall so decide; or
 - (v) if the MAS directs that the CICT Trustee be removed.

CICT Trustee’s Fees

Under the CICT Trust Deed, the maximum fee payable to the CICT Trustee is 0.1% per annum of the value of the Deposited Property, subject to a minimum of S\$15,000 per month. The actual fee payable to the CICT Trustee will be determined between the CICT Manager and the CICT Trustee from time to time.

Any increase in the maximum permitted amount or any change in the structure of the CICT Trustee’s fee must be passed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Unitholders.

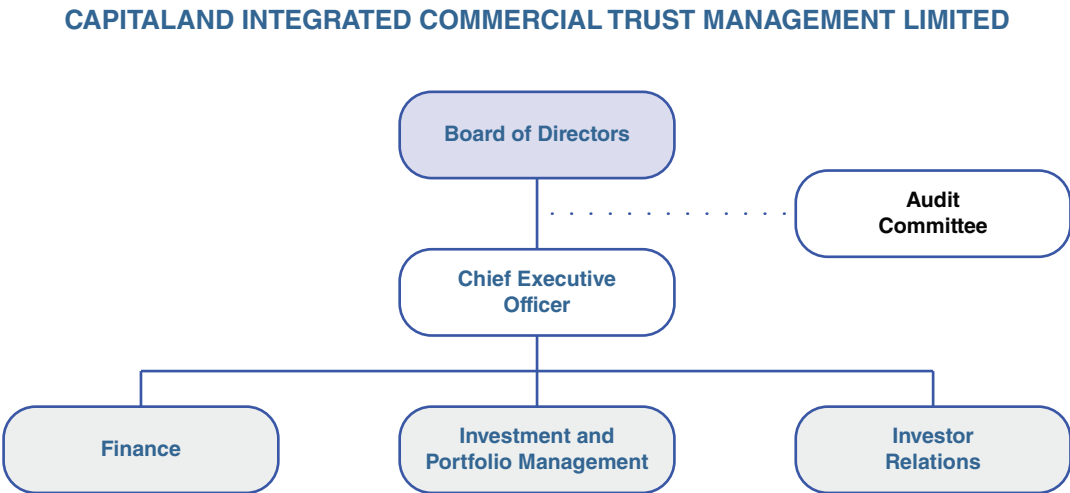
THE CICT MANAGER

CICT is constituted as a trust and is externally managed by the CICT Manager. Following the Merger, the CICT Manager became the manager of the enlarged Group’s portfolio encompassing CCT. The CICT Manager appoints experienced and well-qualified management to run its day-to-day operations. All directors and employees of the CICT Manager are remunerated by the CICT Manager, and not by CICT.

The CICT Manager was appointed as manager of CICT in accordance with the terms of the CICT Trust Deed. The CICT Trust Deed also outlines certain circumstances under which the CICT Manager can be removed by notice in writing given by the CICT Trustee upon the occurrence of certain events, including by a resolution passed by a simple majority of Unitholders present and voting at a meeting of Unitholders duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions of the CICT Trust Deed.

The CICT Manager, CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust Management Limited (formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust Management Limited), is a wholly owned subsidiary of CL, one of Asia’s largest real estate companies headquartered and listed in Singapore.

Organisation Structure



The CICT Manager’s powers, duties and obligations are set out in the CICT Trust Deed. The CICT Manager has general powers of management over the assets of CICT.

The CICT Manager’s primary responsibility is to manage the assets and liabilities of CICT for the benefit of Unitholders. The CICT Manager’s focus is on generating rental income and enhancing asset value over time so as to maximise the returns from the investments, and ultimately the distributions and total returns to Unitholders.

The CICT Manager sets the strategic direction of CICT and makes recommendations to the CICT Trustee on any investment or divestment opportunities for CICT and the enhancement of the assets of CICT in accordance with the stated investment strategy for CICT. The research, evaluation and analysis required for this purpose are co-ordinated and carried out by the CICT Manager.

Other functions and responsibilities of the CICT Manager include:

- using its best endeavours to conduct CICT’s business in a proper and efficient manner;
- preparing annual business plans for review by the directors of the CICT Manager. Such plans typically contain forecasts on revenue, net income and capital expenditure, explanations on major variances to previous years’ financial results, written commentaries on key issues and underlying assumptions on rental rates, operating expenses and any other relevant assumptions;

- ensuring compliance with relevant laws and regulations, including the Listing Manual, the CIS Code, the SFA, written directions, notices, codes and other guidelines that MAS may issue from time to time, the Tax Rulings and the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive;
- attending to all regular communications with Unitholders; and
- supervising the CICT Property Manager and the CCT Property Manager, which perform the day-to-day property management functions (including leasing, marketing, promotion, operations, co-ordination and other property management activities) for the Retail Properties, the Office Properties and the Integrated Developments; with regard to RCS, which is 100.0% held by CICT, the CICT Property Manager holds 40.0% interest in the RCS Property Manager which provides property management services to RCS with the CCT Property Manager holding the other 60.0%. As a result of their interests in the RCS Property Manager, the CICT Property Manager and the CCT Property Manager are able to play a key role in directing the property management function for RCS.

Removal and Retirement of the CICT Manager

The CICT Manager shall have power to retire in favour of a corporation approved by the CICT Trustee upon and subject to such corporation entering into such deed or deeds as the CICT Trustee may be advised to be necessary or desirable to be entered into by such corporation in order to secure the due performance of its duties as the manager of CICT.

Upon such deed or deeds being entered into and upon payment to the CICT Trustee of all sums due by the retiring CICT Manager to the CICT Trustee under the CICT Trust Deed at the date thereof, the retiring CICT Manager shall be absolved and released from all further obligations thereunder but without prejudice to the rights of the CICT Trustee, or of any Unitholder, former Unitholder, Depositor, former Depositor or other person in respect of any act or omission prior to such retirement.

Subject to Section 295 of the SFA, the CICT Manager shall be subject to removal by notice in writing given by the CICT Trustee in any of the following events:

- (i) if the CICT Manager goes into liquidation (except a voluntary liquidation for the purpose of reconstruction or amalgamation upon terms previously approved in writing by the CICT Trustee) or if a receiver is appointed over any of its assets or a judicial manager is appointed in respect of the CICT Manager;
- (ii) if the CICT Manager ceases to carry on business;
- (iii) if the CICT Manager fails or neglects after reasonable notice from the CICT Trustee to carry out or satisfy any obligations imposed on the CICT Manager by the CICT Trust Deed;
- (iv) if the Unitholders or (as the case may be) the Depositors by a resolution passed by a simple majority of the Unitholders or (as the case may be) the Depositors present and voting (with no Unitholders or (as the case may be) Depositors being disenfranchised) at a meeting of Unitholders duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions contained in the schedule to the CICT Trust Deed, decide that the CICT Manager is to be removed;
- (v) for good and sufficient reason that the CICT Trustee is of the opinion, and so states in writing, that a change of manager of CICT is desirable in the interests of the Unitholders provided that if the CICT Manager within one month after such statement expresses its dissatisfaction in writing with such opinion, the matter shall then forthwith be referred to arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration Act, Chapter 10 of Singapore before three

arbitrators, the first of whom shall be appointed by the CICT Manager, the second of whom shall be appointed by the CICT Trustee and the third of whom shall be appointed by the President for the time being of the Singapore Exchange Limited (failing which the appointment of the third arbitrator shall be jointly appointed by the CICT Manager and the CICT Trustee) and any decision made pursuant thereto shall be binding upon the CICT Manager and the CICT Trustee and the Unitholders; and

(vi) if the MAS directs the CICT Trustee to remove the CICT Manager.

The CICT Board

The CICT Board is responsible for the CICT Manager's corporate governance standards and policies. The CICT Board is supported by the CICT Board committees and appropriate delegation of authority, and approval sub-limits are also provided at management level to optimise operational efficiency.

THE PROPERTY MANAGERS

The CICT Property Manager and the CCT Property Manager, both of whom are wholly-owned subsidiaries of CL, perform the day-to-day property management functions for the Retail Properties, Office Properties and Integrated Developments, excluding RCS. The CICT Property Manager holds a 40.0% interest and the CCT Property Manager holds a 60.0% interest in the RCS Property Manager, which performs the day-to-day property management functions for RCS.

The Property Managers' Services

The services provided by the Property Managers for the properties under their management include the following:

- establishing (for the approval of the CICT Trustee, the CCT Trustee or, as the case may be, HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (in its capacity as trustee-manager of RCS Trust) (the "**RCS Trust Trustee-Manager**")), following the recommendation of the CICT Manager or, as the case may be, the RCS management committee, which is the committee comprising representatives from CICT to, *inter alia*, perform the obligations of the manager of RCS Trust (the "**RCS Management Committee**"), operating budgets and annual plans for the operation, management, marketing and maintenance of the property;
- operating and maintaining the property in accordance with budgets and plans (and revisions thereof) approved by the CICT Trustee, the CCT Trustee or, as the case may be, the RCS Trust Trustee-Manager, following the recommendation of the CICT Manager or, as the case may be, the RCS Management Committee;
- planning and co-ordinating marketing and promotional programmes (where applicable);
- recommending leasing strategies and negotiating leases, licences and concessions;
- supervising, directing and controlling all collections and receipts, and making payments and disbursements for the operation, maintenance, management and marketing of the property;
- lease administration;
- with the assistance of insurance brokers or insurance advisers, co-ordinating, reviewing and maintaining at all times certain insurance coverage; and
- maintaining books of accounts and records in respect of the operation of the property.

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following tables set forth selected audited financial information of the CMT Group as at the end of and for FY 2018 and FY 2019. This selected financial information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the CMT Group for FY 2019 and the notes thereto, which are incorporated by reference in this Information Memorandum.

The audited financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the recommendations of *Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Unit Trusts"* issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants.

Statements of Total Return and Distribution Statements

Statements of Total Return

	FY 2019 S\$'000	FY 2018 S\$'000
Gross revenue	786,736	697,521
Property operating expenses	(228,521)	(203,973)
Net property income	558,215	493,548
Interest and other income	7,099	10,681
Management fees	(50,236)	(44,579)
Professional fees	(492)	(267)
Valuation fees	(613)	(792)
Trustee's fees	(1,493)	(1,339)
Audit fees	(359)	(364)
Costs associated with acquisition of subsidiary	–	(8,981)
Finance costs	(118,491)	(98,170)
Other expenses	(1,018)	(1,297)
Net income before share of results of associate and joint ventures	392,612	348,440
Share of results (net of tax) of:		
– Associate ¹³	18,388	13,593
– Joint Ventures	70,835	115,359
Net income	481,835	477,392
Net change in fair value of investment properties	232,913	79,226
Net change in fair value of investment properties under development	–	(138)
Gain on disposal on investment property	–	119,734
Dilution (loss)/gain of interest in associate	(217)	144
Net (loss)/gain on derecognition of investment in associate	(17,601)	–
Total return for the year before tax	696,930	676,358
Income tax refund	–	387
Total return for the year	696,930	676,745

13 For the year ended 31 December 2019, this relates to the CMT Group's share of CapitaLand Retail China Trust's results before it was reclassified to equity instrument at fair value.

	FY 2019	FY 2018
	S\$'000	S\$'000
<u>Distribution Statements</u>		
Net income before share of results of associate and joint ventures	392,612	348,440
Net effect of non-tax chargeable items	(8,277)	(213)
Distribution income from:		
– Associate	13,645	7,632
– Joint ventures	62,658	71,775
Rollover adjustment	–	274
Net loss from subsidiaries	1,263	1,451
Amount available for distribution to Unitholders	461,901	429,359

Statements of Financial Position

	31 Dec 2019 S\$'000	31 Dec 2018 S\$'000
Non-current assets		
Plant & equipment	3,290	2,813
Investment properties	10,415,843	9,411,000
Investment properties under development	—	664,576
Associate and joint ventures	840,851	1,020,504
Equity instrument at fair value	214,742	—
Financial derivatives	25,001	26,619
Other non-current assets	3,343	137
Total non-current assets	11,503,070	11,125,649
Current assets		
Trade and other receivables	26,391	27,518
Cash and cash equivalents	202,198	348,503
Total current assets	228,589	376,021
Total assets	11,731,659	11,501,670
Current liabilities		
Financial derivatives	2,542	34,670
Trade and other payables	166,857	199,271
Current portion of security deposits	62,532	63,408
Interest-bearing borrowings	259,807	528,557
Lease liabilities	2,865	—
Provision for taxation	167	1,794
Total current liabilities	494,770	827,700
Non-current liabilities		
Financial derivatives	31,137	27,733
Interest-bearing borrowings	3,301,070	3,099,260
Lease liabilities	8,457	—
Non-current portion of security deposits	128,986	117,677
Total non-current liabilities	3,469,650	3,244,670
Total liabilities	3,964,420	4,072,370
Net assets	7,767,239	7,429,300
Unitholders' funds	7,767,239	7,429,300

FY 2019 vs FY 2018

Gross revenue for FY 2019 was S\$786.7 million, an increase of S\$89.2 million or 12.8% from FY 2018. The increase was mainly due to the acquisition of the balance 70.0% of the units in IMT (the “**Acquisition**”). Westgate contributed S\$74.9 million and Funan (retail and office components) which reopened in June 2019, accounted for S\$28.5 million to the total gross revenue of the CMT Group. This was partially offset by lower gross revenue from Sembawang Shopping Centre which was divested on 18 June 2018. Excluding Westgate, Funan and Sembawang Shopping Centre, the gross revenue for FY 2019 was higher than FY 2018 mainly due to higher other income as well as higher gross rental income.

Property operating expenses for FY 2019 were S\$228.5 million, an increase of S\$24.5 million or 12.0% from FY 2018. The increase was mainly due to the Acquisition and the reopening of Funan (retail and office components) in June 2019, partially offset by the divestment of Sembawang Shopping Centre on 18 June 2018. Excluding Westgate, Funan and Sembawang Shopping Centre, the property operating expenses were lower than FY 2018, mainly due to the lower land rent as a result of the application of the principles of *FRS 116 Leases* and marketing expenses. This was partially offset by higher property tax and utilities expenses.

Management fees at S\$50.2 million were S\$5.7 million or 12.7% higher than FY 2018.

Finance costs for FY 2019 of S\$118.5 million were S\$20.3 million or 20.7% higher than FY 2018. The increase was mainly due to interest on IMT’s bank borrowings which was consolidated at the CMT Group after the Acquisition and debts drawn down to part finance the Acquisition, as well as higher financing cost incurred for Funan. The increase was partially offset by the lower finance costs on the refinancing of Euro-Medium Term Note of US\$400.0 million as net proceeds from the divestment of Sembawang Shopping Centre were used to part repay these borrowings in June 2018 as well as repayment of Euro-Medium Term Note of ¥10.0 billion in October 2019, using internal sources of funds.

Distribution for FY 2019 was S\$441.6 million, an increase of S\$30.9 million or 7.5% compared to FY 2018.

The increase was mainly attributable to higher NPI mainly due to higher revenue partially offset by higher finance cost. CMT had retained capital distribution and tax-exempt income of S\$13.6 million received from CapitaLand Retail China Trust and capital distribution of S\$6.7 million received from Infinity Office Trust for general corporate and working capital purposes.

SUBSCRIPTION, PURCHASE AND DISTRIBUTION

The Programme Agreement provides for Notes to be offered from time to time through one or more Dealers. The price at which a Series or Tranche will be issued will be determined prior to its issue between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s). The obligations of the Dealer under the Programme Agreement will be subject to certain conditions set out in the Programme Agreement. The Dealer (acting as principal) will subscribe or procure subscribers for Notes from the Issuer pursuant to the Programme Agreement. The Issuer may from time to time agree with the relevant Dealer(s) that the Issuer may pay certain third parties (including, without limitation, rebates to private banks as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement).

The Dealers and their affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advice, investment management, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Each of the Dealers may have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with the Issuer or its subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities or associated companies from time to time. In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the Dealers and their affiliates may make or hold (on their own account, on behalf of clients or in their capacity of investment advisers) a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and may at any time hold long and short positions in such securities and instruments and enter into other transactions, including credit derivatives (such as asset swaps, repackaging and credit default swaps) in relation thereto. Such transactions, investments and securities activities may involve securities and instruments of the Issuer or its subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities or associated companies, including Notes issued under the MTN Programme, may be entered into at the same time or proximate to offers and sales of Notes or at other times in the secondary market and be carried out with counterparties that are also purchasers, holders or sellers of Notes. Notes issued under the MTN Programme may be purchased by or be allocated to any Dealer or an affiliate for asset management and/or proprietary purposes but not with a view to distribution. Such persons do not intend to disclose the extent of any such investment or transactions otherwise than in accordance with any legal or regulatory obligation to do so.

United States of America

In respect of Notes offered or sold in reliance on Category 1 as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act, and may not be offered or sold within the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the MTN Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered or sold, and will not offer or sell, any Notes constituting part of its allotment except in accordance with Rule 903 of Regulation S under the Securities Act.

In respect of Notes offered or sold in reliance on Category 2 as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act, and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the MTN Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer, sell or deliver such Notes (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution, as determined and certified by the relevant Dealer or, in the case of an issue of Notes on a syndicated basis, the relevant lead manager, of all Notes of the Tranche of which such Notes are a part, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Each Dealer has further agreed, and each further

Dealer appointed under the MTN Programme will be required to agree, that it will send to each dealer to which it sells any Notes during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Terms used in this paragraph shall have the same meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph shall have the same meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and regulations thereunder.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any Series of Notes, an offer or sale of such Notes within the United States by any Dealer (whether or not participating in the offering) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act if such offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act.

European Economic Area

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the MTN Programme will be required to represent and agree, that no offers or sales of the Notes will be made in, or to any person domiciled in, or having their registered office located in, any jurisdiction within the European Union or any member of the European Economic Area other than the United Kingdom.

United Kingdom

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the MTN Programme will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (i) in relation to any Notes which have a maturity of less than one year, (a) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business and (b) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Notes would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the “FSMA”) by the Issuer;
- (ii) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Guarantor; and
- (iii) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Japan

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act No. 25 of 1948, as amended; the “**FIEA**”) and each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the MTN Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer or sell any Notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (as defined under Item 5, Paragraph 1, Article 6 of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (Act No. 228 of 1949, as amended)), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEA and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

Hong Kong

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the MTN Programme will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (i) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any Notes (except for Notes which are a “structured product” as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong) other than (a) to “professional investors” as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that Ordinance; or (b) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a “prospectus” as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of that Ordinance; and
- (ii) it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Notes, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Notes which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to “professional investors” as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that Ordinance.

Singapore

Each Dealer has acknowledged, and each further Dealer appointed under the MTN Programme will be required to acknowledge, that this Information Memorandum has not been registered as a prospectus with the MAS and the Notes will be issued in Singapore pursuant to an exemption under Section 274 and/or Section 275 of the SFA. Accordingly, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the MTN Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer or sell, nor will it circulate or distribute this Information Memorandum or any other offering document or material relating to the Notes, directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA) pursuant to Section 274 of the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 275(1), or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275, of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where the Notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

securities or securities-based derivatives contracts (each term as defined in Section 2(1) of the SFA) of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the Notes pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 of the SFA except:

- (i) to an institutional investor or to a relevant person defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA, or to any person arising from an offer referred to in Section 275(1A) or Section 276(4)(i)(B) of the SFA;
- (ii) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer;
- (iii) where the transfer is by operation of law;
- (iv) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA; or
- (v) as specified in Regulation 37A of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Securities and Securities-based Derivatives Contracts) Regulations 2018 of Singapore.

General

No action has been taken in any jurisdiction that would permit a public offering of any of the Notes, or possession or distribution of the Information Memorandum or any other document or any Pricing Supplement, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required.

Each Dealer has agreed that it will comply with all laws, regulations and directives in each jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof or has in its possession or distributes, any other document or any Pricing Supplement.

No Dealer will directly or indirectly offer, sell or deliver Notes or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof or distribute or publish any prospectus, circular, advertisement or other offering material (including, without limitation, the Information Memorandum) in any country or jurisdiction except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations, and all offers, sales and deliveries of Notes or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof by it will be made on the foregoing terms. In connection with the offer, sale or delivery by any Dealer of any Notes or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof, the Issuer shall not have responsibility for, and each Dealer will obtain, any consent, approval or permission required in, and each Dealer will comply with the laws and regulations in force in, any jurisdiction to which it is subject or from which it may make any such offer or sale.

If a jurisdiction requires that the offering be made by a licensed broker or dealer and any of the underwriters or any affiliate of the underwriters is a licensed broker or dealer in that jurisdiction, the offering shall be deemed to be made by such underwriter or such affiliate on behalf of the Issuer in such jurisdiction.

Any person who may be in doubt as to the restrictions set out in the SFA or the laws, regulations and directives in each jurisdiction in which it subscribes for, purchases, offers, sells or delivers the Notes or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof and the consequences arising from a contravention thereof should consult his own professional advisers and should make his own inquiries as to the laws, regulations and directives in force or applicable in any particular jurisdiction at any relevant time.

CLEARING AND SETTLEMENT

Clearance and Settlement under the Depository System

In respect of Notes which are accepted for clearance by CDP in Singapore, clearance will be effected through an electronic book-entry clearance and settlement system for the trading of debt securities ("**Depository System**") maintained by CDP. Notes that are to be listed on the SGX-ST may be cleared through CDP.

CDP, a wholly owned subsidiary of Singapore Exchange Limited, is incorporated under the laws of Singapore and acts as a depository and clearing organisation. CDP holds securities for its accountholders and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between accountholders through electronic book-entry changes in the securities accounts maintained by such accountholders with CDP.

In respect of Notes which are accepted for clearance by CDP, the entire issue of the Notes is to be held by CDP in the form of a Global Note for persons holding the Notes in securities accounts with CDP ("**Depositors**"). Delivery and transfer of Notes between Depositors is by electronic book-entries in the records of CDP only, as reflected in the securities accounts of Depositors. Although CDP encourages settlement on the third business day following the trade date of debt securities, market participants may mutually agree on a different settlement period if necessary.

Settlement of over-the-counter trades in the Notes through the Depository System may only be effected through certain corporate depositors ("**Depository Agents**") approved by CDP under the Companies Act to maintain securities sub-accounts and to hold the Notes in such securities sub-accounts for themselves and their clients. Accordingly, Notes for which trade settlement is to be effected through the Depository System must be held in securities sub-accounts with Depository Agents. Depositors holding the Notes in direct securities accounts with CDP, and who wish to trade Notes through the Depository System, must transfer the Notes to be traded from such direct securities accounts to a securities sub-account with a Depository Agent for trade settlement.

CDP is not involved in money settlement between Depository Agents (or any other persons) as CDP is not a counterparty in the settlement of trades of debt securities. However, CDP will make payment of interest and repayment of principal on behalf of issuers of debt securities.

Although CDP has established procedures to facilitate transfer of interests in the Notes in global form among Depositors, it is under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures, and such procedures may be discontinued at any time. None of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Issuing and Paying Agent or any other agent will have the responsibility for the performance by CDP of its obligations under the rules and procedures governing its operations.

Clearance and Settlement under Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg

Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg each holds securities for participating organisations and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between their respective participants through electronic book-entry changes in the accounts of such participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movements of certificates and any risks from lack of simultaneous transfer. Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg provide to their respective participants, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally-traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg each also deals with domestic securities markets in several countries through established depository and custodial relationships. The respective systems of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg have established an electronic bridge between their two systems which enables their respective participants to settle trades with one another. Euroclear and

Clearstream, Luxembourg participants are financial institutions throughout the world, including underwriters, securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organisations. Indirect access to Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg is also available to other financial institutions, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies which clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg participant, either directly or indirectly.

A participant's overall contractual relations with either Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg are governed by the respective rules and operating procedures of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg and any applicable laws. Both Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg act under those rules and operating procedures only on behalf of their respective participants, and have no record of, or relationship with, persons holding any interests through their respective participants. Distributions of principal with respect to book-entry interests in the Notes held through Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg will be credited, to the extent received by the relevant issuing and paying agent, to the cash accounts of the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg participants in accordance with the relevant system's rules and procedures.

TAXATION

SINGAPORE TAXATION

The statements made below are general in nature and are based on certain aspects of current tax laws in Singapore and administrative guidelines and circulars issued by the IRAS and the MAS in force as at the date of this Information Memorandum and are subject to any changes in such laws, administrative guidelines or circulars, or in the interpretation of those laws, guidelines or circulars, occurring after such date, which changes could be made on a retroactive basis. These laws, guidelines and circulars are also subject to various interpretations and no assurance can be given that the relevant tax authorities or the courts will agree with the explanations or conclusions set out below. Neither these statements nor any other statements in this Information Memorandum are intended or are to be regarded as advice on the tax position of any holder of the Notes or of any person acquiring, selling or otherwise dealing with the Notes or on any tax implications arising from the acquisition, sale or other dealings in respect of the Notes. The statements made herein do not purport to be a comprehensive or exhaustive description of all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to a decision to subscribe for, purchase, own or dispose of the Notes and do not purport to deal with the tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which (such as dealers in securities or financial institutions in Singapore which have been granted the relevant Financial Sector Incentive(s)) may be subject to special rules or tax rates. The statements below should not be regarded as advice on the tax position of any person and should be treated with appropriate caution. Prospective holders of the Notes are advised to consult their own professional tax advisers as to the Singapore or other tax consequences of the subscription for, ownership of or disposal of the Notes, including, in particular, the effect of any foreign, state or local tax laws to which they are subject. It is emphasised that none of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Arranger, the Dealers or any other persons involved in the MTN Programme accepts responsibility for any tax effects or liabilities resulting from the subscription for, purchase, holding or disposal of the Notes.

1. INTEREST AND OTHER PAYMENTS

Subject to the following paragraphs, under Section 12(6) of the ITA, the following payments are deemed to be derived from Singapore:

- (a) any interest, commission, fee or any other payment in connection with any loan or indebtedness or with any arrangement, management, guarantee, or service relating to any loan or indebtedness which is (i) borne, directly or indirectly, by a person resident in Singapore or a permanent establishment in Singapore (except in respect of any business carried on outside Singapore through a permanent establishment outside Singapore or any immovable property situated outside Singapore) or (ii) deductible against any income accruing in or derived from Singapore; or
- (b) any income derived from loans where the funds provided by such loans are brought into or used in Singapore.

Such payments, where made to a person not known to the paying party to be a resident in Singapore for tax purposes, are generally subject to withholding tax in Singapore. The rate at which tax is to be withheld for such payments (other than those subject to the 15.0% final withholding tax described below) to non-resident persons (other than non-resident individuals) is the prevailing corporate tax rate, currently 17.0%. The applicable rate for non-resident individuals is currently 22.0%. However, if the payment is derived by a person not resident in Singapore otherwise than from any trade, business, profession or vocation carried on or exercised by such person in Singapore and is not effectively connected with any permanent establishment in Singapore of that person, the payment is subject to a final withholding tax of 15.0%. The rate of 15.0% may be reduced by applicable tax treaties.

Certain Singapore-sourced investment income derived by individuals from financial instruments is exempt from tax, including:

- (a) interest from debt securities derived on or after 1 January 2004;
- (b) discount income (not including discount income arising from secondary trading) from debt securities derived on or after 17 February 2006; and
- (c) prepayment fee, redemption premium and break cost from debt securities derived on or after 15 February 2007,

except where such income is derived through a partnership in Singapore or is derived from the carrying on of a trade, business or profession.

The terms “prepayment fee”, “redemption premium” and “break cost” are defined in the ITA as follows:

“prepayment fee”, in relation to debt securities, qualifying debt securities or qualifying project debt securities, means any fee payable by the issuer of the securities on the early redemption of the securities, the amount of which is determined by the terms of the issuance of the securities;

“redemption premium”, in relation to debt securities, qualifying debt securities or qualifying project debt securities, means any premium payable by the issuer of the securities on the redemption of the securities upon their maturity; and

“break cost”, in relation to debt securities, qualifying debt securities or qualifying project debt securities, means any fee payable by the issuer of the securities on the early redemption of the securities, the amount of which is determined by any loss or liability incurred by the holder of the securities in connection with such redemption.

Any references to “prepayment fee”, “redemption premium” and “break cost” in this Singapore tax disclosure shall have the same meaning as defined in the ITA.

In addition, as the MTN Programme as a whole was arranged by Standard Chartered Bank, which was a Financial Sector Incentive (Bond Market) Company (as defined in the ITA) at the time of establishment of the MTN Programme, any tranche of the Notes issued during the period from the date of this Information Memorandum to 31 December 2023 (**“Relevant Notes”**) would be, pursuant to the ITA and the Income Tax (Qualifying Debt Securities) Regulations, “qualifying debt securities” for the purposes of the ITA, to which the following treatments shall apply:

- (i) subject to certain prescribed conditions having been fulfilled (including the furnishing to the MAS by the Issuer, or such other person as the MAS may direct, of a return on debt securities for the Relevant Notes within such period as the MAS may specify and such other particulars in connection with the Relevant Notes as the MAS may require and the inclusion by the Issuer in all offering documents relating to the Relevant Notes of a statement to the effect that where interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost is derived from the Relevant Notes by any person who is not resident in Singapore and who carries on any operation in Singapore through a permanent establishment in Singapore, the tax exemption for “qualifying debt securities” shall not apply if the non-resident person acquires such Relevant Notes using funds from that person’s operations through such Singapore permanent establishment), interest, discount income (not including discount income arising from secondary trading), prepayment fee, redemption premium and break cost (collectively, the **“Qualifying Income”**) from the Relevant Notes derived by a holder who is not

resident in Singapore and who (aa) does not have any permanent establishment in Singapore or (bb) carries on any operation in Singapore through a permanent establishment in Singapore but the funds used by that person to acquire such Relevant Notes are not obtained from such person's operation through a permanent establishment in Singapore, are exempt from Singapore income tax;

- (ii) subject to certain conditions having been fulfilled (including the furnishing to the MAS by the Issuer, or such other person as the MAS may direct, of a return on debt securities for the Relevant Notes within such period as the MAS may specify and such other particulars in connection with the Relevant Notes as the MAS may require), Qualifying Income from the Relevant Notes derived by any company or body of persons (as defined in the ITA) in Singapore, other than any non-resident who qualifies for the tax exemption as described in paragraph (i) above, is subject to income tax at a concessionary rate of 10.0% (except for holders who have been granted the relevant Financial Sector Incentive (standard-tier) status (within the meaning of Section 43N of the ITA) who may be taxed at different rates); and

- (iii) subject to:

- (aa) the Issuer including in all offering documents relating to the Relevant Notes a statement to the effect that any person whose interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost (i.e. the Qualifying Income) derived from the Relevant Notes is not exempt from tax shall include such income in a return of income made under the ITA; and

- (bb) the Issuer, or such other person as the MAS may direct, furnishing to the MAS a return on debt securities for the Relevant Notes in the prescribed format within such period as the MAS may specify and such other particulars in connection with the Relevant Notes as the MAS may require,

Qualifying Income derived from the Relevant Notes is not subject to withholding of tax by the Issuer.

However, notwithstanding the foregoing:

- (A) if during the primary launch of any tranche of the Relevant Notes, such tranche of the Relevant Notes is issued to fewer than four persons and 50.0% or more of the issue of such tranche of the Relevant Notes is beneficially held or funded, directly or indirectly, by related parties of the Issuer or the CICT Manager, such tranche of the Relevant Notes would not qualify as “qualifying debt securities”; and

- (B) even though a particular tranche of the Relevant Notes are “qualifying debt securities”, if, at any time during the tenure of such tranche of the Relevant Notes, 50.0% or more of the issue of such tranche of the Relevant Notes which is outstanding at any time during the life of its issue is beneficially held or funded, directly or indirectly, by related parties of the Issuer or the CICT Manager, Qualifying Income derived from such tranche of the Relevant Notes derived by:

- (i) any related party of the Issuer or the CICT Manager; or

- (ii) any other person where the funds used by such person to acquire such Relevant Notes are obtained, directly or indirectly, from any related party of the Issuer or the CICT Manager,

shall not be eligible for the tax exemption or concessionary rate of tax of 10.0% as described above.

The term “**related party**”, in relation to a person, means any other person who, directly or indirectly, controls that person, or is controlled, directly or indirectly, by that person, or where he and that other person, directly or indirectly, are under the control of a common person.

Where interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost (i.e. the Qualifying Income) is derived from the Relevant Notes by any person who is not tax resident in Singapore and who carries on any operation in Singapore through a permanent establishment in Singapore, the tax exemption available for “qualifying debt securities” under the ITA (as described above) shall not apply if such person acquires such Relevant Notes with funds from the Singapore operations.

Notwithstanding that the Issuer is permitted to make payments of Qualifying Income in respect of the Relevant Notes without deduction or withholding of tax under Section 45 or Section 45A of the ITA, any person whose Qualifying Income (whether it is interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost) derived from such Relevant Notes is not exempt from tax is required to include such income in a return of income made under the ITA.

2. Gains on disposal of the Notes

Singapore does not impose tax on capital gains. Any gains considered to be in the nature of capital arising from the sale of the Notes will not be taxable in Singapore. However, any gains derived by any person from the sale of the Notes which are gains derived from any trade, business, profession or vocation carried on by that person, if accruing in or derived from Singapore, may be taxable as such gains are considered revenue in nature.

There are no specific laws or regulations which deal with the characterisation of gains. The characterisation of gains arising from the sale of the Notes will depend on the facts and circumstances of each holder.

Holders of the Notes who have adopted or are required to adopt Financial Reporting Standard 109 – Financial Instruments (“**FRS 109**”) or Singapore Financial Reporting Standard (International) 9 (Financial Instruments) (“**SFRS(I) 9**”) (as the case may be) may, for Singapore income tax purposes, be required to recognise gains or losses (not being gains or losses in the nature of capital) on the Notes, irrespective of disposal, in accordance with FRS 109 or SFRS(I) 9 (as the case may be). Please see the section below on “Adoption of FRS 109 or SFRS(I) 9 Treatment for Singapore Income Tax Purposes”.

3. Adoption of FRS 109 or SFRS(I) 9 Treatment for Singapore Income Tax Purposes

FRS 109 or SFRS(I) 9 (as the case may be) is mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. Section 34AA of the ITA requires taxpayers who comply or who are required to comply with FRS 109 or SFRS(I) 9 (as the case may be) for financial reporting purposes to calculate their profit, loss or expense for Singapore income tax purposes in respect of financial instruments in accordance with FRS 109 or SFRS(I) 9 (as the case may be), subject to certain exceptions. The IRAS has also issued an e-Tax guide: “Income Tax: Income Tax Treatment Arising from Adoption of FRS 109 – Financial Instruments” (Second Edition) on 6 November 2019 (the “**FRS 109 e-Tax Guide**”).

Holders of the Notes who may be subject to the tax treatment under the FRS 109 e-Tax Guide and Section 34AA of the ITA should consult their own accounting and tax advisers regarding the Singapore income tax consequences of their acquisition, holding or disposal of the Notes.

4. Estate Duty

Singapore estate duty has been abolished for deaths occurring on or after 15 February 2008.

FOREIGN ACCOUNT TAX COMPLIANCE ACT

Pursuant to certain provisions of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, commonly known as FATCA, a **“foreign financial institution”** (as defined by FATCA) may be required to withhold on certain payments it makes (**“foreign passthru payments”**) to persons that fail to meet certain certification, reporting or related requirements. The Issuer may be a foreign financial institution for these purposes. A number of jurisdictions (including Singapore) have entered into, or have agreed in substance to, intergovernmental agreements with the United States to implement FATCA (**“IGAs”**), which modify the way in which FATCA applies in their jurisdictions. Under the provisions of IGAs as currently in effect, a foreign financial institution in an IGA jurisdiction would generally not be required to withhold under FATCA or an IGA from payments that it makes. Certain aspects of the application of the FATCA provisions and IGAs to instruments such as Notes, including whether withholding would ever be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as Notes, are uncertain and may be subject to change. Even if withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as Notes, such withholding would not apply prior to the date that is two years after the date on which final regulations defining foreign passthru payments are published in the U.S. Federal Register and Notes characterised as debt (or which are not otherwise characterised as equity and have a fixed term) for U.S. federal tax purposes that are issued on or prior to the date that is six months after the date on which final regulations defining foreign passthru payments are filed with the U.S. Federal Register generally would be grandfathered for purposes of FATCA withholding unless materially modified after such date. However, if additional Notes (as described under *“Terms and Conditions of the Notes – 13. Further Issues”*) that are not distinguishable from previously issued Notes are issued after the expiration of the grandfathering period and are subject to withholding under FATCA, then withholding agents may treat all Notes, including the Notes offered prior to the expiration of the grandfathering period, as subject to withholding under FATCA. Holders should consult their own tax advisers regarding how these rules may apply to their investment in Notes.

THE PROPOSED FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS TAX (“FTT”)

On 14 February 2013, the European Commission published a proposal (the **“Commission’s Proposal”**) for a Directive for a common FTT in Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia and Slovakia (the **“participating Member States”**). However, Estonia has since stated that it will not participate.

The Commission’s Proposal has very broad scope and could, if introduced, apply to certain dealings in the Notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances. The issuance and subscription of Notes should, however, be exempt.

Under the Commission’s Proposal the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in the Notes where at least one party is a financial institution, and at least one party is established in a participating Member State. A financial institution may be, or be deemed to be, “established” in a participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including (a) by transacting with a person established in a participating Member State or (b) where the financial instrument which is subject to the dealings is issued in a participating Member State.

However, the FTT proposal remains subject to negotiation between the participating Member States. It may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional EU Member States may decide to participate.

Prospective holders of the Notes are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the FTT.

ANNEX I GENERAL INFORMATION

SHARE CAPITAL

1. As at the date of this Information Memorandum, there is only one class of ordinary shares in the Issuer. The rights and privileges attached to the ordinary shares are stated in the Articles of Association of the Issuer.
2. No shares (ordinary or otherwise) in the Issuer have been issued or are proposed to be issued, as fully or partly paid up, for cash or for a consideration other than cash, within the two years preceding the date of this Information Memorandum.
3. The issued share capital of the Issuer as at the date of this Information Memorandum is as follows:

Share Designation	Issued Share(s)	Issued Share Capital (S\$)
Ordinary Shares	1	1

4. The Units in issue as at the Latest Practicable Date is as follows:

Units In Issue (in thousands of units)

Units at the beginning of FY 2020 ¹⁴	3,688,804
Units created as payment of asset management fees	1,350
Units issued as consideration pursuant to the Merger	2,780,550
Units at the Latest Practicable Date	6,470,704

Borrowings

5. As at 31 December 2019, the borrowings of the CMT Group are as disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements in respect of the CMT Group for the year ended 31 December 2019, which are incorporated by reference in this Information Memorandum.

Working Capital

6. The Directors of the Issuer are of the opinion that, after taking into account the net proceeds of the issue of the Notes, the Issuer will have adequate working capital for its present requirements.

Changes in Accounting Policies

7. There are no significant changes in the accounting policies of the Group (excluding CCT) since its audited consolidated financial accounts for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Litigation

8. There are no legal or arbitration proceedings pending or, so far as the Directors of the Issuer are aware, threatened against the Issuer, the Guarantor, CICT or any of their respective subsidiaries the outcome of which, in the opinion of the Directors of the Issuer, may have or have had during the 12 months prior to the date of this Information Memorandum a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Issuer or CICT.

¹⁴ This refers to CMT Units in issue only.

Material Adverse Change

9. There has been no material adverse change in the financial condition or business of the Issuer, CICT or the Group since 31 December 2019.

Consents

10. The Auditors have given and have not withdrawn their written consent to the issue of this Information Memorandum with the references herein to their name and, where applicable, reports in the form and context in which they are incorporated by reference in this Information Memorandum.

Documents Available for Inspection

11. Copies of the following documents may be inspected at 168 Robinson Road #30-01, Capital Tower, Singapore 068912 during normal business hours for a period of three months from the date of this Information Memorandum¹⁵:
- (a) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer;
 - (b) the Trust Deed;
 - (c) the letter of consent referred to in paragraph 10 above; and
 - (d) the financial statements of the CMT Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

Functions, Rights and Obligations of the Trustee

12. The functions, rights and obligations of the Trustee are set out in the Trust Deed.

¹⁵ Prior appointment with the CICT Manager (telephone number: +65 6713 2888) will be appreciated.

Issuer

CMT MTN Pte. Ltd.
168 Robinson Road,
#30-01 Capital Tower,
Singapore 068912

Guarantor HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited
(in its capacity as trustee of CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust
(formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust))
10 Marina Boulevard
#48-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 2
Singapore 018983

Manager of CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust
(formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust)
CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust Management Limited
(formerly known as CapitaLand Mall Trust Management Limited)
168 Robinson Road #30-01
Capital Tower
Singapore 068912

Arranger

Standard Chartered Bank
8 Marina Boulevard,
Level 20 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1
Singapore 018981

Issuing and Paying Agent and Agent Bank

DBS Bank Ltd.
10 Toh Guan Road
#04-11 (Level 4B)
DBS Asia Gateway Singapore 608838

Trustee

British and Malayan Trustees Limited
1 Coleman Street #08-01
The Adelphi
Singapore 179803

Legal Advisers

To the Arranger and Dealer as to Singapore law

Allen & Overy LLP
50 Collyer Quay
#09-01 OUE Bayfront
Singapore 049321

To the Guarantor as to Singapore law

Shook Lin & Bok LLP
1 Robinson Road
#18-00 AIA Tower
Singapore 048542

Auditors

KPMG LLP
16 Raffles Quay
#22-00 Hong Leong Building
Singapore 048581